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UNIVERSITY FOOTBALL THROUGH THE YEARS 58,000 Fans Jam Iowa Stadium

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Contents

University Football Through The Years WM. J. PETERSEN 389 Historical Backgrounds 397 JOHN O'DONNELL The Big Ten 407 BERT MCGRANE Iowa Coaches 417 TAIT CUMMINS Some Great Iowa Teams 427 GUS SCHRADER Hawkeye Hall of Fame 437 AL GRADY Iowa and the Rose Bowl 447 ERIC WILSON Statistical Records

Illustrations

Illustration since 1911 by University Photographer F. W. Kent, pictured above. Pictures prior to 1911 are from the Hawkeye.

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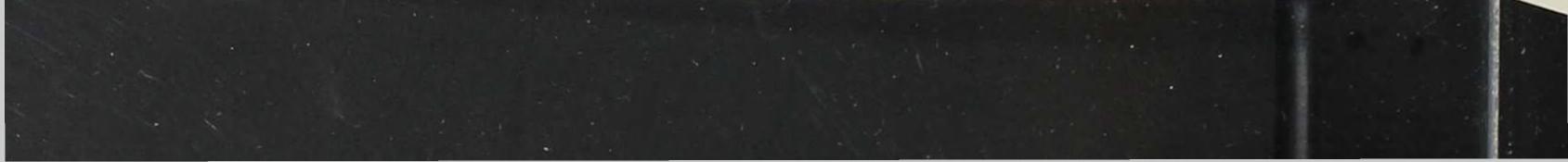
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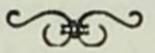
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Historical Background

The game of football has developed slowly through Greek, Roman, and Medieval days to modern times. In England James I barred the sport from his court, but James II looked with sympathy on all popular diversions, even the "murthering practice" of football. The sport was originally largely a kicking game; then Westminster developed the idea of "off-side" play, Eton formulated the idea of an eleven-man team, and a Rugby student was the first to run with the ball, causing a mighty furor back in 1823. In Colonial America football on the village green was likened to a "friendlie kind of fyghte" which later developed into inter-class conflicts at such schools as Yale and Harvard. The first intercollegiate football game took place in 1869 between Rutgers and Princeton, with twenty-five men lined up on each side. A change began in 1876 when Walter Camp entered Yale. Camp became so proficient at football that while still a player he became a member of the intercollegiate

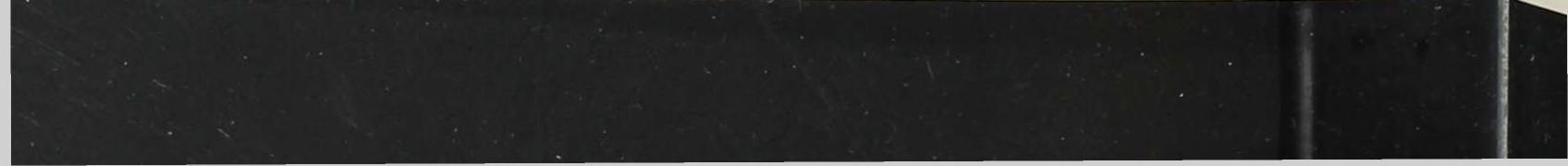
389



390

rules committee in 1878, serving for forty-eight years as adviser to all groups on revision of gridiron rules.

In 1880 Camp persuaded the rules committee to agree that the number of men on a team should be reduced from fifteen to eleven. Out of this convention also grew such words as "scrimmage," the "quarter back," and the "eleven." When Princeton played Yale in 1884 football was still an open game with the line stretched across the field, and the backs receiving the ball on a lateral from the quarterback. Tackling below the waist was illegal until permitted by the 1888 rules convention. Thereafter the mass attack developed, from which sprang such terms as the "wedge" and the "tackle tandem," momentum plays leading to such brutality that Army and Navy abandoned the game and Yale and Princeton parted company from Harvard, Pennsylvania, and Cornell. Meanwhile, Michigan became interested in the sport and in 1879 played its first collegiate game with Racine College in the White Stocking (Cubs) Park in Chicago. Soon Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Iowa were manifesting an interest in football. Although football officially dates back to 1889 the University played interclass games, as well as varsity contests against Iowa City town teams, neighboring colleges, high schools, and academies before that date. On October 23, 1886, the Vidette-Reporter noted: "Next Saturday, if



HISTORICAL BACKGROUND 391

nothing prevents, Cornell's foot-ball team will visit Iowa City, to meet the S.U.I.'s, its old-time antagonists. Let's give them a warm reception all round." Unfortunately the game was postponed, apparently because Cornell found several University players were "from town." The exact implication of this may be gleaned from the fact that the Iowa City town team had beaten the University previously, although both teams had played without their "full number of men."

On October 22, 1887, the Vidette-Reporter listed members and substitutes of the team. The following week the University team, accompanied by a "much smaller crowd than usual" made the trip to Mt. Vernon. The game commenced at 2:10 P.M. The Hawkeyes first goal was "rather hotly contested," and Cornell "nearly succeeded" in getting a goal, largely because it played under different rules. The "better discipline" of the University team finally prevailed, as it scored its first goal after an hour of play. Two more goals were made by the University in less than thirty minutes. According to the Vidette-Reporter: "The most notable feature of the game was the perfect harmony and understanding which prevailed between the two teams during the entire contest. . . . Everyone was well satisfied with his Cornell visit, and wishes to perpetuate the friendly feeling between the two colleges."

The University team also played home-and-



392

away games with Tipton in 1887. Transportation was by train and "ten or fifteen rooters" accompanied the team. Upon arriving at Tipton several players disappeared and did not show up until game time. Most of the others went to the beautiful farm home of a Mr. Aldrich where they were hospitably entertained before the game. According to the Vidette-Reporter of November 12th:

And the dinner! They evidently knew our weakest point in setting before us a dinner which defies description. There was terror pictured on every countenance when soon after dinner football was mentioned. We were almost disposed to acknowledge defeat and not go to the foot-ball grounds; but as no good excuse could be found to offer on our return to the city we proceeded to the fair grounds and in $1\frac{3}{4}$ hours won three straight goals. They are good players but seem not to have had enough practice. A noticeable feature of the game was the best of good feelings on both sides.

The return engagement was played on the new Johnson County fairgrounds and was won by the University.

The first football game officially recognized in the University records was played in 1889 with Grinnell, then known as Iowa College. The University lost its opening and only game of the season 24-0 to the Grinnellians. The following year Grinnell again humbled the University football team 14-6. In the only other game played in 1890 the University crushed Iowa Wesleyan 91-0.

The year 1891 ushered in the first real season



HISTORICAL BACKGROUND 393

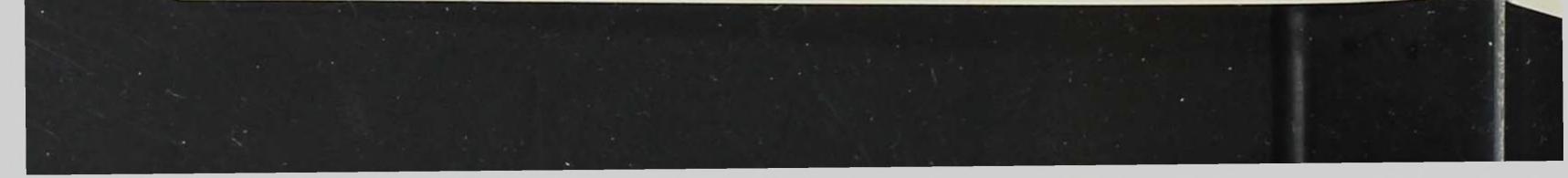
of football at Iowa. The University vanquished Cornell 66-6 but lost to its arch-rival Grinnell by a 6-4 score. Three out-of-state schools were played. Nebraska was trounced 22-0 while Kansas was eclipsed 18-14 in a tight battle. The Hawkeyes fared badly in their first encounter with the Minnesota Gophers, losing by a score of 42-4 in their initial skirmish with their oldest Big Ten foe. After the game, which was played at Iowa City, the Vidette-Reporter chronicled a banquet at the St. James Hotel tendered the Minnesota players by the Iowa team. It was a "splendid affair" and apparently "accomplished its object" of proving that Iowa was "as good as any State University" even if "she couldn't play football." Toasts and responses, a few brief talks, and a dance were enjoyed by members of both teams. Before departing the Minnesota boys resolved that the "most hospitable entertainment they ever received" was given them by the State University of Iowa. The Western Conference or Big Ten was organized in 1896, but Iowa was not invited to become a member until the close of the 1899 season. The Hawkeye football team played its first official Conference games in 1900 and ended the season by sharing the title with Minnesota. Meanwhile, Iowa had accumulated valuable experience in those eleven years between 1889 and 1899. The Hawkeyes had played a total of 72 games during



this period, or over six games a season. Its over all record was 38 wins, 28 losses, and 6 tie games. During the first seven years the team had no paid coach. Finally, in 1896, A. E. Bull of Pennsylvania was hired with good results, the team winning six, losing one, and tying one. T. Wagonhurst of Pennsylvania coached in 1897 and A. A. Knipe of Pennsylvania was coach in 1898 and 1899.

The Hawkeyes met five teams later associated with the Big Ten but played only eight games with them during this eleven-year period. All five of these teams were among the seven charter members of the Western Conference. After losing to Minnesota in 1891, the Hawkeyes tied Chicago 18-18 and lost to Wisconsin 44-0 in 1894. One half of the University's Big Ten games were played against Chicago during this period. Two of these were tie games — 18-18 in 1894 and 5-5 in 1899, and two were losses -6-0 in 1896 and 36-0 in 1898. Only two victories were registered by the Hawkeyes against Big Ten opponents during these historic years. Northwestern was edged out 12-6 in 1897 while Illinois was crushed 58-0 in 1899.

Judging by the number of times they met, it might appear that Iowa would have gravitated into what later became the Big Six or Big Seven. Twenty-six games were played with future members of this Conference between 1889 and 1899 —



HISTORICAL BACKGROUND 395

ten with Nebraska, seven with Kansas, five with Missouri and four with Iowa State College. That competition was rugged with these foes is attested by the fact that Iowa won ten, lost fourteen, and tied two against future Big Seven schools. The large number of games played with these teams is due to the fact that Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, and Nebraska formed a Western Interstate Football Association during the 1890's.

During this eleven-year period the Hawkeyes played twelve Iowa colleges for a total of twentyeight games, winning 21, losing 6, tying 1. Their traditional foe during this period was Grinnell College and their record against this worthy opponent was 5-4-1. Drake and Iowa State Teachers were the only other teams to beat the Hawkeyes in this period, the losses being sustained in 1898 when Drake won 18-5 and Teachers eked out an 11-5 victory. Iowa won its two other games with Drake and trounced State Teachers 22-0 in 1899. Coe, Cornell, Penn, and Wilton were beaten twice during this period. Iowa Wesleyan suffered a humiliating 91-0 defeat in 1890. Luther, Parsons, Simpson, Upper Iowa, and Des Moines Y.M.C.A. were all defeated prior to 1900.

Since football was in its infancy at Iowa during the 1890's it is not surprising that some out-ofstate opponents humbled Iowa. The Denver Athletic Club administered a 58-0 defeat in 1893, little Doane College of Lincoln, Nebraska, outclassed



396

Iowa 10-0 in 1895, and the Chicago College of Physicians and Surgeons won by a score of 14-0 in 1897. In commenting on the latter game an Iowa City paper noted there were "several accidents during the game but no fatalities." One "P & S" player, however, paid a five dollar fine in a Justice of the Peace Court for "brutality" on the field. Rush Medical College of Chicago won 15-11 in 1898 but was defeated 17-0 in 1899 by Coach Knipe's famous warriors. Knox College lost to Iowa 40-0 in 1892 and 33-0 in 1899, but held the Hawkeyes to a scoreless tie in 1898. Iowa whipped its only other out-of-state opponent, Augustana, 34-0 in 1894. Iowa was completing its eleventh season in 1899, on the eve of its admission into the Western Conference. Under Coach Knipe the 1899 team had swept through its season of nine games with an 8-0-1 record, the tie being a 5-5 game with Chicago. The Hawkeyes had scored 221 points against 5 for their opponents, the latter a field goal by Chicago. Two opponents were Western Conference members, one of which, Illinois, had been crushed 58-0. Two others were Nebraska and Iowa State, both strong teams, the latter losing to Iowa by a 5-0 score. With growing interest being manifested by students and faculty alike, the Hawkeyes stood poised for an outstanding performance when they joined the Big Ten in 1900. WILLIAM J. PETERSEN



The Big Ten

On January 11, 1895, the president of Purdue University called a meeting of seven Midwestern university presidents for the purpose of considering regulation and control of intercollegiate athletics. Pursuant to this call the presidents of Chicago, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Northwestern, Purdue, and Wisconsin Universities met in Chicago and created a committee to consist of an appointed faculty representative from each institution which would have authority to control athletics at the seven institutions. Before returning home the presidents voted to restrict eligibility for athletes to bona fide, full-time students who were not delinquent in their studies. On February 6, 1896, one faculty representative from each of the above-mentioned institutions met in the Palmer House in Chicago. They designated themselves the "Inter-collegiate Conference of Faculty Representatives," popularly known today as the "Western Conference" or "Big Ten." The faculty committee promptly set up standards and machinery for the regulation and administration of intercollegiate athletics in their schools. The following year they passed a rule requiring that an athlete must have a year's residence after chang-

397



ing institutions before becoming eligible to play. The number of men available in 1897 for athletics at the seven schools follows:

Michigan	2,081	Illinois	746
Minnesota	1,813	Northwestern	317
Chicago	1,345	Purdue	569
Wisconsin	1,229		

In 1898 the Committee devised and printed a set of football rules for Conference teams in contrast to rules by Eastern institutions, but later rescinded this action and adopted the Eastern rules. The following year, in 1899, the State University of Iowa and Indiana University were admitted to

membership.

In the years that followed numerous rules and regulations were adopted by the Conference. In 1901 preliminary football practice was limited to two weeks before the opening of college. In 1906 player competition was limited to three years with no graduate student eligible. The football season was limited to five games, no training table or training quarters were permitted, and student and faculty tickets were not to cost over fifty cents.

Membership in the Big Ten has remained amazingly stable since Iowa became a member in 1900. On April 6, 1912, Ohio State became the tenth school invited into the Western Conference. Meanwhile, in 1908, Michigan had withdrawn in protest against "retroactive provisions" of certain



THE BIG TEN 399

committee enactments. The Wolverines rejoined the Conference in 1917, after which it was more popularly designated as the "Big Ten."

The faculty committee has not hesitated to penalize members for infractions of Conference rules.

The darkest day in Hawkeye football came on May 25, 1929, when the Associated Press carried the following story:

Chicago — The University of Iowa was ousted from the Big Ten collegiate competition tonight by the Big Ten faculty committee in executive session.

The committee charges the University of Iowa with violation of the rule against subsidized athletes — entering paid and hired athletes in amateur competition. . . .

After consideration of evidence the conference committee recommended that the conference sever athletic relations with the University of Iowa for the violation of the rule prohibiting the subsidizing of athletes.

The ban was effective January 1, 1930.

The ouster of Iowa from the Big Ten proved a bomb-shell. Director of Athletics P. E. Belting's home was pelted with rotten eggs by students. Players denied all charges. Two days later Major John L. Griffith, Big Ten Commissioner of Athletics, pin-pointed the charges, saying: "Evidence of a slush fund to pay athletes was the only basis for the Big Ten's action in severing relationship with the University of Iowa." After that came charges, countercharges, and promises that the situation would be remedied.

Iowa's initial effort to gain readmission was



turned down and it was not until February 1, 1930, that the Hawkeyes were readmitted to the Big Ten. In the three seasons that followed Iowa played only eight Conference games.

Other schools have felt the lash of the faculty committee. Wisconsin was threatened with suspension in 1936 but was saved when the Badgers assured the Conference "its faculty considers itself in control of athletic affairs."

By 1940 the Conference voted to permit nine football games per season, six Conference games to be required and at least two at each institution. Meanwhile, in 1940, the University of Chicago dropped Conference football and was replaced by Michigan State in 1949. On July 28, 1957, faculty representatives moved to make Indiana University's good standing as a Conference member conditional upon the suspension for one year of football coach Phil Dickens. The motion carried.

Although Iowa has seldom led the Big Ten in football, it started out well in 1900 by finishing in a tie with Minnesota with a 1000 per cent record. They won two and tied one, whereas the Gophers won three and tied one for their 1000 mark.

The last time the Hawks had the chance to take the Big Ten crown, in 1956, they swept by five opponents, lost to only one, and then went on to capture the Rose Bowl Championship.

In between 1900 and 1956, the Iowa title teams of 1921 and 1922 are reserved for special lime-



THE BIG TEN

401

light. The 1921 team had the top all to themselves. Iowa fans had waited since 1900 for the chance to shout, and this they did mightily, as their team tacked up a perfect record of five wins, no defeats, no ties. The 1922 Hawks repeated with the same record as the 1921 team. The trouble was that two other teams, Michigan and Chicago, both had a 1000 percentage with four wins and no ties.

From 1922 to 1956 the Hawks found the football going in the Big Ten just as rugged as they did from 1900 to 1921. They were the small school in the big league. All they heard was — "Everybody can't win. Somebody has to lose."

And they didn't like it.

In 1939 the Hawkeyes reached the glory trail after a dismal decade. They tossed aside four Conference opponents, losing only to Michigan at home. In the finale of the season the Northwestern Wildcats tied Iowa, but Iowa was second with 800 per cent. Ohio State won the Big Ten crown that year, a mere 33 percentage points ahead of Iowa.

To the everlasting credit of Iowa it may be said without fear of contradiction that the Hawks would not like to compete in anything but the rocking-socking Big Ten, the most rugged football loop in the country. It offers the supreme test; the team which wins the championship has been through the wars. So have the other nine.



