WALT WHITMAN: A CURRENT BIBLIOGRAPHY

Adams, Byron. "'No Armpits, Please, We're British': Whitman and English Music, 1884-1936." In Lawrence Kramer, ed., Walt Whitman and Modern Music (New York: Garland, 2000), 25-42. [Examines how late nineteenth- and early twentieth-century British composers "repeatedly turned to Whitman for texts and inspiration" but did so with "ambivalence . . . conditioned in part by the American poet's literary reception in Britain"; focuses on Ralph Vaughn Williams.]


Bart, Barbara M., ed. Starting from Paumanok . . . 9 (Fall 2000). [Newsletter of the Walt Whitman Birthplace Association, with notices of association activities.]

Belasco, Susan. "Surfing the American Renaissance: Internet Resources for Literary Scholars." ESQ 45 (1st quarter 1999), 67-95. [Reviews online resources for American Renaissance authors, including (79-80) the Walt Whitman Hypertext Archive (http://jefferson.village.virginia.edu/whitman/), edited by Kenneth M. Price and Ed Folsom.]

Bertolini, Vincent Joseph. "Constitutional Bodies: Practicing National Subjectivity in Antebellum Writing." Ph.D. Dissertation, University of Chicago, 2000. [Studies "the rhetoric of national subjectivity" in works by Whitman, Melville, and Thoreau, arguing that these texts—by adapting and undermining the works of "antebellum medico-moral reform writers"—attempt "to reconstruct the embodied citizenry and the social worlds of the nation along more democratic lines"; DAI 60 (February 2000), 2919A.]


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Edge, Donald. “Whitman in Camden City Directories, 1877-1892.” *Walt Whitman Quarterly Review* 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 91-92. [Points out that Whitman appears in Camden directories, along with others living in his house.]


Foley, Sylvia, Dalia Sofer, and Joy Jacobson. “‘I am faithful, I do not give out’: Walt Whitman, Civil War Poet—and Nurse.” *American Journal of Nursing* 100 (October 2000), 48-49. [Overview of Whitman’s service in Civil War hospitals; accompanied by photos and a reprinting of “The Dresser.”]


Folsom, Ed. “‘till the simple religious idea’: An Unpublished Whitman Manuscript Fragment.” *Walt Whitman Quarterly Review* 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 63-64. [Prints a Whitman prose manuscript about the need for “immodesty.”]


Folsom, Ed. “Whitman’s Notes on Emerson: An Unpublished Manuscript.” *Walt Whitman Quarterly Review* 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 60-62. [Prints a Whitman manuscript fragment about Emerson, in which Whitman calls Emerson “too cautious”; facsimile appears on the back cover of this issue of *WWQR*.]

Folsom, Ed, and Kendall Reed. “An Unpublished *Specimen Days* Manuscript Fragment.” *Walt Whitman Quarterly Review* 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 71-72. [Prints an early draft of Whitman’s “My Late Visit to Boston” (1881), a later version of which was published in *Specimen Days* as “A Week’s Visit in Boston.”]

Genoways, Ted. “The Correspondence of Walt Whitman: A Third Supplement with Addenda to the Calendar of Letters Written to Whitman.” *Walt Whitman Quarterly Review* 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 3-59. [Gathers and annotates all the Whitman letters discovered since the publication of Edwin Haviland Miller’s “Second Supplement” in *WWQR* (Winter/Spring 1991), and includes an update on recently discovered letters to Whitman.]

Grether, Morgan Stone. “Representative Christs: Depictions of Jesus in the American Renaissance.” Ph.D. Dissertation, Claremont Graduate University, 1999. [Looking at “the uses of Jesus . . . in literary and social thought,” one chapter investigates how Whitman “uses Jesus to illustrate the divinity of all individuals and to call for greater acceptance of the physical body rather than just the soul”; DAI 60 (June 2000), 4426A.]

Grünzweig, Werner, and Walter Grünzweig. “Eros, Expressionism, and Exile: Whitman in German Music.” In Lawrence Kramer, ed., Walt Whitman and Modern Music (New York: Garland, 2000), 43-63. [Overview of how “German composers were mostly fascinated by Whitman as a political poet,” with a “chronological survey of the various Whitman compositions by German composers” and analyses of selected compositions; revised and expanded from Walter Grünzweig’s Walt Whitmann: Die deutschsprachige Rezeption als interkulturelles Phänomen (1991), 224-237.]