When Coach Forest Evashevski and his 1956 squad put the name of Iowa on the pedestal, it was just reward for a school and its ever optimistic followers. Victories over Ohio State and Minnesota to clinch the title are fresh in mind. So is the thriller over Purdue and the lone loss to Michigan. One thing is certain; the Hawks are not going to live in past glory. They are out to make some more history. Two titles in a row would be welcome, particularly by those who have followed Iowa for years. Those with long memories will remember the dark days of 1930, 1931, and 1932, when the Hawks did not have a Conference victory. It is a long cry from then.

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Here are some facts to remember since 1900. Iowa finished last six times in the annual race. Forty-one times they landed in the second division. Only four times have they been on top! The Hawks made the first division fifteen times.

Individually, the Hawks have had their share of honor and glory. In 1954 against Purdue Eddie Vincent established the run-from-scrimmage record in the Big Ten with a 96-yard dash. In 1951 "Dusty" Rice took a Purdue kickoff and returned the ball 100 yards for a Big Ten record. In another Iowa-Purdue contest, in 1939, tackle Mike Enich blocked two kicks for a Big Ten record. In the same year Nile Kinnick created a record in the Indiana clash as he came up with 201 yards on punt returns. In 1949, against Wisconsin, the



THE BIG TEN

403

Hawks threw 41 passes, completing 12 for 208 yards, a Big Ten record.

There are other Iowa records, some good, some bad. In 1902 Michigan set the Conference mark by trouncing Iowa, 107 to 0. The fewest yards gained, Iowa, in 39 plays a mere 19 yards against Minnesota in 1944. Finally, in 1952, Iowa went through the Wisconsin game without a penalty.

Every now and then a Hawk will break into the print reserved for champions. Take, for instance, halfback Earl Smith. In 1954 he led the Conference in scoring with eight touchdowns. In the same year Eddie Vincent took the prize in rushing with 566 net yards in 81 carries for an average of

6.9.

Fullback George Broeder grabbed the Big Ten punting crown in 1953, getting off twenty-two punts for 908 yards, an average of 41.2. In 1945 Iowa led the Big Ten in first downs, an average of 15 in six games.

Iowa and Ohio State tied in one department in 1956 — losing the ball on fumbles the fewest times. Each had 1.2 per six games. Twice the Hawks had the dubious honor of losing the ball the most times on fumbles — 2.3 times a game for six contests in 1944 and 2.5 for the same number of games in 1950. In 1943 Iowa and Ohio State tied for the fewest yards penalized — 24 yards a game.

The following Hawkeye football players have



been voted the Most Valuable in the Big Ten: Bill Glassgow, 1929; Joe Laws, 1933; Nile Kinnick, 1939; Bill Reichardt, 1951; and Kenny Ploen, 1956.

Three times since 1936 Iowa was ranked in the first ten teams in the nation by the Associated Press poll, 9th in 1939, 9th in 1953, and 3rd in 1956.

Iowa has the sixth largest football stadium in the Big Ten with 58,400 seats. The University has made fine strides in the Conference despite the fact it is the smallest school. Six institutions have student bodies more than twice the size of the Iowa City school.

The Western Conference record book shows these enrollments in 1956: Illinois, 19,223; Indiana, 20,814; Iowa, 9,700; Michigan, 21,959; Michigan State, 21,000; Northwestern, 15,678; Ohio State, 22,500; Minnesota, 24,000; Purdue, 13,060; and Wisconsin, 15,377.

In some ways the odds are stacked against Iowa, but Iowa does not admit odds. The Hawks proved last year that the job can be done; they won the respect of the football world by capturing the two top crowns in the country, the Big Ten and the Rose Bowl. It was a long time coming, but when it arrived it was grand.

JOHN O'DONNELL



MOST VALUABLE IOWA FOOTBALL PLAYERS IN THE WESTERN CONFERENCE

1930	Oliver Sansen, hb	1943	Bob Liddy, g
1931	Oliver Sansen, b	1944	Bob Snyder, c
1932	Joe Laws, fb	1945	Art Johnson, fb
1933	Joe Laws, b*	1946	Bill Kay, t
1934	Dick Crayne, b	1947	Hal Shoener, e
1935	Dick Crayne, b	1948	Al DiMarco, b
1936	Homer Harris, e	1949	Jack Dittmer, e
1937	Bob Lannon, e	1950	Harold Bradley, t
1938	Erwin Prasse, e	1951	Bill Reichardt, fb*
1939	Nile Kinnick, hb*	1952	Bill Fenton, e
1940	Mike Enich, t	1953	Bill Fenton, e
1941	Bill Diehl, c	1954	Warren Lawson, c
1942	Tom Farmer, b	1955	Jerry Reichow, qb
	1956	Kenny Ploen, q	ь *

*Received Chicago Tribune Trophy as Most Valuable in Conference. (Tribune Trophy winners prior to 1930 were Red Grange, Illinois, 1924; Tim Lowry, Northwestern, 1925; Benny Friedman, Michigan, 1926; Ken Rouse, Chicago, 1927; Chuck Bennett, Indiana, 1928; Bill Glassgow, Iowa, 1929.)

Big Ten Records Book-1957-1958.



CONFERENCE MEDAL WINNERS*

In 1914 the Conference endowed a Medal of Honor, to be awarded annually at each institution to the student demonstrating the greatest proficiency in scholarship and athletics. Following is a list of past winners of the Conference Medal of Honor:

1915	Herman L. Von Lackum*	1936	Francis X. Cretzmeyer
1916	Forrest W. Deardorff	1937	Cornelius J. Walker*
1917	Wayne J. Foster	1938	Robert G. Lannon*
1918	John K. Von Lackum*	1939	Wilbur V. Nead*
1919	Homer W. Scott*	1940	Andrew J. Kantor
1920	Charles A. Mockmort*	1941	James R. Murphy, Jr.*
1921	Robert J. Kaufman*	1942	Richard E. Hein
1922	Aubrey Devine*	1943	Thomas Farmer*
1923	Gordon C. Locke*	1944	No award
1924	Wayland Hicks	1945	No award
1925	John W. Hancock*	1946	Arthur Harold Johnson*
1926	Don M. Graham*	1947	John Kenneth Hunter*
1927	Carl D. Voltmer*	1948	Herbert W. Wilkinson
1928	Lawrence Harrison	1949	Evan LeRoy Hultman
1929	Forest Twogood	1950	Donald C. Hays
1930	Willis A. Glassgow*	1951	Ralph W. Thomas
1931	No award	1952	Charles F. Darling
1932	Stuart W. Skowbo	1953	J. Burton Britzmann*
1933	William A. McCloy	1954	William Fenton*
1934	Tom W. Moore*	1955	LeRoy Anton Ebert
1935	James P. McClintock	1956	Andrew Marc Houg*
1957 Frank Otis Sebolt			

*These twenty-two men (out of the forty listed above) not only played football but a majority won varsity awards in two or more sports.

Big Ten Records Book-1957-1958.



Iowa Coaches

From the first far outpost of State University of Iowa football to the historic Rose Bowl in California, where the Hawkeyes made their great stand of January 1, 1957, three milestones stand bold and clear. They are the indestructible imprints left on more than six decades of football history by three coaches who led their men far beyond the limits of what had been the modest lot of the average Hawkeye team. These three coaches were eras apart. One man worked with a surprisingly small, fast-moving team in the days of the mass attack, as the Spanish-American War faded out. Another, building almost in the shadow of World War I, brought out a championship team in the early 1920's. The third, over three decades later, built the surprise array of 1956 which well may have been the most dramatic outfit ever to wear the Black and Gold. So to Arthur A. Knipe of 1899 and 1900, to Howard Harding Jones of 1921 and 1922, and to Forest Evashevski of 1956, go the all-time coaching laurels in football at the State University of Iowa.

Arthur A. Knipe

Arthur Knipe was an All-American halfback at

407



408

the University of Pennsylvania in 1894. He came to Iowa in 1898 as the third paid coach in the history of the school. His predecessors, A. E. Bull and T. Wagonhurst, each had served one year.

Knipe brought something new to Iowa. He introduced the guards and tackles behind the line, as added stalwarts in the interference. "Tackles back" and "guards back" were famous plays in their days. "The wedge," it was called.

His first team, in 1898, won only three games. But in 1899 and 1900 his Hawkeyes won 15, lost none, and tied two. When his famous 1901 captain, Clyde Williams, was protested and ruled ineligible in 1901, Knipe's entry lost three of nine

games and he moved along.

In a day when bone and muscle and brawn in vast quantities powered "the wedge" and "the tackles back" and the crunching play of football in its early days, Knipe came up with a team that averaged a shade under 180 pounds. Yet he went undefeated in 1899, held Iowa's opponents to five points in nine games, and his team kept its goal line uncrossed all season.

There was no particular championship for it to claim, however, since it antedated Iowa's entry into the Western Conference. The Hawkeyes were to make their first appearance in that renowned organization in 1900 when, fortunately, many of the stars of the 1899 team were still available to Coach Knipe.



IOWA COACHES 409

As a Western Conference entry, Coach Knipe's team kept right on rolling. Its victims in the league included Michigan and Chicago, the Maroons of that era being regarded as something like the last word in football. Only a tie with Northwestern marred the record of the 1900 team, which shared the Conference championship on its first try for the title.

For those tempted to dismiss the achievements of Arthur Knipe's teams of long ago, the suggestion is: Don't. His unbeaten outfits of 1899 and 1900 outscored their opponents 532 to 17 in two seasons. At one stage his teams went through 23 successive games without defeat, although three

ties were interspersed.

Howard Harding Jones

Howard Jones, a star at Yale in his undergraduate days, came to Iowa in 1916. He was the first coach to remain as long as eight years in command of football. Seven-game seasons appear to have been the rule rather than the exception during Jones's day, since five of his eight teams were limited to seven games. His first year brought a 4-3 record and his second a 3-5 mark.

By 1918, with World War I at its height until mid-November, Jones's teams were on the rise. That entry won six out of eight and his 1919 and 1920 teams won five out of seven, setting the stage for 1921 and 1922, the peak of the Jones era. The Hawkeyes rolled right from scratch.



After a romp against Knox College, Iowa stopped the rampages of Notre Dame which, under Knute Rockne, was blazing through a 20-game winning streak. Five Conference opponents were vanquished in succeeding games, and Howard Jones had Iowa's first Western Conference champion since the Arthur Knipe era. Jones's team was unbeaten and untied. The term "National Champion" was associated with it, although there was no official national title.

Jones produced another powerhouse team in 1922. Its first big accomplishment was a successful meeting with Yale, Alma Mater of Howard Jones, which was coached by his brother, T. A. D. Jones. The meeting of the brothers on opposite sides of the field, with Iowa winning 6-0, was one of the memorable incidents of football in the early 1920's.

The 1922 Iowa team, like the 1921 entry, was unbeaten and untied. It shared the Western Conference championship with Michigan. It helped extend a winning streak of 20 straight games which started against Northwestern in 1920 and ended against Illinois in 1923 — the longest Iowa victory string on record.

Howard Jones, like Knipe before him, built two straight undefeated teams. No other Iowa coach has matched that record. Jones ended his days at Iowa in 1923, moving on to Trinity in North Carolina, now more widely known as Duke Uni-



IOWA COACHES 411

versity. His last stand was at Southern California.

But how does one measure coaching achievement when the eras are so widely separated, the play so contrasting, the whole football fabric so different? Only by comparative performances, as far as we can tell.

Forest Evashevski

So once more Arthur Knipe, Howard Jones and Forest Evashevski stand side by side. Knipe and Jones developed unbeaten teams twice in a row. Evashevski, still at the Hawkeye helm and building prestige as he goes, has had no undefeated team to date. But he, like his two most illustrious predecessors, has built a champion. His Conference title was undisputed, and when he followed by producing the first Rose Bowl winner in the history of Iowa, he performed a feat that probably stands unchallenged in Hawkeye annals. Moreover, his dramatic outfit was not tagged in advance as a likely leader; it was just another entry in the rugged Big Ten race. Because of this, its monumental achievement was all the more noteworthy.

It seems essential here to mention these significant items: In eight seasons at Iowa, Howard Jones sent his teams into 33 Conference games. Forest Evashevski, who was to succeed him nearly 30 years later, has sent his teams into 32 Conference games in only five seasons. Knipe,

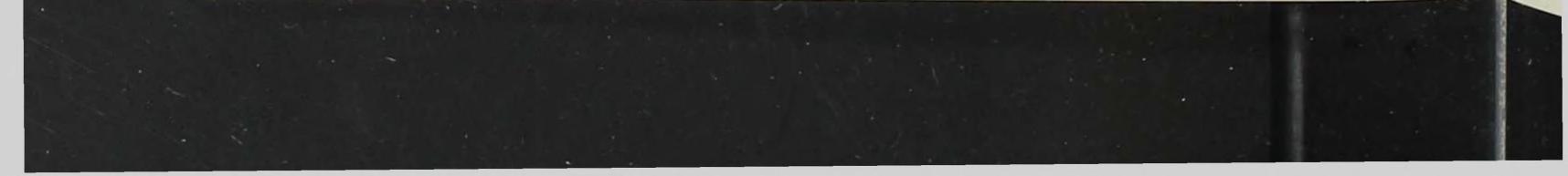


heading the Hawkeyes on their first entry into the Conference, had league opponents only six times. Evashevski simply cannot follow the same trail when nine-game schedules are commonplace today and seven-game Conference cards are quite ordinary.

Iowa, through the years, has had 17 coaches. Only two of them have won more Conference games than they have lost. Jones was the first (21-12), Evashevski is the other. The incomplete string of the present Iowa coach stands at 16-15-1, with reasonably good prospects of extending the victory margin. Evashevski, taking command at Iowa in 1952 when preceding teams had won only five games out of 18 in two seasons, made his presence known in the Big Ten from the start. Although his success was modest at the outset, his 1952 unit beat Ohio State in a sensational upset. By 1953 he had a team that was ranked ninth in the nation. Resourceful and unpredictable, Evashevski's varied tactics have kept opponents guessing as he has strengthened the Hawkeye bulwarks. He stands at the front with Howard Jones and Arthur Knipe as the only coaches to bring championships to Iowa in more than 60 years. There is no attempt here to rate the three.

Dr. Edward N. Anderson

If Evashevski's 1956 team was not the most spectacular (not necessarily the most successful)



IOWA COACHES 413

ever to represent Iowa, then the citation may belong to Dr. Edward N. Anderson's "Ironmen" of 1939. The Ironmen, like Evashevski's 1956 team, featured surprise. They came in when Iowa's stature was hardly discernible on the football horizon. The Hawks had won only two games in the preceding seasons. Hawkeye supporters were virtually without hope.

Dr. Anderson came to Iowa from a successful stand at Holy Cross College. His Iowa team won its first Conference game, a 32-29 breath-taker against Indiana, then yielded to Michigan by a sizeable margin. There was no hint of things to come.

But they came in a blaze. The Hawks, deemed hardly worthy of mention by those evaluating the better teams, sailed past Wisconsin, Purdue, Notre Dame, and Minnesota in that order. In every case the startling Hawks left shock in their wake with the unexpectedness of their advance. Only Northwestern stood between Iowa and the Big Ten championship. That game was a struggle to exhaustion and it went without a decision. The 7-7 tie dropped Iowa to second place to leave a tinge of disappointment in a season that established Iowa as the Cinderella of the football world.

In the percentage of Conference games won for Iowa, Dr. Anderson's teams stand third on the all-time list, winning 22, losing 23, with one



414

game a tie. His over-all record also is one of the best, at 35-33-2 for eight seasons.

Jesse Hawley

Over the long haul the Conference games are the toughest, serving as a yardstick for measuring the records of Iowa's coaches. Jesse Hawley, a Dartmouth man who headed Iowa football from 1910 through 1915, had an all-time record of 24 victories and 18 defeats. His teams, however, played only 19 Conference games in six seasons. whereas Evashevski's teams played 32 in five seasons.

Burt Ingwerson

Burt Ingwerson, during an eight-year coaching

career at Iowa, had memorable as well as dull stretches. He owns one of the better percentage records with 33 victories, 27 defeats, and 4 ties in eight seasons, although in Conference play his teams won only 11 while losing 20 and playing 4 ties. He was head coach at the time Iowa was dropped from the Conference in 1929, and had to arrange a schedule which included only one Conference game, a contest with Purdue hurriedly arranged when the Conference reinstated Iowa to membership. Iowa's suspension shattered morale and talent to a point where the team made only one touchdown in 1931 and was outscored 131-7.

John G. Chalmers

Any list of Iowa's leading coaches must include the name of John G. Chalmers, an Iowa



IOWA COACHES

415

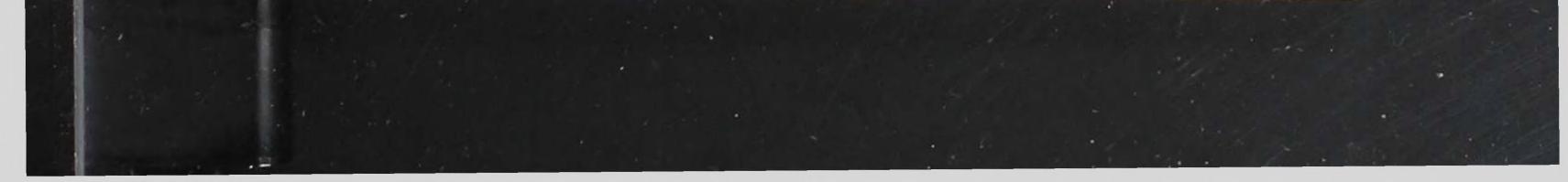
man himself, who coached the Hawks through three seasons from 1903 to 1905. He had captained Coach Knipe's great 1900 team. Under Chalmers the Iowa teams played lengthy schedules—11 games each during two seasons and 10 the other. They won 24 and lost only 8. They played only seven Western Conference rivals in the three seasons, however, and won only once.

The glittering years have been widely separated in Iowa football. The Hawkeye record will not favorably match the records of some of its Western Conference rivals over the years, although in general the type of football has been representative of Conference standards.

There were days when no light shone at all, such as the sad day at Michigan, back in 1902, when the Wolverines launched an attack so savage that it never has been matched for intensity. The collapse of Iowa was complete as they lost 107-0. That same ill-fated team lost to Illinois 80-0. S. W. Hobbs was coach.

Other Iowa Coaches

Others who headed the Iowa football staff more than one season were Marc Catlin, 1906-08; Oscar M. Solem, 1932-36; Irl Tubbs, 1937-38; Edward P. (Slip) Madigan, 1943-44; and Leonard Raffensperger, 1950-51. Catlin's teams won seven of 17 games, including one Western Conference game. Solem took command during one of the deepest lulls ever experienced in football by the



University. The last team to represent Iowa before he came scored only one touchdown in eight games. After a 1-7-0 record his first year, however, Solem's Hawkeyes beat Northwestern, Wisconsin, and Purdue of the Conference on their way to a 5-3-0 season. During the next three seasons his teams virtually broke even. When Solem departed from Iowa its emissaries sought out Irl Tubbs from a Florida post. He came in 1937 and won two games in two seasons.

At the height of World War II, with Iowa struggling valiantly to maintain its athletic program in the shadow of the strongly-manned service teams at the Iowa Pre-Flight School, which used some of the same facilities, Head Coach Edward N. Anderson went to war. Iowa brought in Edward P. (Slip) Madigan, whose colorful "Galloping Gaels" at St. Mary's College in California had been famous. Except for the youngsters still shy of military age, Madigan's forces were meager. In two seasons his teams beat Nebraska twice and tied Indiana. Leonard Raffensperger, an Iowa lineman in his playing days, followed Dr. Edward Anderson as head coach in 1950, and his regime was unique in that his teams never met defeat at the hands of Notre Dame or Minnesota, two of Iowa's great rivals. His two-season record was 5-10-3.

BERT MCGRANE



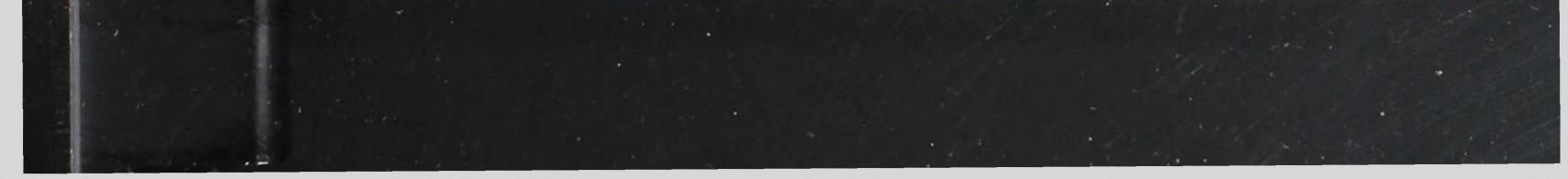
Some Great Hawkeye Teams

Not long ago an interviewer asked the former great National League pitching star, Dizzy Dean, to evaluate his own career in baseball. With characteristic candor, Dean replied: "The older you are, the better you was." Therein may lie the major pitfall facing one who seeks to evaluate "Some Great Hawkeye Teams" of yesteryear.

Throughout their Western Conference history the Iowa Hawkeyes have been football "Davids" facing a procession of "Goliaths." Unlike David, however, few were destined to vanquish their foes and go down as "great" in the record books. The Hawkeye teams singled out herein can accept praise without limit. Time can neither dim nor add luster to their achievements.

Since the present cycle of great Hawkeye football under Forest Evashevski will be treated elsewhere, attention here will center on the Hawkeyes of 1899-1900, 1921-1922, and 1939.

It is not mere coincidence that three of Iowa's all-time great coaches were identified with these teams. In 1899, young Dr. A. A. Knipe came to Iowa from Pennsylvania and took over Hawkeye football. Dr. Knipe's coaching genius paid off in a single season. He pioneered a new style of play 417



in which guards and tackles dropped back to form interference. A team that had been little better than mediocre in 1898 suddenly blossomed into a powerhouse that won eight, lost none, and played to a 5-5 tie with powerful Chicago—scoring 221 points to 5 for all opponents. According to the *Hawkeye*:

In perfect accord they worked together day by day, with the utmost self sacrifice and a most admirable spirit. The support that had been given other teams so sparingly was lavished upon the men who were to be responsible for Iowa's honor in the opening season. That was because of their evident determination to pull Iowa out of the rut. And from the very first it was apparent that confidence reposed in these men was not misplaced. As the games went into history it was always a question only as to Iowa's score, for the other team never got anything. True, Chicago managed to place a goal from the 25-yard line before the Iowa team had realized that Chicago was no match for them. State Normal, the Iowa Alumni, Penn, Rush Medic., Ames, and Nebraska were shut out and beaten in succession. Then the decisive victory over Grinnell gave Iowa a clear title to the state championship. East again the men went and played Knox off its feet. Then upon Thanksgiving Day in Rock Island, with no future games for which to reserve strength, the team let loose upon Illinois all its accumulated power. With each game Iowa had displayed new possibilities, and here all were realized. Never did Iowa backs and ends go over, under, or around tacklers as on that afternoon. Guards and tackles cannot do more fearless line plunging than Iowa's men did then. The team that afternoon would have outgeneraled anything in the West. When the score had grown 58 to 0



SOME GREAT HAWKEYE TEAMS 419

and time had been called there was no longer any doubt as to Iowa's position. Michigan and Wisconsin had been outdone. Chicago alone could claim an equality.

The 1899 Hawks kept their goal-line uncrossed, Chicago getting its 5 points on a field goal. Just as a sidelight, that 1899 team took in the hefty sum of \$2,134 from all sources—including a "Mikado" benefit. And when the bills were all paid, a profit of \$1,181 remained. In other words, they ran the team an entire season, paid all travel and other costs on \$953.

The next year, 1900, saw the University of Iowa welcomed into the newly-formed Western Conference. Coach Knipe's squad met the challenge by sharing the championship with Minnesota in a brilliant season that included Iowa's first and only victory over Michigan on Wolverine soil. The victory was not a fluke: the combination of Moray Eby and Clyde Williams, both bright Hawkeye football stars, behind a hardcharging line produced three first-half touchdowns and a final score of 28-5. Only a tie with Northwestern marred an otherwise perfect season. The 1900 Hawks kept their goal-line uncrossed for the second season in succession, winning seven, losing one, and tying Northwestern.

National honors were heaped on the coach and squad. Letter-winners in addition to Williams and Eby were J. M. Brockway, E. J. Burrier, G. H. Coulthard, C. W. Dye, W. M. Edson, A. W.



420

Ely, Capt. J. G. Griffith, John Little, R. A. Morton, F. L. Siberts, J. Warner, and F. Watters. Graduation riddled the squad, and after Clyde Williams was declared ineligible in 1901, the Hawkeye sun waned rapidly.

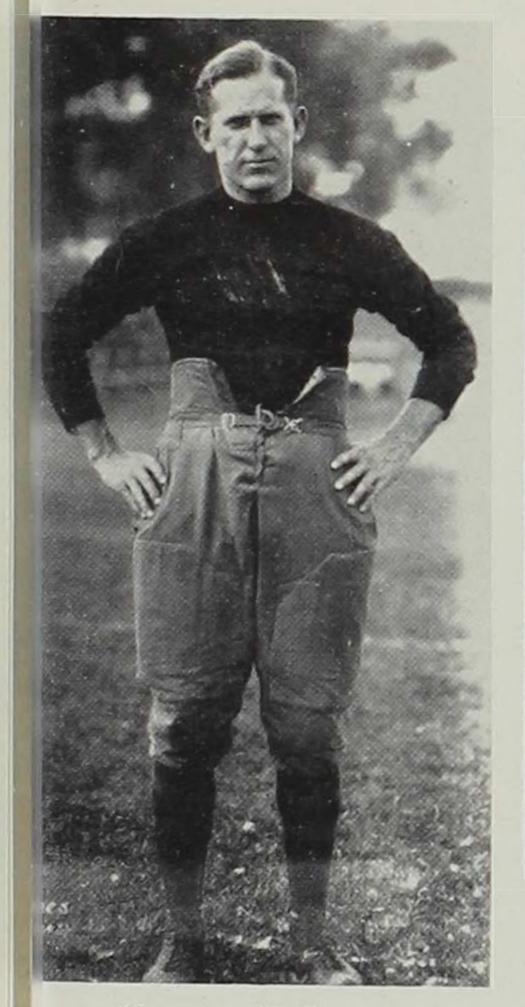
For the next fifteen years, Hawkeye football followed an all too familiar pattern—an occasional big win, but never enough victories to become a factor in the Conference race. There were good coaches, and some of Iowa's greatest stars played in that period, but the stars were too few, and the coaches mere part-time workers.

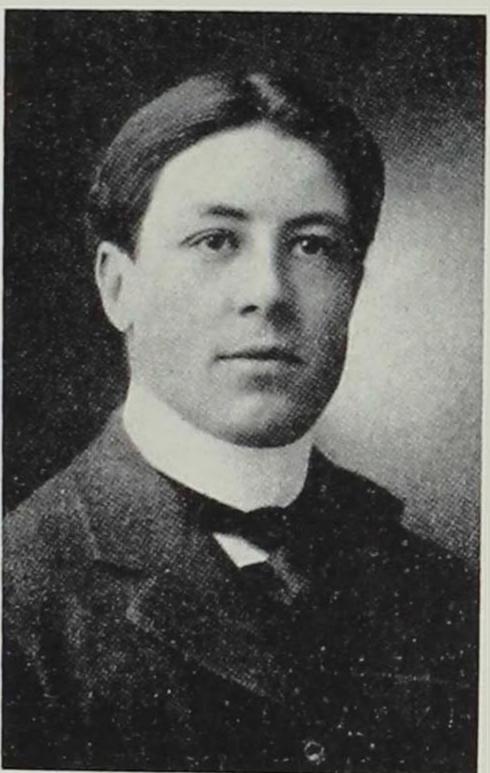
A cycle of football greatness started in 1916 when Iowa hired a full-time football coach. Picked for the job vacated by Jess Hawley was a young coach whose name eventually graced every football Hall of Fame-Howard Harding Jones. World War I held Jones back somewhat, but not for long. For example, Minnesota's mastery over Iowa so rankled Jones that in his second season Iowa broke that jinx and started a string of five straight victories over the Gophers. But the full flower of Hawkeye glory under Howard Jones did not appear until midway in the 1920 season, after a wobbly start had forced Jones to revamp his backfield. One man, Craven Shuttleworth, must be singled out in that revamping job because he became Iowa's "good luck piece." The Hawks had lost two out of three games before an open date let Coach Jones revise



Three Great Iowa Coaches







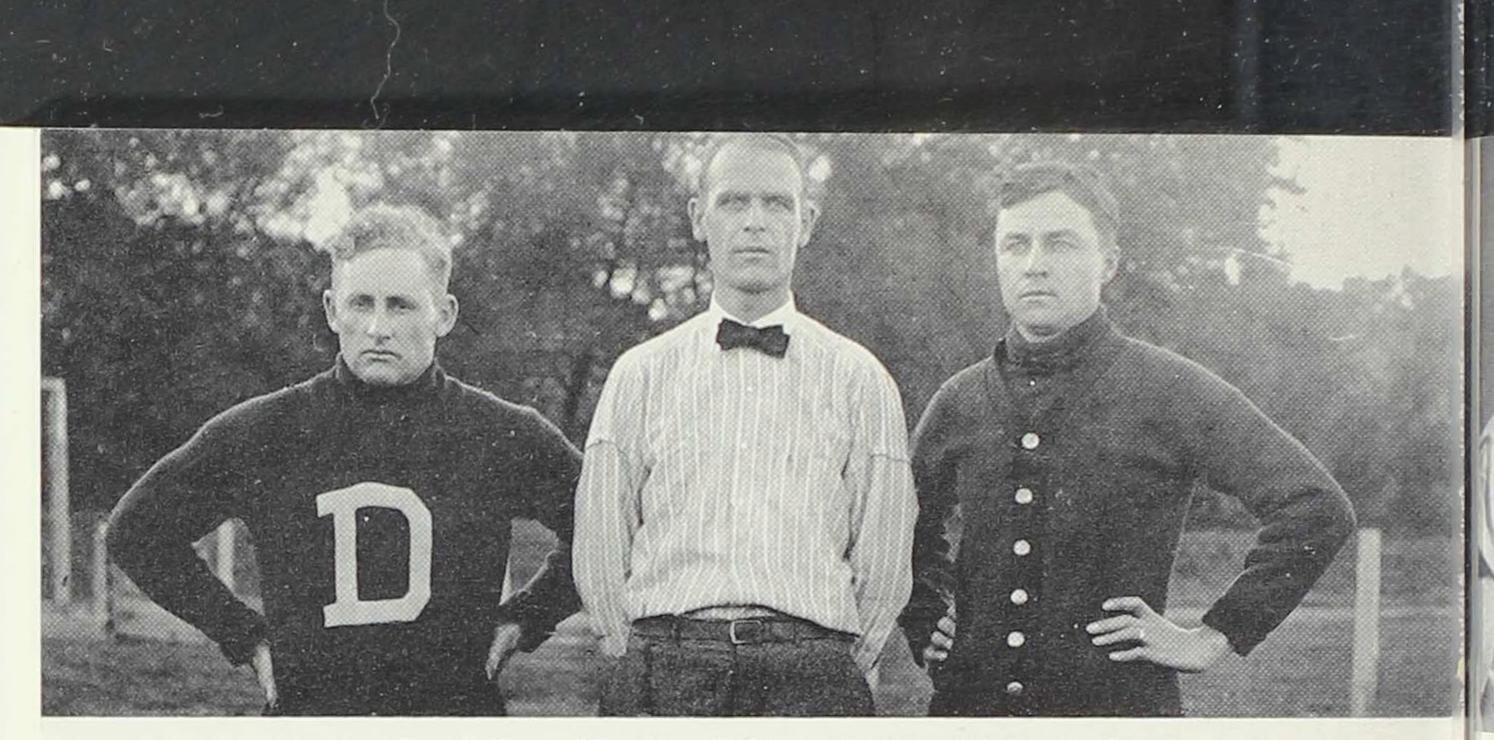


A. A. KNIPE (Pennsylvania)

Forest Evashevski (Michigan)

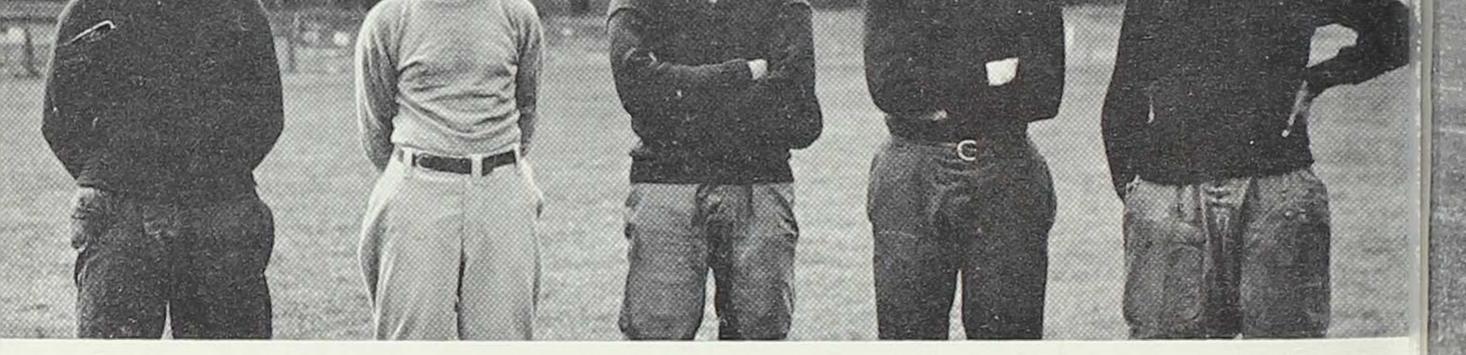
HOWARD H. JONES (Yale)





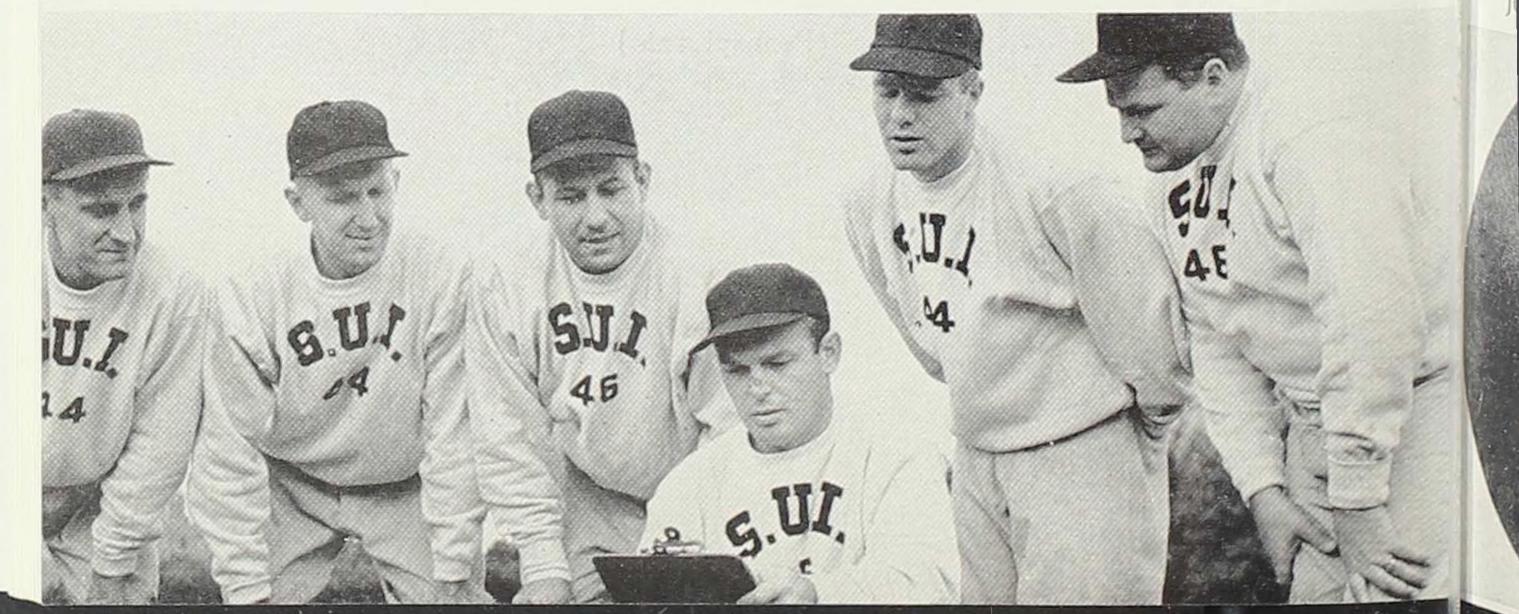
Coach Jesse Hawley (left) and his coaching staff Hawley, Kellogg, Eby