Harris, William Conley. “E Pluribus Unum: The Construction of the Self and Society in Nineteenth-Century America under Conditions of Secularization.” Ph.D. Dissertation, Johns Hopkins University, 2000. [Investigates “the objective, general philosophical problem of the one and the many . . . as it comes to be understood in late eighteenth- and early nineteenth-century America as a particular and central problem of both identity formation and state formation,” arguing that American authors such as Poe, Melville, Whitman, and William James “come to view the resolution of the one-and-the-many problem as no longer the sole province of legislative or judicial documents but capable of being solved by literary texts as well”; DAI 61 (September 2000), 986A.]


Higgins, Andrew Charles. “Art and Argument: The Rise of Walt Whitman’s Rhetorical Poetics, 1838-1855.” Ph.D. Dissertation, University of Massachusetts, 1999. [“Uses the rhetorical theory of Kenneth Burke to illuminate the development of Walt Whitman’s rhetorical poetics, in which Whitman sought to transform the reader’s identity from one based on static and divisive notions of race, class, region, and gender to a malleable identity based on the actions of the human body”; DAI 60 (May 2000), 4010A.]


Kay, Kristin Alexandra Mary. “Walt Whitman, Hart Crane, and Derek Walcott: American Poetry and American Empire.” Ph.D. Dissertation, University of Virginia, 1999. [Examines how “issues in U.S.-Caribbean relations” affect American poetry; Chapter One reads Whitman’s work in the context of “nine-
teenth-century U.S. movements to annex Cuba" and analyzes the con­
tradiction between Whitman’s “apparent egalitarianism” and his celebration of
American expansion; DAI 60 (April 2000), 3699A.]

Kirby, David. Review of Roy Morris, Jr., The Better Angel: Walt Whitman in the
Civil War. Library Journal 125 (May 15, 2000), 95.

Kowalke, Kim H. “‘I’m an American!’: Whitman, Weill, and Cultural Iden­
tity.” In Lawrence Kramer, ed., Walt Whitman and Modern Music (New York:
Garland, 2000), 109-131. [Traces Kurt Weill’s encounters with Whitman’s
work and analyzes the origins and structure of Weill’s Walt Whitman Songs
(1942).]

In Lawrence Kramer, ed., Walt Whitman and Modern Music (New York:
Garland, 2000), 151-165. [Analyzes musical settings of Drum-Taps poems
by composers Ralph Vaughan Williams, Ned Rorem, John Adams, and
Lawrence Kramer.]

Kramer, Lawrence, ed. Walt Whitman and Modern Music: War, Desire, and the
Trials of Nationhood. New York: Garland, 2000. [Collection of new and re-
printed essays about Whitman and music, each listed separately in this bib-
liography; with introduction by Kramer (xvii-xxi); part of “Border Cross­
ings” series.]

Krieg, Joann P. Whitman and the Irish. Iowa City: University of Iowa Press,
2000. [Traces Whitman’s relationship with Irish friends and writers, and his
attitudes toward the Irish throughout his life.]

Larson, Lesli Anne. “‘Scraps, orts and fragments’: Polyscopia in Cinematic
[Chapter One “examines the use of post-camera obscura techniques of rep­
resentation in . . . ‘The Sleepers,’ showing how Whitman draws on scopic
modes other than photography to render his mobilized portrait of America
in the nineteenth century”; DAI 61 (August 2000), 620A.]

Lundy, Lisa A. Kirkpatrick. “Reverberating Reflections of Whitman: A Dark
[Argues that Whitman “is not the celebratory writer most scholars would
like to think he is, but rather that he is a deeper, more contemplative thinker
about the darker elements of life, nature, and death”; DAI 60 (March 2000),
3362A.]

Major, William. “‘Some Vital Unseen Presence’: The Practice of Nature in
Walt Whitman’s Specimen Days.” ISLE [Interdisciplinary Studies in Litera­
ing theories and practices of nature” in Specimen Days and Democratic Vistas
“within the context of the health reform movement,” suggesting that Whitman
“does come to some understanding that the natural world possesses a sub­
jectivity apart from human-centered and instrumental philosophies of the
natural to which we are all heir.”]

American Literary Realism, 33 (Fall 2000), 81-83.
Mariani, Andrea. _L’arcobaleno infranto: la funzione del colore in Whitman, Dickinson, Frost, Merwin._ Naples: Edizioni Scientifiche Italiane, 1997. [Chapter One, “Walt Whitman” (25-86), explores the functions of color in his poetry; in Italian.]