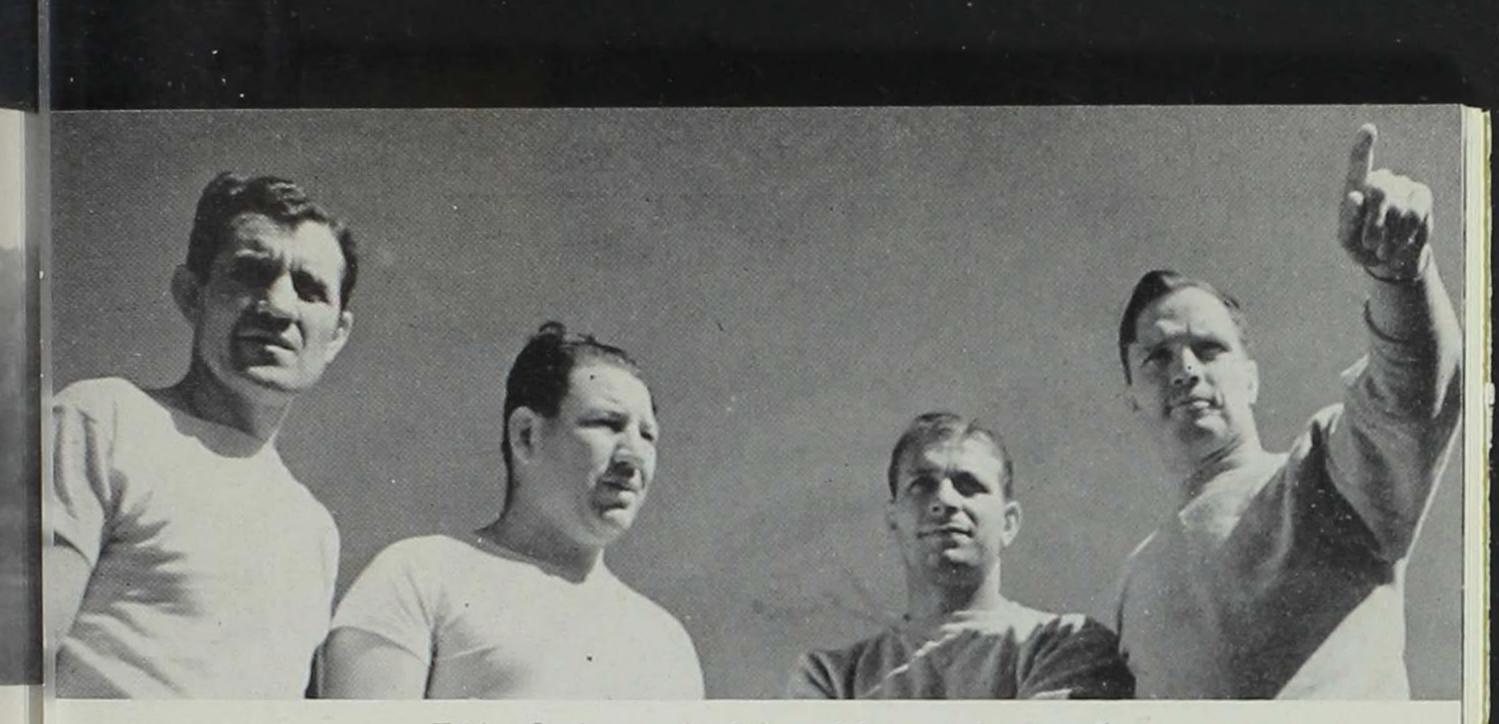


Above: Howard Jones (center) and his coaching staff Jenkins, Ashmore, Jones, Reed, Brigham

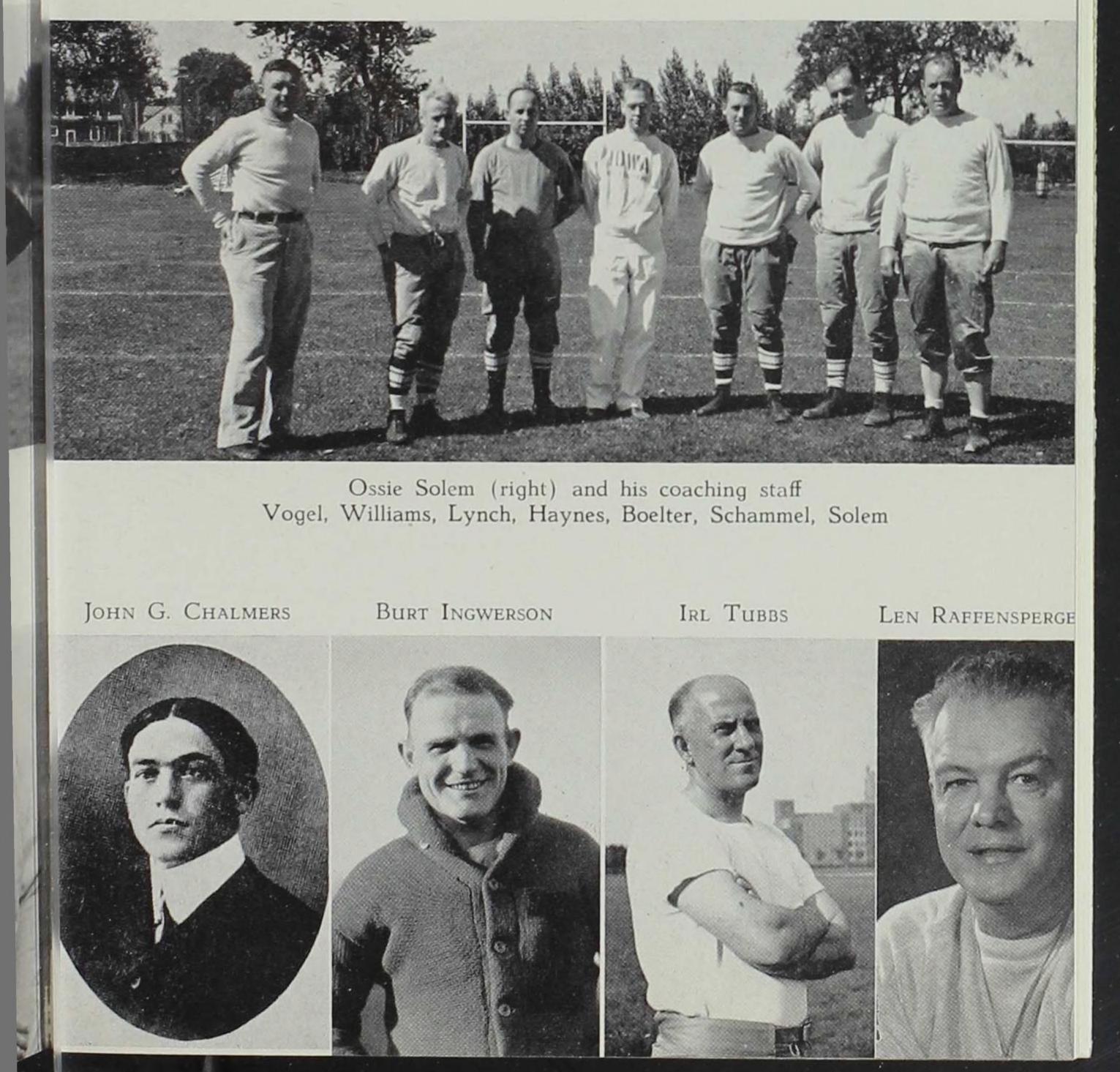
Below: Forest Evashevski and his staff Schwank, Piro, Flora, Evashevski, Elliott, Kodros



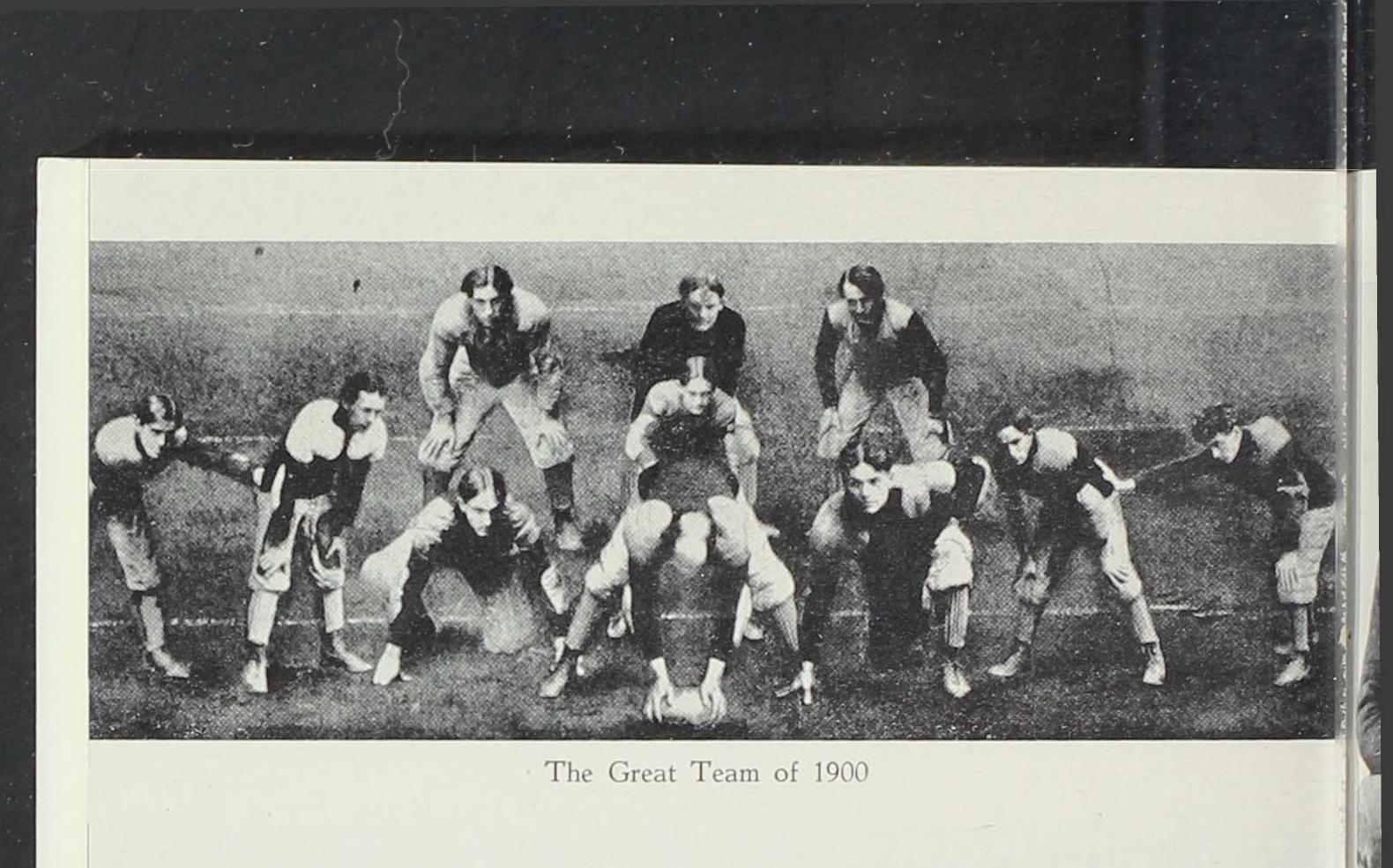




Eddie Anderson (right) and his coaching staff G. Devine, Harris, Carideo, Anderson





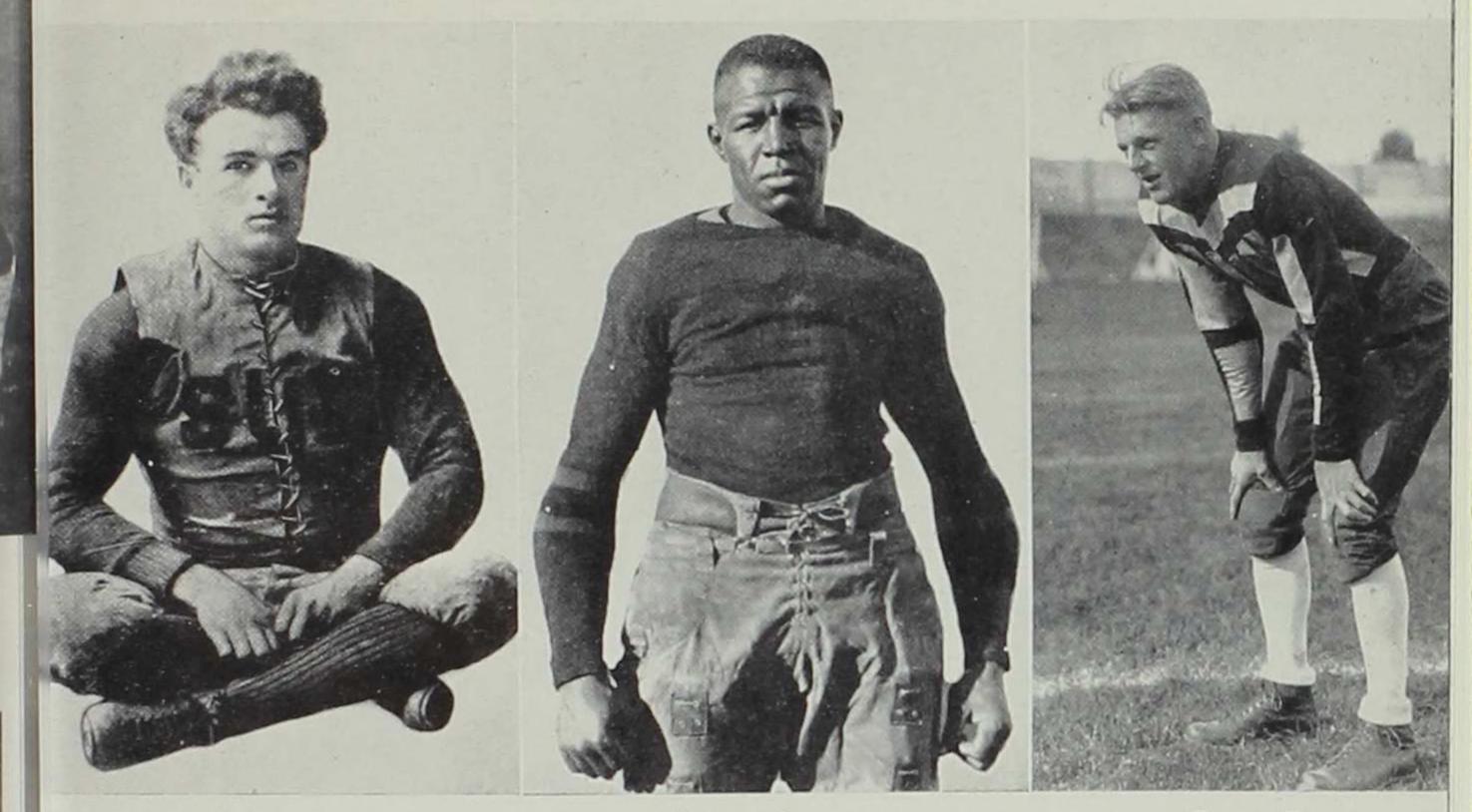




Coach Marc Catlin and Assistant Coach John Griffith and their squad



LOYALTY, TEAMWORK, COURAGE, SCHOOL SPIRIT



M. L. McKinley

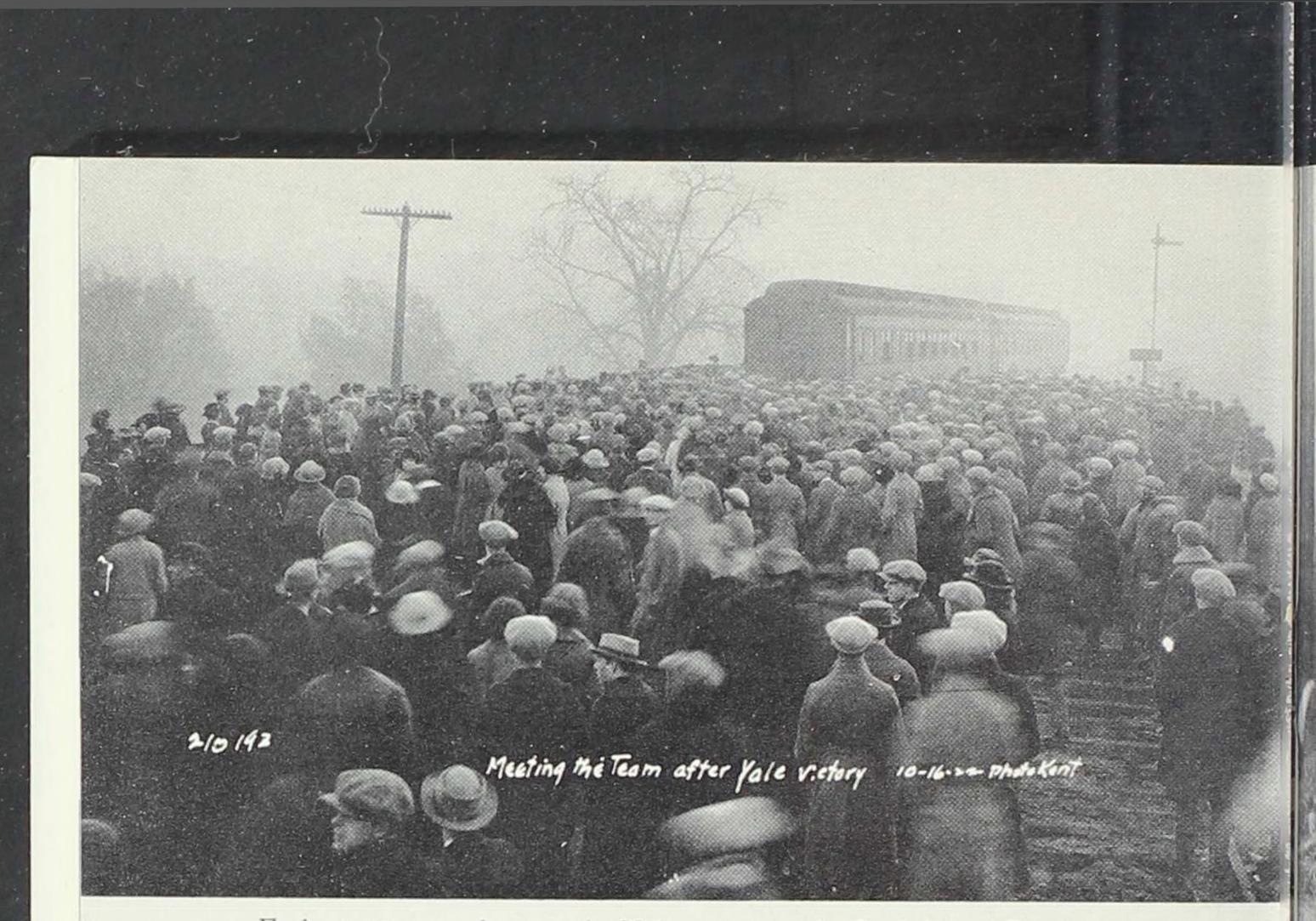
DUKE SLATER

Oran Pape



A tense moment in an exciting game



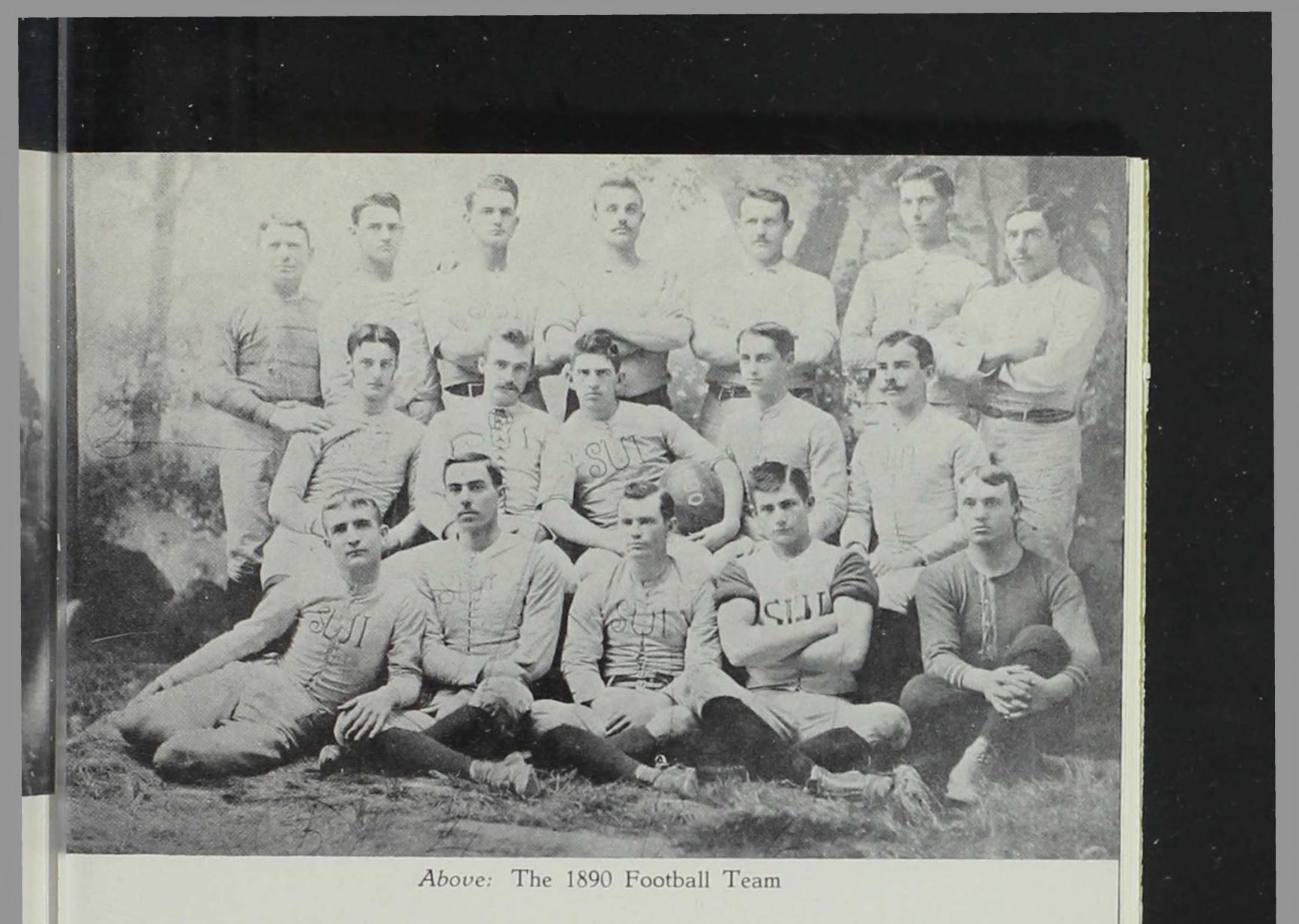


Enthusiastic crowd greets the Yale victors at the Rock Island Depot

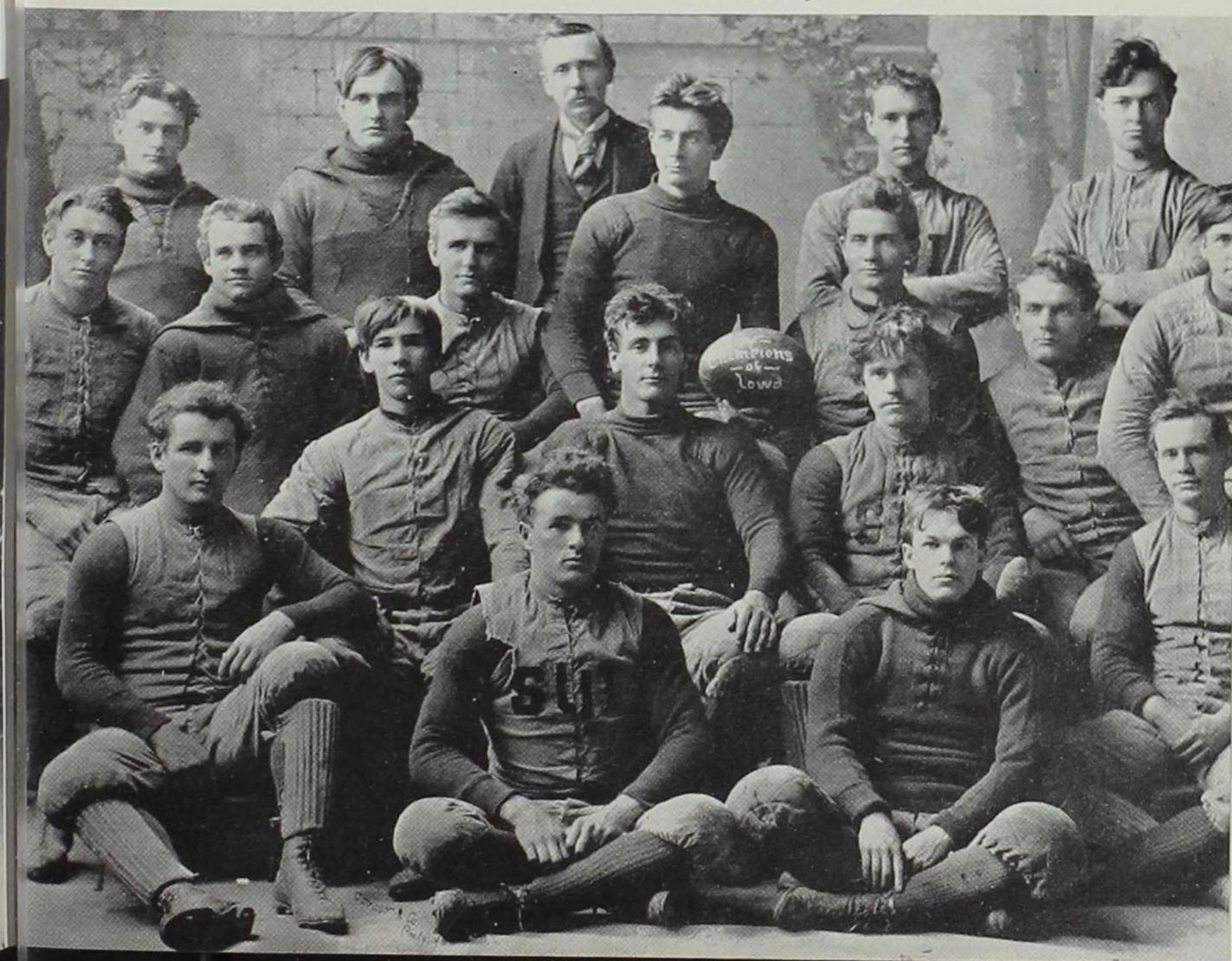


Waiting all night outside Whetstone's to buy football tickets





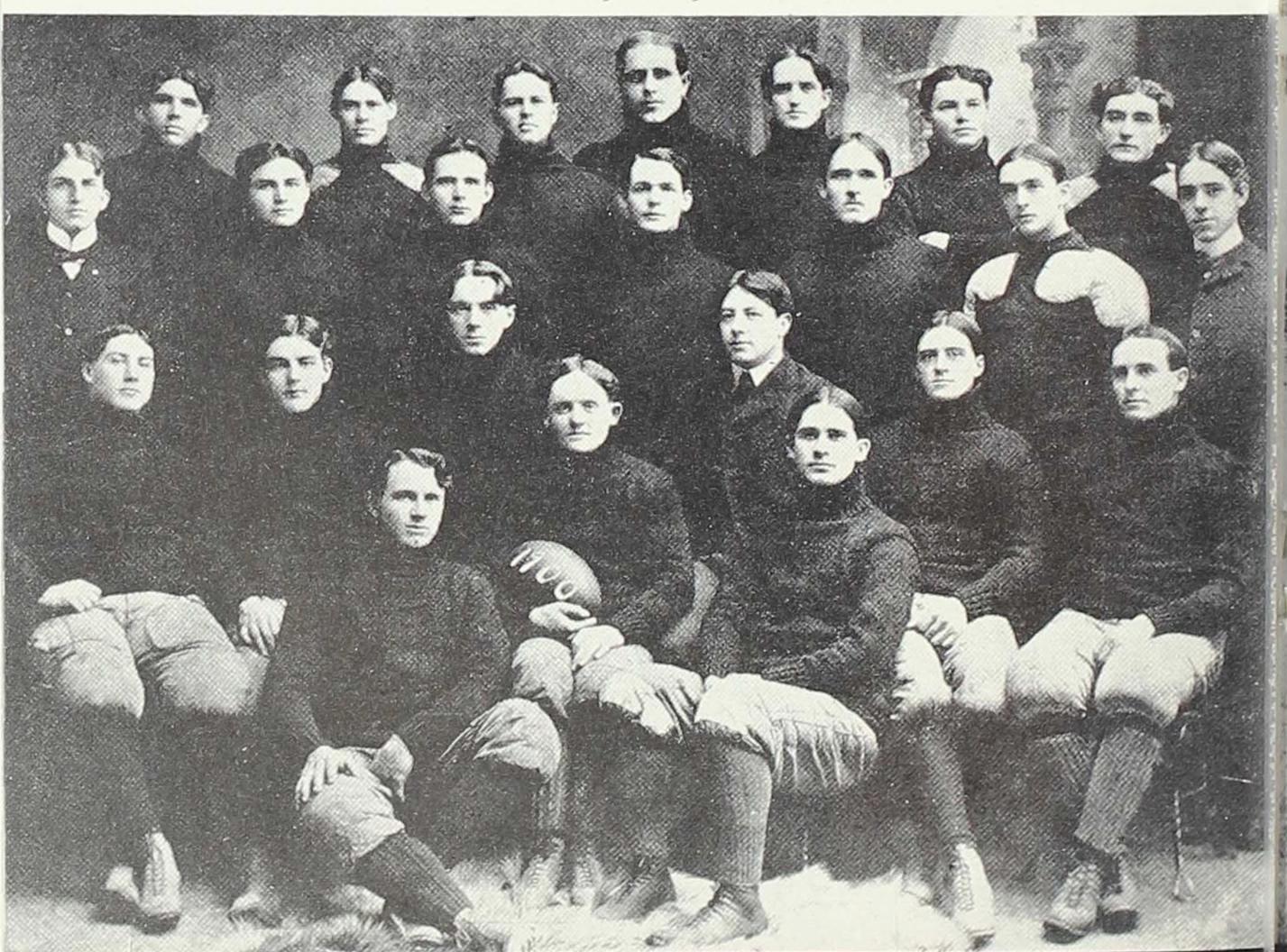
Below: The 1894 Football Team: "Champions of Iowa"