Mayer, Nancy L. “Where Do We Find Ourselves?: Late Romantic Writers and Subjectivity.” Ph.D. Dissertation, University of Wisconsin—Milwaukee, 1999. [Examines subjectivity (“the experience of watching oneself experience the world from the vantage point of a particular mortal life”) as the “fundamental question” of Romantic literature; one chapter demonstrates how “Whitman and Barrett Browning each try to reconcile the subjective spiritualism of the Romantic sublime to the claims of humanism”; _DAI_ 60 (January 2000), 2480A.]


Northcutt, William Marion. “Here and There in the Arena: Empire and the American Epic.” Ph.D. Dissertation, Miami University, 1999. [Examines Whitman, H.D., Ezra Pound, and William Carlos Williams in relation to “the political history of the epic,” and argues that “Whitman had rejected the epic but borrowed from it in order to support expansionism”; _DAI_ 60 (February 2000), 2927A.]

the book,” and investigates how Whitman’s “textual program responds . . . to the idiosyncrasies of nineteenth-century book culture—characterized in part by a burgeoning archive of material texts, the establishment of indexing societies, the professionalization of cataloging methods, and the redescription of the architectural space of the library”; argues for Whitman’s “indexical textuality,” suggesting how “the hieroglyphs and catalogues of Whitman find their authority in the master trope of the pointing finger.”


Price, Kenneth M., and Charles B. Green. “Two Uncollected Early Reviews of the 1855 and 1856 Editions of Leaves of Grass.” Walt Whitman Quarterly Review 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 76-80. [Identifies and comments on two previously unrecorded reviews of Leaves of Grass, one by George Eliot in 1856 and an anonymous one in Harvard Magazine in 1857.]


Richardson, Todd. “The ‘Strong Man’ at Dartmouth College: Two Uncollected Parodies of Whitman’s ‘As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free.’” Walt Whitman Quarterly Review 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 81-84. [Prints and comments on two parodies of the poem Whitman delivered at Dartmouth College in 1872; both were printed in the New York World within a few days of Whitman’s appearance at Dartmouth.]


Schmidgall, Gary. “1855: A Stop-Press Revision.” Walt Whitman Quarterly Review 18 (Summer/Fall 2000), 74-76. [Discovers two variants of line 1118 of the 1855 poem eventually entitled “Song of Myself,” indicating that Whitman interrupted the printing of the first edition of Leaves of Grass to make a significant revision.]


Sigurjonsdottir, Sigurbjorg. “Voices of Many Together in Two: Whitman’s America and Ngugi’s Kenya.” In Peter Nazareth, ed., *Critical Essays on Ngugi wa Thiong’o* (New York: Twayne, 2000), 93-122. [Focuses on Kenyan writer Ngugi wa Thiong’o’s novels *Weep Not, Child* and *Petals of Blood*, which both take their epigraphs from poems by Whitman (“On the Beach at Night” and “Europe”), and explores “Whitman’s relevance to the struggle against the oppressive political situation that Ngugi effectively portrays.”]


Vincent, John. “Rhetorical Suspense, Sexuality, and Death in Whitman’s ‘Calamus’ Poems.” *Arizona Quarterly* 56 (Spring 2000), 29-48. [Examines “issues of concealment and revelation of homosexual thematics” in the “Calamus” poems, looking at Whitman’s “rhetorical bait-and-switch” tactics, his “thematic oscillation between absolute availability and absolute unavailability, materiality and ghostliness, and between the proffering and withholding of ‘the truth’ about the poet’s sexual identity.”]

York, Jake Adam. “The Architecture of Address: The Monument and Public Speech in American Poetry (Walt Whitman, Hart Crane, Robert Lowell).” Ph.D. Dissertation, Cornell University, 2000. [Investigates “one mode of public poetry in America . . . that builds on and approximates the principles of monumental architecture,” and reads “Crossing Brooklyn Ferry” as “combining the basic features of nineteenth-century commemorative oratory, often used to dedicate monuments, and contemporaneous architectural organicism,” allowing Whitman to make the ferry “the site of temporal and cultural confluence”; *DAI* 60 (March 2000), 3368A.]

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“Walt Whitman: A Current Bibliography,” reformatted as an annual bibliography, is available online at [http://www.uiowa.edu/~wwqrl/](http://www.uiowa.edu/~wwqrl/). This site offers annual, searchable bibliographies for all years from 1975 to the present.