Above: The Championship Team of 1899



Below: The Championship Team of 1900





Above: The 1921 Championship Team

Below: The Championship Team of 1922



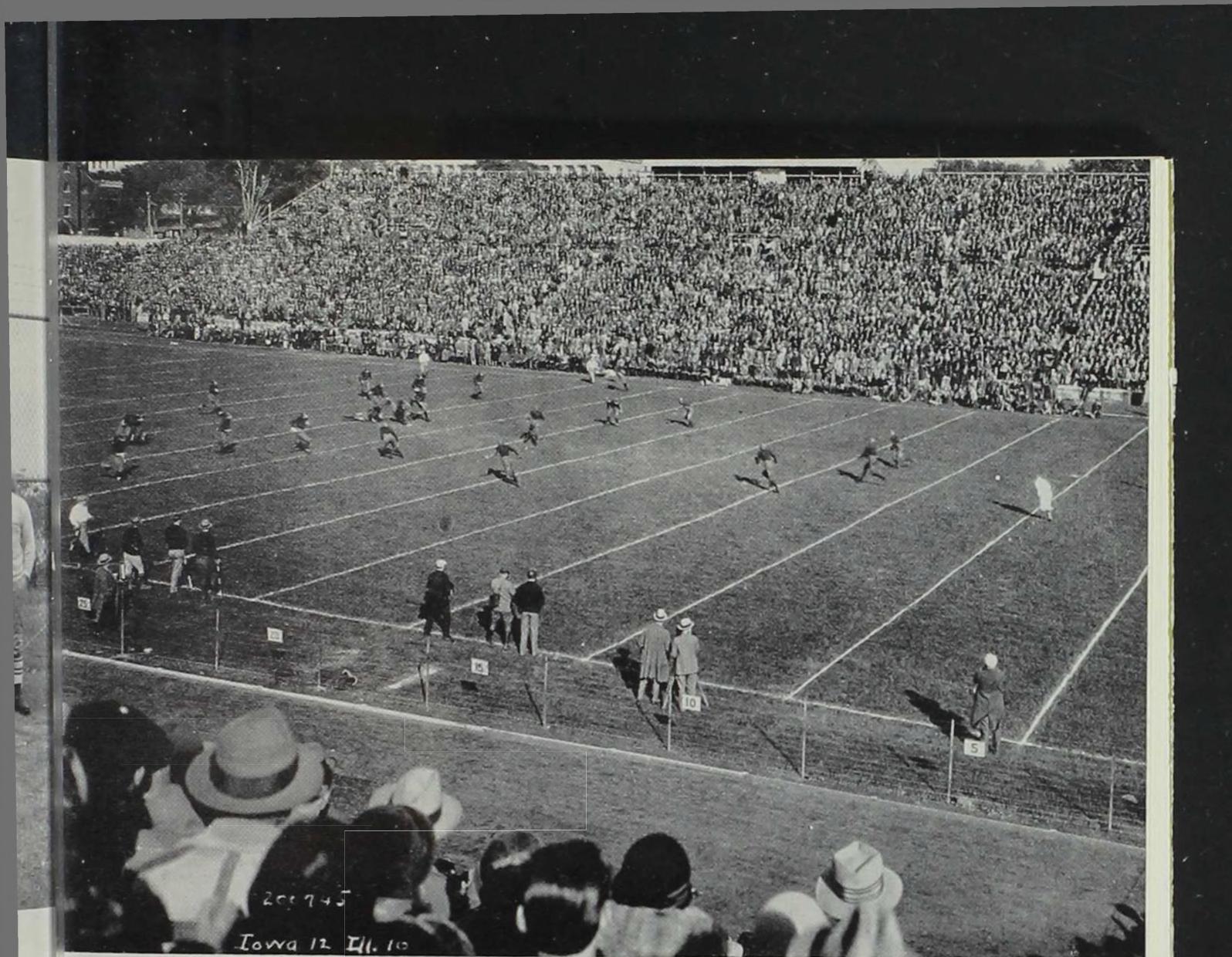




Above: The Ironmen of 1939



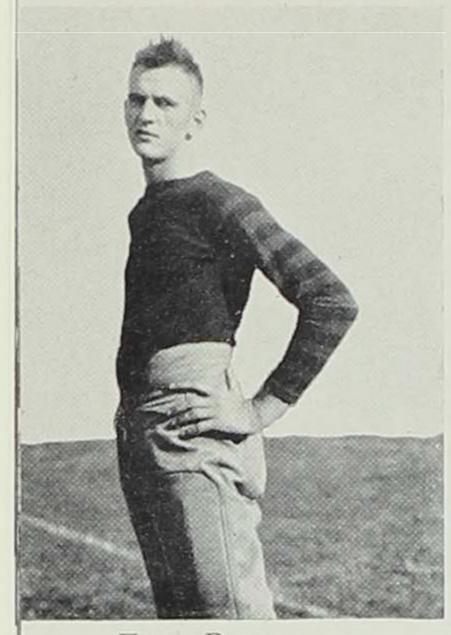




Above: Iowa 12, Illinois 10 in the Old Stadium in 1925

Below: Iowa 0, Wisconsin 6 in the blizzard of 1925



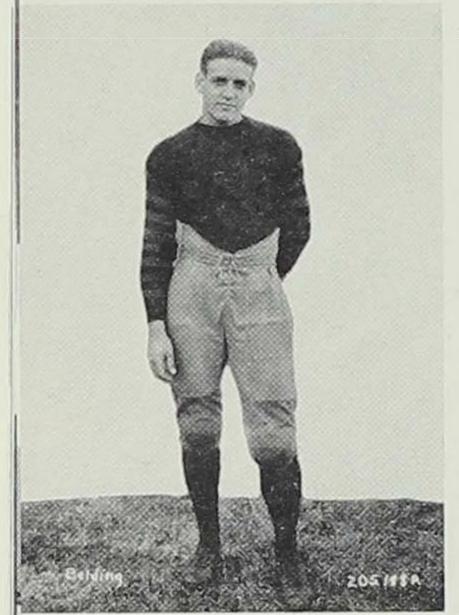


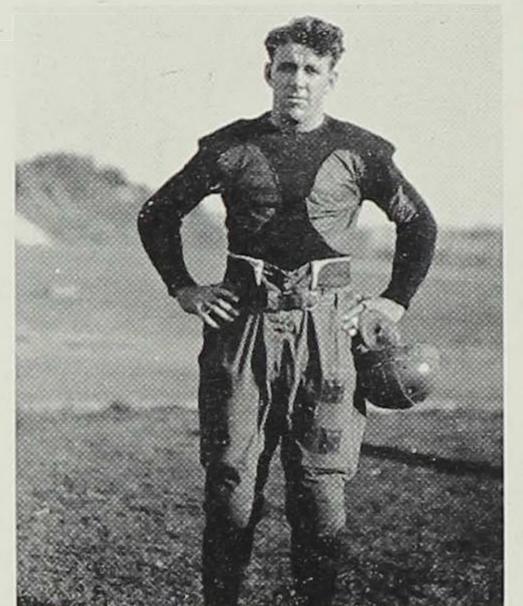
FRED BECKER tackle, 1916

Iowa All-Americans



RICHARD ROMEY end, 1925





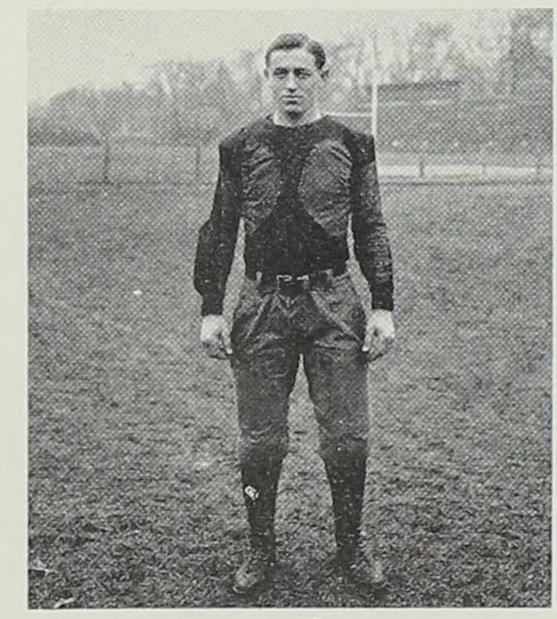


Lester Belding end, 1919

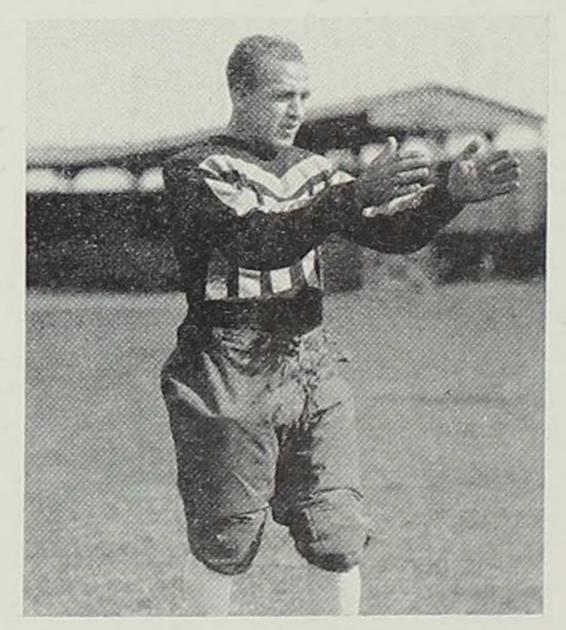
Gordon Locke f, qb, 1922



EMERSON NELSON tackle, 1926

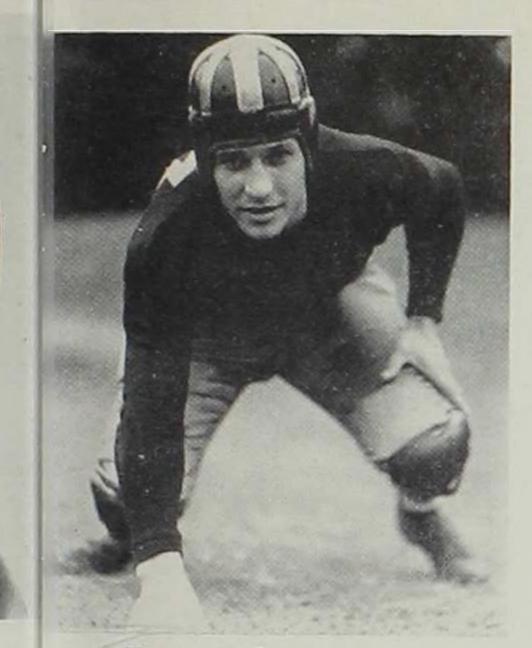


AUBREY DEVINE quarter, 1921



WILLIS GLASSGOW half, 1929



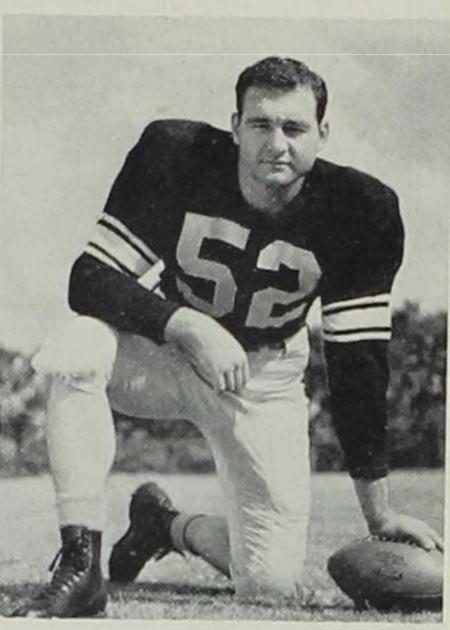


FRANCIS SCHAMMEL guard, 1933

Iowa

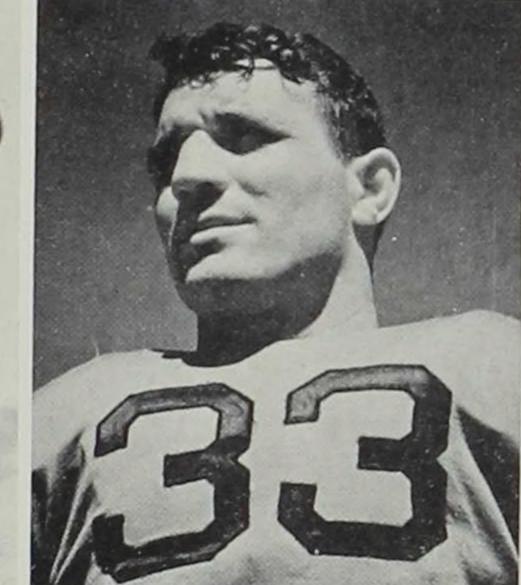
All-Americans

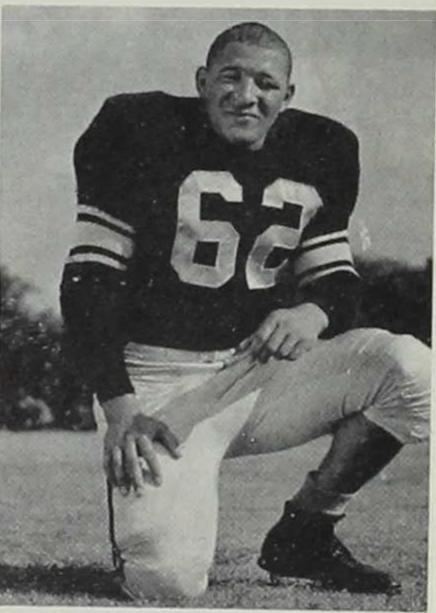
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JERRY HILGENBERG center, 1953



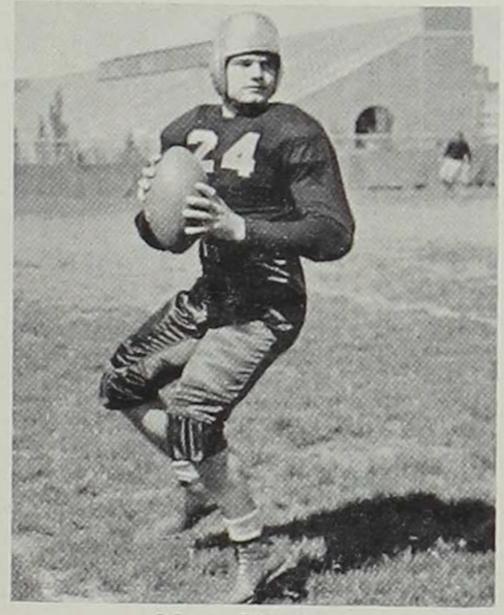




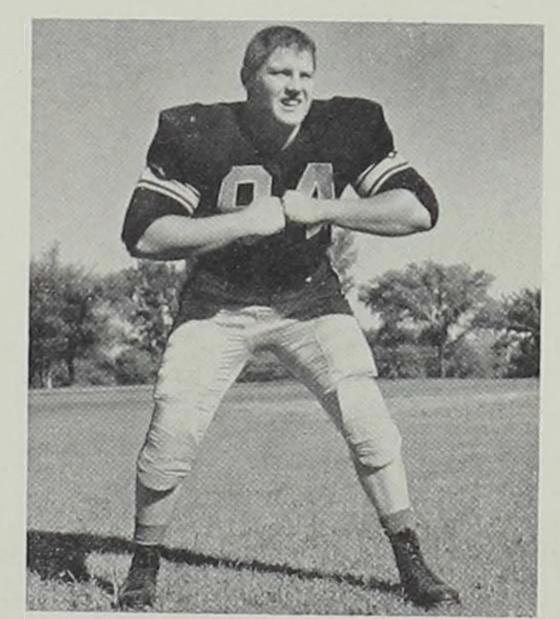
Ozzie Simmons half, 1935

MIKE ENICH tackle, 1940

CALVIN JONES guard, 1954, 1955



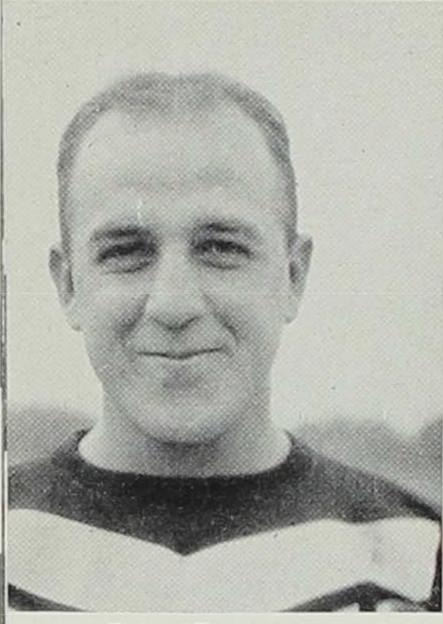
NILE KINNICK half, 1939



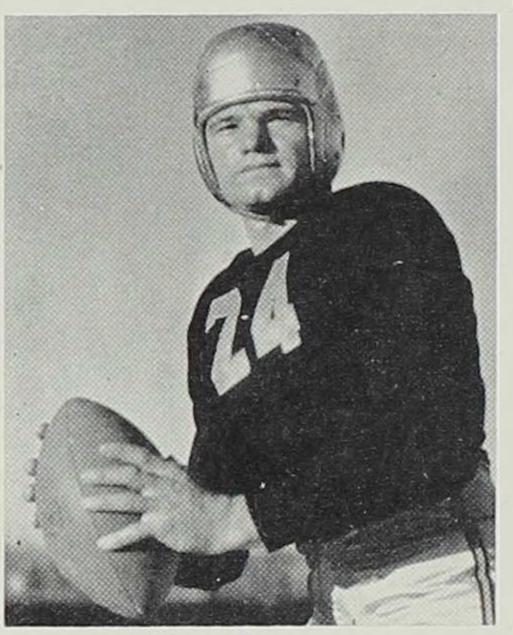
ALEX KARRAS tackle, 1956

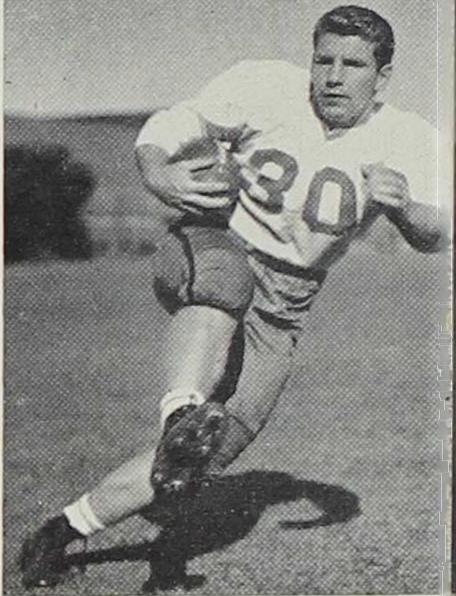


Most Valuable Players in Western Conference

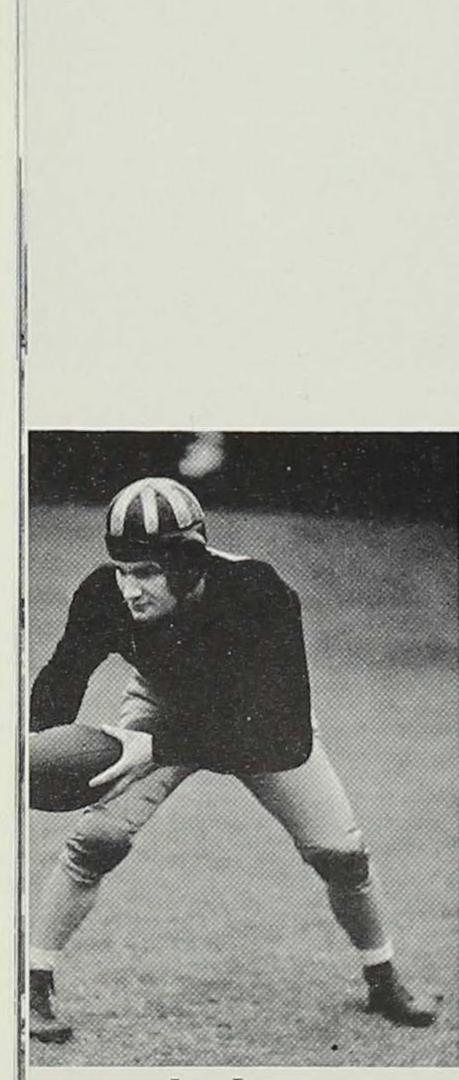


Bill Glassgow 1929

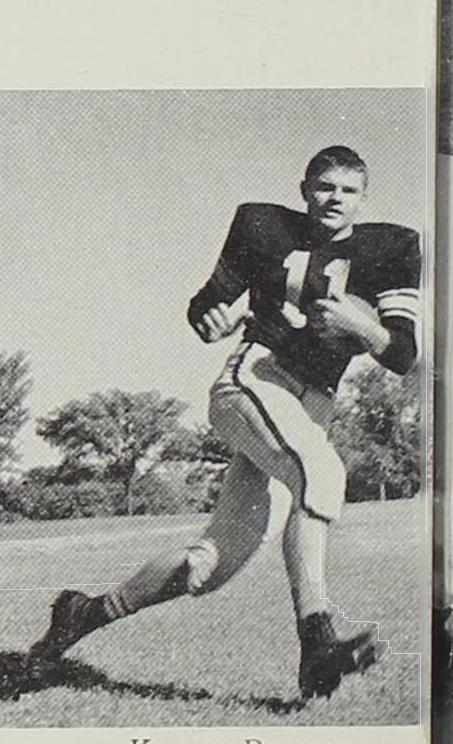




Bill Reichardt 1951



Joe Laws 1933 Nile Kinnick 1939



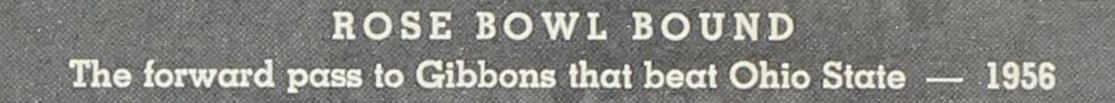
Kenny Ploen 1956

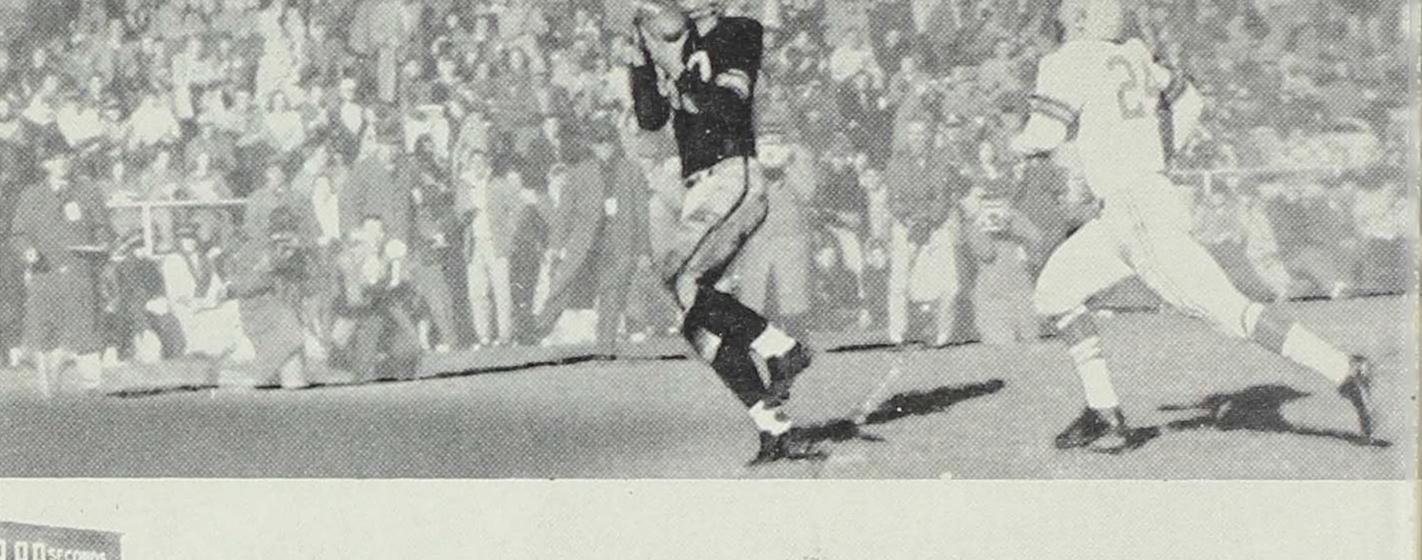


AUBREY DEVINE CARRYING BALL WITH LOCKE AND SHUTTLEWORTH RUNNING INTERFERENCE. Iowa 41 — Minnesota 7 — 1921

LOCKE CARRYING BALL AS SLATER BLOCKS OUT NOTRE DAME. Iowa 10 — Notre Dame 7 — 1921









TEARING DOWN GOAL POSTS AFTER OHIO GAME - 1956

WEDNERRAT, JANCARY & 1967. ****

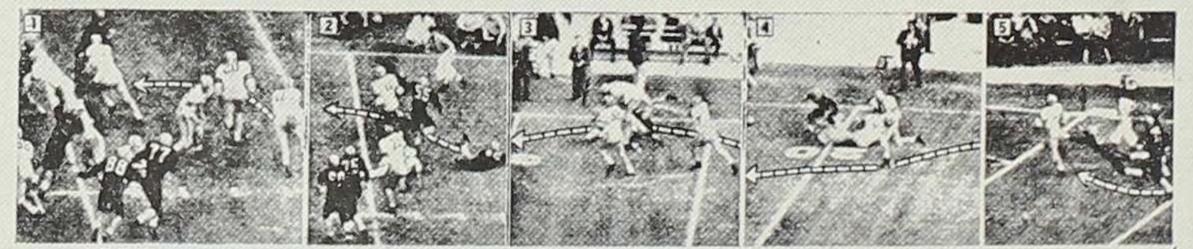
The Des Moines Register Sports

Comic Dictionary DANDELION-Another thing which, if given an toch, will take a yard.

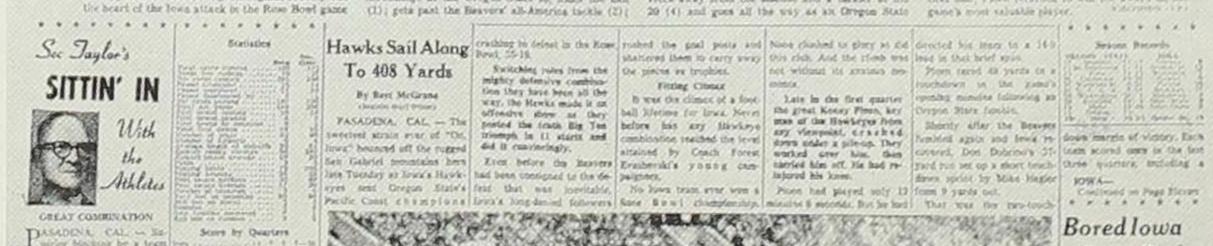
Manufally 1994

IOWA ROMPS IN ROSE BOWL, 35-19

Ploen Runs 49 at Start, Hagler Gallops 66 Against Oregon State



HUST FLOEN GOOD - Quarterback Komy Tuesdar. Here the Clinion senior, with the line of has an uncasy moment as he stumbles at the 22 (3) tackler minute at the 2 (3) Although is juned in Flows, just as he was during the regular season, was seriesmage at the Oregon State 55, hides the ball weres away from the sideline and a tackler at the first half. Flows returned to war the award as the





SOME GREAT HAWKEYE TEAMS 421

the team. He elevated fiery little Shuttleworth from the scrubs to a varsity blocking back. This was in 1920. Not until the fourth game of the 1923 season did the Hawks lose again, and that was after Shuttleworth had left.

One man did not bring about the football lightning which sent the name Hawkeye blazing across the nation, but it is an oddity that Shuttleworth began playing at the start of the victory string and never played on a loser. Actually, the record book barely mentions Shuttleworth. Blocking backs, just like blocking and tackling linemen, seldom make the headlines, but they do help make great teams.

And that Hawkeye team could block and tackle. Chance put together such offensive stars as Aubrey Devine, Gordon Locke, Max Kadesky, Lester Belding, and Glen Miller. It was their good fortune to be teamed with such dedicated football fundamentalists as Glenn Devine, Johnny Heldt, Chet Mead, Paul Minick, Duke Slater, L. J. Kriz, G. D. Thompson, and Craven Shuttleworth.

Like a Kansas cyclone the 1921 Hawkeyes swept aside all rivals. They won the Big Ten title along with national honors. Not once during the season had the Hawkeyes been behind! Only one team scored more than one touchdown against the Hawks, and that was little Knox after Iowa had made 52 points. Notre Dame,



422

Purdue, and Minnesota each scored once. No other teams crossed the Iowa goal line.

Two games stand out for special mention. First was the clash with mighty Notre Dame, who brought a 20-game winning streak into Iowa City. Although it was only the second game of the season, the Hawks were ready. In the first quarter, Gordon Locke blasted into the end zone to climax a steady march. Aubrey Devine converted and shortly afterward kicked a 35-yard field goal to give Iowa a 10-0 lead. Notre Dame fought back and scored on a long pass from Johnny Mohardt to Roger Kiley. Buck Shaw converted to make it 10-7 at the end of the first half.

Throughout the second half the Fighting Irish fought fiercely to keep their winning streak alive, but stubborn Iowa defense kept the score at 10-7.

From out of that crucible came the Hawkeye champions. Ten Iowa starters played all the way. Duke Slater stepped into the limelight of national acclaim, never to relinquish it the rest of that, his senior year.

Great though the Notre Dame victory was, even more convincing was a fabulous 41 to 7 victory over Minnesota at Minneapolis, the first Hawkeye triumph on Gopher soil. That was Aubrey Devine's greatest day, his work clinching every All-American honor. The figures on his magnificent afternoon are inspiring even 36 years later. He scored 29 points on four touchdowns



SOME GREAT HAWKEYE TEAMS 423

and five conversions, threw touchdown passes of 43 and 25 yards to Lester Belding for the other two Hawkeye scores, ran 162 yards on 34 plays from scrimmage, and picked up another 180 yards running back punts and kickoffs. Near the game's end, Devine was removed from the lineup. As he left the field the partisan Minnesota crowd joined Hawkeye fans in an ovation to Devine that shook the stadium walls.

Graduation took Slater, the Devine boys, and Lester Belding. But Gordon Locke bloomed into All-American brillance as a senior, scoring 72 points in the five 1922 Big Ten games to set a record that stood until World War II. Again the Hawks were undefeated and untied, sharing the Conference title with Michigan and Chicago. The season's highlight, though, came in non-conference play. Howard Jones's brother, Tad, coached at Yale and the two brothers scheduled a game at Yale-the first intersectional game in Hawkeye history. Yale had one of its greatest teams and the Hawks were underdogs, but Eastern experts were fooled as Iowa beat Yale, 6-0, in a defensive masterpiece. The winning score came on Leland Parkin's short end run, after Iowa's fine blocking had allowed Gordon Locke to drive almost the length of the field.

Graduation losses were heavy after 1922, and while the 1923 Hawks started with wins over Knox and Purdue, the victory string ended at

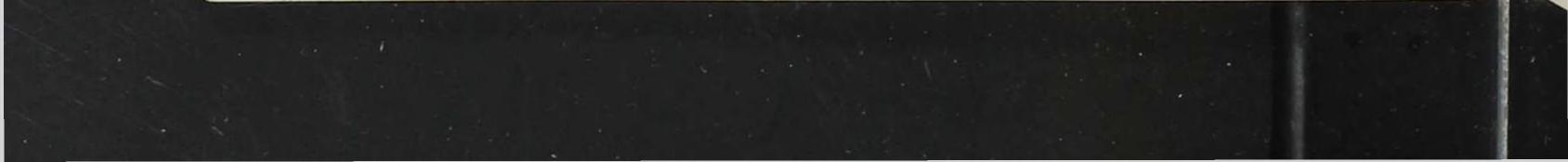


Iowa's Homecoming when Illinois trotted out a sophomore named Red Grange. His touchdown turned a 6-3 Iowa lead into a final 9-6 triumph for Illinois. A win over Ohio State preceded losses to Michigan and Minnesota. The Hawkeye sun had waned.

To appreciate properly the placing of the famed Iowa Iron Men of 1939 in this select listing of "Great" Hawkeye teams, one must remember that Iowa's ejection from the Big Ten in 1929 had resulted in a decade of football troubles that seemed never to end. Even the arrival of Dr. Eddie Anderson on campus before 1939 spring practice did not offer much hope to long suffering Hawkeye fans. Previous coaching changes had not helped, either. Spring practice brought Dr. Anderson's observation that Iowa had some good players, but not many. Even that was not news. During the dismal decade there had been always a few good Hawkeye players such as Joe Laws, Dick Crayne, Ozzie Simmons, and Zud Schammel, but still Iowa lost.

Against such a gloomy backdrop, the blazing exploits of the fabulous Iowa Iron Men brought Hawkeyeland to its feet, roaring an acclaim which has not yet diminished.

To win was heady wine; to win time after time when every measuring stick said defeat was inevitable was almost more than even the faithful could believe. Heart-stopping Saturdays fol-



SOME GREAT HAWKEYE TEAMS 425

lowed one another until the final record that caused national comment, and stands now as an Iowa Golden Hour.

Dr. Anderson was right - Iowa did have a few good players, but not many. Yet they were welded into a mighty defensive machine, held together by a superhuman ability to stay in the lineup, gaining for them the nickname "Iron Men." Nile Kinnick, Mike Enich, Erwin Prasse, Dick Evans, Jim Walker, Al Couppee, Bill Dean, Buzz Dean, Bill Green, Red Frye, Ham Snider, Max Hawkins, Wally Bergstrom, Chuck Tollefson, Ray Murphy, Bruno Andruska, Kenny Pettit, and the rest — Iowa fans will long remember. After trouncing South Dakota 41-0, the 1939 Hawkeyes nosed out Indiana 32-29 in a thriller. Then came Michigan on its home ground, and a 27-7 defeat, in which Iowa scored first on a pass from Kinnick to Dean. Only the most ardent fans would have dared foretell the outcome of the remainder of the schedule.

The loss to Michigan was soon forgotten in the joy which followed wins over Wisconsin and Purdue. The Hawkeyes were beginning to play like "Iron Men," but unbeaten Notre Dame and powerful Minnesota were still before them.

Undefeated Notre Dame trotted onto the Iowa field confident of an easy victory. But Nile Kinnick's magic foot kept the Irish at bay and added the vital extra point after his own touchdown,



giving Iowa a 7-6 win. The victory fairly stunned the gridiron world.

The team now faced the Golden Horde from Minnesota, Iowa's oldest Big Ten gridiron foe. When the final whistle blew dazed Hawkeye fans stumbled about on stadium sod for hours after the Golden Gophers had been beaten, 13 to 9, by the passing magic of versatile Nile Kinnick.

In the season's finale against Northwestern, minus Kinnick and a dozen others who had taken their lumps in earlier games, Iowa was hardpressed to escape with a 7-7 tie. It cost the Iron Men a Big Ten title share, an honor unclaimed until the gallant Rose Bowl team of 1956 gave

Iowa its first Conference crown since 1922.

But the Cinderella story of 1939 lost nothing by the absence of a title. Post-season honors were numerous — Dr. Anderson named Coach of the Year; Nile Kinnick getting the Heisman Award plus almost unanimous All-American acclaim. Others won numerous honors.

Graduation losses again hit hard, and again the Hawkeye sun waned, brightening at intervals but not blazing again in full glory until 1956 when the Hawkeyes won the undisputed championship of the Big Ten. On January 1, 1957, this fighting aggregation, led by Kenny Ploen, became Rose Bowl Champions, entitling them to be rated with the greatest Iowa teams — possibly the greatest. TAIT CUMMINS



Hawkeye Hall of Fame

If time were telescoped in some future football Valhalla, so that every University of Iowa gridiron star could answer the opening whistle at the peak of his career, who would be selected for the starting eleven?

Not even a man fortunate enough to have seen every Iowa football game from the 24-0 loss to Grinnell in 1889 to the 35-19 victory over Oregon State in the Rose Bowl on January 1, 1957, would dare to do the picking. Not if his choices had to run the gauntlet of critical Iowa fans, no two of whom would agree on the eleven greatest Hawkeyes of all time. Some help might be provided by nationally recognized All-American teams, although they did not mention an Iowa player until James Trickey was named to a second-team tackle spot by Walter Camp in 1912. Since then, All-American selectors have honored fourteen Hawkeyes with first-team places. Let's sift through those as we search for an all-time Iowa team.

How would a coach like to field a backfield consisting of the immortal Nile Kinnick (1939) and Willis Glassgow (1929) at halfbacks, Gordon Locke of the unbeaten 1921 and 1922 outfits 427



428

at fullback, and his choice of Kenny Ploen (1956) or Aubrey Devine (1921) at quarterback?

In the line, two great men would take charge of the ends. Lester Belding (1919) and Dick Romey (1925) were both Hawkeye ends selected for All-American honors. It would not be difficult, though, to reach down to the second-team group and choose an end from among Max Kadesky (1922), Bill Fenton (1952-53), and Frank Gilliam (1956). Or maybe the 1957 captain, Jim Gibbons, will rate a niche in the Hall of Fame. Certainly the catches he made in 1956 to lead Iowa to the Rose Bowl make him deserving of mention.

Jerry Hilgenberg (1953) is the only center ever named to a first, second, or third team by an All-American picker. Fact is, Iowa has had only three other centers to be named all-Big Ten: John Heldt in 1921, Dick Brown in 1928, and Don Suchy in 1956.

The two guard spots are easy: Francis "Zud" Schammel from the 1933 eleven and the late Calvin Jones, the only Hawkeye to make All-American two years. There might be an argument over tackle, where five Hawks have been tapped for first-team posts. Latest, of course, is Alex Karras, the Cinderella boy who hit the pinnacle in 1956 after being such a complete washout the previous season that he did not even win a letter. The most famous tackle in Iowa history,



HAWKEYE HALL OF FAME 429

of course, is Fred "Duke" Slater, hailed as one of the greatest offensive linemen in collegiate history. Duke, now a respected Chicago judge, has become a legend in Iowa football, and much of the saga of the 1921 team is built around his exploits. Three other tackles honored were: Fred Becker, the first Hawk named to an All-American first team in 1916; Emerson "Spike" Nelson, a kingpin on the 1926 team; and Pete Westra, member of Burt Ingwerson's most successful Iowa eleven in 1928.

There is no attempt here to claim that the best Iowa players through the years were picked on All-American teams. Indeed, there are multitudes who will tell you some of the most deserving Hawks were snubbed by selectors of honor teams.

And how about S. Clyde Williams, a star at Iowa back in the days (1899-1900) before Walter Camp recognized the fact that football was being waged beyond the Allegheny mountains? Who is to say Williams and some of his 1900 teammates (e.g., Joe Warner, Willis Edson, Ray Norton, Moray Eby) did not rate comparison with the likes of the 1921-1922 and 1956 performers? After all, they outscored eight foes by 310 points to 12 and were one of only two Iowa teams to beat the Michigan jinx!

But certainly no one would object, in our shadowy Valhalla, if our all-time Iowa squad would huddle and name Nile Kinnick as its honorary



captain. No individual has brought comparable acclaim to Iowa before or since in athletics, although it is difficult to imagine greater recognition than that handed Coach Forest Evashevski's squad of 1956.

One of Iowa's most dismal years was in 1938. The Hawks won only from Chicago's dying football empire, 27-14, and played a scoreless tie with Purdue. The other games resulted in losses by 7-3, 28-0, 14-0 (twice), 27-3, and 31-13.

It was darkest just before the dawn, and one can imagine what a surprise the 1939 team pulled on the football world with a complete reversal of form. Kinnick, who had been injured much of 1938, blossomed out under Dr. Eddie Anderson to lead Iowa to a record of six wins, one loss, and one tie, missing the Big Ten title when Kinnick was injured in the Northwestern game. Few who saw the Hawkeye Iron Man team will ever forget some of Nile's exploits: Three touchdown passes in the see-saw Indiana game, including one to Erwin Prasse that won the contest, 32-29, in the closing minutes; three more touchdown tosses in the 19-13 win over Wisconsin; the four-yard plunge and decisive dropkick that beat Notre Dame, 7-6; the famous punt that traveled nearly the length of the field to ruin the last hope of the Irish; and two great passes, to Prasse and Bill Green, to beat Minnesota, 13-9. Kinnick's teammates will tell you he was more



HAWKEYE HALL OF FAME 431

than mechanically great. He was an inspirational leader who helped hold the battered little band of Hawks together beyond the limits of physical endurance. Kinnick himself went six straight games without relief before being carried off the field on that dark and dismal day at Northwestern.

Kinnick became Iowa's first Heisman Award winner, and soon he proved himself as promising a speaker as he was an All-American halfback. An outstanding scholar, Nile was working on his law degree at Iowa when World War II came along. Flying as a naval aviator, he was forced to "ditch" his plane in the Caribbean, and Iowa's most famous Iron Man died before he could be reached by a crash boat from the aircraft carrier. The Hawkeyes of 1956 who gave Iowa its greatest record in twenty-five years will tell you that Kenny Ploen was "another Kinnick." Not only were his deadly passes and twisting runs vital to Iowa's Big Ten championship achievement, but he resembled Kinnick in the respect he commanded among the Iowa players and for his gentlemanly ways off and on the field. Younger football fans of today are apt to forget too quickly that there were sterling deeds by the 1921 and 1922 teams, the only unbeaten, untied elevens in Iowa history. Glancing back at those pages in Iowa gridiron history will show why Gordon Locke, Aubrey Devine, and Duke Slater rate pedestals in our Hall of Fame.



Locke was an All-American fullback in 1921, but he played both fullback and quarterback the next year. In 1922 he scored 12 touchdowns — 72 points — in five Big Ten games to post the scoring record that stood until Tony Butkovich rang up 78 points while playing for Purdue's servicemen-dominated wartime team in 1943. Butkovich's record is still standing.

Devine gave Iowa its greatest individual performance in the long series against Minnesota. Aubrey accounted for 29 points as Iowa won by its widest margin in history against the Gophers - 41-7. He scored four touchdowns, made five of six place kicks for extra points, and threw passes of 43 and 25 yards to Lester Belding for Iowa's other two scores. His afternoon's work included 162 yards on returned punts and kickoffs. The Minnesota-Iowa rivalry has been a bitter one, but the Gopher fans arose in a thrilling tribute to him when he left the field. Glassgow rates with the greatest breakaway backs in the annals of University football. His sparkling play helped Iowa whip through a difficult schedule only to lose out because of ties with Illinois and Michigan, a 7-6 loss to Ohio State, and a 7-0 setback by Purdue. Fans of that era will never forget Glassgow's 55-yard touchdown run against Michigan in 1928 and his 78-yard ramble that tied Illinois in 1929.

But how can we pick an all-time Iowa team by



HAWKEYE HALL OF FAME 433

ignoring players whose exploits are still part of the Hawkeye song and story? One would have to start by giving a bow to the memory of M. V. Sampson, who captained the first University of Iowa team to play an intercollegiate game — the 24-0 loss to Grinnell in 1889.

Modern Hawkeyes who have found Michigan a rugged jinx to crack will listen jealously when the old-timers tell about Moray Eby's three touchdowns in fifteen minutes of playing time against the Wolverines in 1900. That was Iowa's first year in the Western Conference.

How about a niche for Willis O'Brien, who kicked field goals of 52 and 50 yards against Minnesota in 1911? Try that sometime, even with a 1911 football that was rounder than our present-day elliptical spheroid.

I. J. "Stub" Barron, star lineman and captain of the 1915 team, probably would be only a sub on our all-time Iowa team, but he made Walter Eckersall's All-Western team in 1915 and was an All-Conference selection in 1914 and 1915. Stub was on hand for his forty-sixth straight opening day of fall practice this year.

Iowa athletes through the years have found a cheerful friend in Waddy Davis, and many of them did not know he was one of the greatest dropkickers in Iowa history. The rugged little guy played on the 1915, 1916, and 1917 teams, and one of his big days came when he booted two



perfect dropkicks to beat Iowa State, 6-3, in his senior season.

Glenn Devine played in the shadow of his All-American brother, Aubrey, and seldom handled the ball in his blocking role. But Glenn had a big moment in 1919 when he caught a toss from Aubrey and scored Iowa's only touchdown in a 9-6 loss to Chicago, then a powerhouse.

In the years following the 1921-1922 unbeaten teams, Iowa fans lauded the deeds of such colorful performers as Nick "Cowboy" Kutsch, who led Iowa to a 12-10 upset of Illinois in 1925 after the immortal Red Grange had run the opening kickoff back for a touchdown.

Then there was Mayes McClain, the Indian star who came from Haskell Institute to help Iowa in 1928 and later figured in the case that caused the school to be ejected from the Big Ten for one year.

Ill-fated Oran "Nanny" Pape was only a lowly sub in 1928. But he came off the bench for a 67yard touchdown run against Minnesota. Another sub, Irving Nelson, dropkicked the extra point to give Iowa a 7-6 upset win. Revengeful Minnesota assembled a 7-3 edge the next year, but Pape zipped six yards around end in the final two minutes to let Iowa repeat, 9-7. A few years later Pape, a member of the Iowa Highway Patrol, was killed by a bullet from a fugitive's gun.

After Iowa began recovering from its Big Ten



HAWKEYE HALL OF FAME 435

ouster in 1930, such stars as Joe Laws, Francis "Zud" Schammel, and Dick Crayne came into prominence. And how could we come this far without a mention of Ozzie Simmons, the Ebony Eel, who terrorized Hawkeye foes in 1934, 1935, and 1936? You can find any number of Iowa fans who will describe the way the confident Ozzie would offer tacklers the ball, then twist around them for long gains. They will never forget the electricity that crackled through the stadium whenever he got the ball.

Homer Harris deserves a paragraph. Not only was he a fine end, but in 1937 he was elected captain, marking the first time a Negro led a major

college football eleven.

Kinnick had some fine help in 1939 — Iron Men like Mike Enich, Jim Walker, Max Hawkins, Bill Diehl, Bill Green, Ray Murphy, Al Couppee, Dick Evans, Chuck Tollefson, Wally Bergstrom, Ham Snider, and Captain Erwin Prasse.

You will never be able to convince Michigan fans that Dick Hoerner does not belong on the all-time Iowa team. They'll never forget his plunging in the 1946 game, won by Michigan, 14-7.

In the years before Forest Evashevski took over at Iowa in 1952, there were men like Earl Banks, Jack Dittmer, Bill Kay, the rugged Shoener twins, Bob Smith, Bob Sullivan, Emlen



Tunnell, Al DiMarco, and Bill Reichardt, to name a few.

In the Evashevski era the brightest names have been Jerry Hilgenberg, Cal Jones, Alex Karras, Ken Ploen, Frank Gilliam, Dusty Rice, and Jerry Reichow.

Reichow never played with a championship team, but he won the Coffman Trophy for being named the outstanding player in the 1956 East-West Shrine game. Eddie Vincent was the Big Ten's leading ground gainer in 1954, and Earl Smith was the leading scorer in the Conference the same season.

GUS SCHRADER

IOWA ALL-AMERICANS*

Fred Becker, t, 1916 Lester Belding, e, 1919 Aubrey Devine, qb, 1921 Gordon Locke, qb, 1922 Richard Romey, e, 1925 Emerson Nelson, t, 1926 Willis Glassgow, hb, 1929 *Big Ten Records Book 1957-1958

Francis Schammel, g, 1933 Ozzie Simmons, hb, 1935 Nile Kinnick, hb, 1939 Mike Enich, t, 1940 Jerry Hilgenberg, c, 1953 Calvin Jones, g, 1954, 1955 Alex Karras, t, 1956



Iowa and the Rose Bowl

At my house — and I suppose this is true in the homes of many Iowans - I have a special shelf on the bookcase marked "Rose Bowl." There is a University Alumni Association bulletin outlining plans for a westward trip, a program of the Tournament of Roses parade, a program of the Iowa-Oregon State game, a pictorial review of the parade, a ticket stub to the game, and even a splintered, shattered piece of a goal post which once stood on the hallowed playing field at Pasadena, California. Whenever I leaf through these mementos of a matchless trip, I vividly recall a late November afternoon in Iowa stadium in Iowa City, November 17, 1956, to be exact, that unforgettable day when Iowa defeated Ohio State and officially stamped itself as the Big Ten's Rose Bowl representative. Then I think of the afternoon, almost two months later, when the same Iowa team culminated its first Western Crusade with a brilliant victory for the Hawkeyes over the Beavers of Oregon State College.

I think, too, of the days and nights between the two games, and of the excitement which gripped the state prior to the mass movement of Iowa fans

437



to the Pacific. Historically, it must be recorded as one of Iowa's great moments, even by those who do not know a field goal from first base.

This, then, is the story of the Rose Bowl football game and of how Iowa got there and of what it did after it arrived.

In 1946 the Western Conference, or the Big Ten as it is more familiarly known, entered into an agreement with the Pacific Coast Conference which was to match a school from each league in the famed Rose Bowl game on New Year's Day. Illinois went out that first year, on New Year's Day of 1947, and thrashed a favored University of California at Los Angeles team, 45-14. It was the beginning of an unhappy series for the West Coast teams. Michigan represented the Big Ten the next season, and won, as did Northwestern and Ohio State, and then Michigan and Illinois again. Series score: 6-0, Big Ten. The fans from the Golden West literally bubbled in 1953 when the Trojans of the University of Southern California shut out Wisconsin, 7-0, giving the PCC its first triumph in seven years of the series. But their joy was short-lived. Michigan State won in 1954, Ohio State in 1955, and Michigan State again in 1956.

By now, Pacific Coast fans were beginning to think they had a monster by the tail. The boys from the Big Ten, they were saying, were too rough, too big, too fast, too good. They won-



IOWA AND THE ROSE BOWL 439

dered if a Pacific Coast team would ever win again.

Meanwhile, in the Corn State, 2,000 miles away, Iowa fans were wondering if they would ever live to see the Old Gold and Black representing the Western Conference at Pasadena. Prospects began to brighten when a new coaching staff, headed by Forest Evashevski, arrived in 1952. But the Rose Bowl still seemed a long way off. True, the Hawkeye teams of 1954 and 1955 had been prominent contenders for championship laurels, but both suffered a string of narrow and discouraging defeats, and there was little reason to think that the season of 1956 would be much

different than those which had gone before.

The team had some material assets, including a favorable schedule, when the 1956 season was evaluated, but the personnel losses from 1955 were heavy, including such men as the late All-American guard Calvin Jones, halfback Eddie Vincent, and quarterback Jerry Reichow.

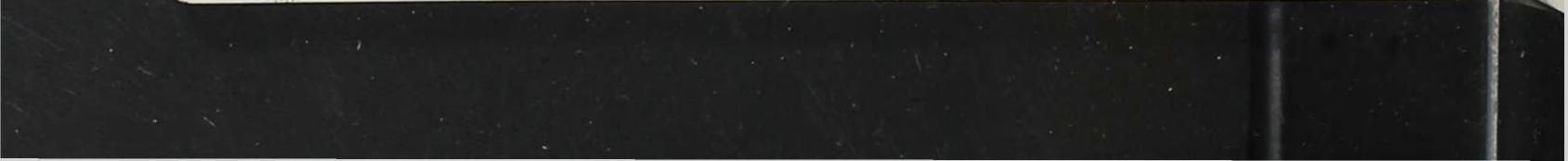
A group of Big Ten writers, making a pre-season tour of Conference schools, predicted a second division finish for the Hawkeyes in the race. No one, it seemed, thought Iowa had a chance to win the title. No one, maybe, but the coaches and the players. They must have thought they had a chance, for they fought like fury to keep it alive. The team of 1956 started well by shutting out Indiana, 27-0. Next came Oregon State, an un-



heralded team from the Pacific Coast which forced Iowa to come from behind with two fourthquarter touchdowns to win, 14-13. Wisconsin also fought Iowa to the finish before the Hawkeyes won, 13-7. Then it was a 34-0 triumph over Hawaii, the only "breather" on the Hawkeye card. The first real test, early season forecasters declared, would come against Purdue at Lafayette. To the amazement of seasoned football scribes, Iowa won that one, too, 21-20, by scoring three times in the first half and staving off a final Purdue threat in the last minutes to win. Now it was five down — and four to go. Iowa, for the first time in years, was leading the Big Ten at the halfway mark with a 3-0 record. But the strongest foes were yet to be met: Michigan and Minnesota and then Ohio State, all giants in a league of mammoth men.

It was Homecoming in Iowa City, with revelry, parades, and high excitement when Michigan arrived in Hawkeyeland. An unbeaten Iowa team was to meet a "jinx" foe which had defeated it for three straight years at Ann Arbor by coming from behind in the second half. This time 58,000 Iowa rooters were sure the tables would be turned.

Unfortunately, the game did not follow the script Iowans would have written. True to their tradition, the Wolverines fought back from a half-time deficit of 14-3 to win, 17-14, dampening the spirits of the Hawkeye throng by scoring the



IOWA AND THE ROSE BOWL 441 winning touchdown with only 66 seconds left to play.

There were many who thought this was the end of Iowa's season and of its Rose Bowl hopes. A few may have smiled and said, "Wait till next year," as they trudged away from the stadium that afternoon. If so, their sentiment was not shared by the Iowa coaching staff, nor by the team. They took the defeat hard, but at the same time determined to try anew to unlock the gate to Pasadena.

They unlocked that gate — and stuck one foot inside — the very next week at Minneapolis against the Golden Gophers of Minnesota, who had tortured and humiliated Iowa in many a previous season. Iowa did it, 7-0, with a first-quarter pass from Ken Ploen to Jim Gibbons, a follow-up plunge of one six-point yard by fullback Fred Harris, a perfect conversion by Bob Prescott, and a frenzied defense throughout the rest of the afternoon. Now, in a state noted for corn and hogs, roses had begun to sprout, figuratively speaking. Everyone, it seemed, had Rose Bowl fever, a disease which flushed the cheeks, quickened the pulse, made the pupils of the eyes resemble a pigskin, and had many who were not even "old grads" willing to join in an "Eee-Oh-Wah-Wah!" at the drop of a helmet.

One more miracle and Iowa would be westward



442 THE PALIMPSEST

bound. But what a miracle! Iowa had to play Ohio State, a team rolling along with 17 consecutive Big Ten triumphs and two successive Big Ten championships. The Buckeyes, fresh from an easy triumph over Indiana, were to be well rested, while Iowa must surely feel the strain of three consecutive games which were not decided until the final minute.

When the day of all days was over, the Hawkeyes had proved themselves worthy of the most glowing press reports. Through a bitter and scoreless first half Iowa battled the bigger and faster Buckeyes on even terms. Early in the second half, the brilliant Ploen tossed a 17-yard pass (some later reported it as a 2,000-mile pass) to end Jim Gibbons for a touchdown. When automatic Bob Prescott missed the conversion try, one of only two that he missed in 26 attempts for the year, there were many who groaned. But in the end it did not matter at all, for the six points were as good as a hundred. Those embattled Hawkeyes up front turned back every thrust the Buckeyes sent at them and, at game's end, Iowa wound up in possession of the ball on the Buckeye oneyard line.

The end of the game marked a scene of wild pandemonium the likes of which Iowa stadium had never seen. It was Christmas, the Fourth of July, and Thanksgiving — all wrapped up in one big package. Mad, milling students tore down



IOWA AND THE ROSE BOWL 443

the goal posts; the band tried its best to strike up "On Iowa!" while being overrun by exuberant celebrators; those still in the stands turned and hugged their neighbors, though in many cases they had never seen them before the game; and back down on the field, the members of the squad and just plain students carried men like Ploen and Gibbons and Alex Karras and Frank Gilliam on their shoulders off the field.

The final score had hardly been posted, the whistle atop the engineering building scarcely pitched to its highest shriek, before everyone, it seemed, had decided to go to California.

"We've had a Rose Bowl float ready since August!" said Governor Leo A. Hoegh.

"We had secret meetings last week to plan transportation for Iowans to the West Coast," said Loren Hickerson of the Iowa Alumni Association.

"I don't have enough tickets!" wailed Francis Graham, Iowa's business manager of athletics.

"California, Here We Come!" shouted thousands of Iowans, suddenly gone berserk.

The weeks that followed were busy, bustling, wonderful weeks for Iowans — especially if they were California-bound. How to go, when to leave, what to wear? A special rationing system was set up by University officials to handle the flood of ticket requests. Iowa received an allotment of 12,000 tickets, but orders for more than



444 THE PALIMPSEST

that number were received on the very first day of the sale.

Long before Christmas, the great migration of Iowans to the West began. By car, by bus, by train, by plane, an estimated 15,000 Hawkeye fans poured into Los Angeles and Pasadena. It was called the greatest peacetime exodus of Iowans in history.

The team and coaching staff had preceded the bulk of Iowa fans by several days, flying from Iowa in mid-December for practice sessions leading up to the first re-match in Rose Bowl history. Oregon State, the team Iowa had nipped by a single point in October, had gone on to produce a surprise, as Iowa did in the Midwest, by winning the Pacific Coast title. The Iowa band and Scottish Highlanders made the trip, through the courtesy of Oldsmobile. Stopping to prance and exhibit their talent enroute to California and again on the way home, both were immense hits, not only at the game, but at the Tournament of Roses parade, which featured a University of Iowa float, a State of Iowa float, a Keokuk float, and a Big Ten float dominated by Herky the Hawk.

The team, 44 men in all, was quartered at the plush Huntington-Sheraton Hotel in Pasadena and did its practicing at nearby Los Angeles Junior College. Oregon State was quartered near the ocean at Santa Monica. As the game time drew



IOWA AND THE ROSE BOWL 445

near, Iowa was quoted as a 9 to 14 point favorite. The Hawkeyes made the oddsmakers look good almost from the start, as a crowd of 97,126 fans — largest ever to see a Hawkeye team in action — sat in warm sunshine in the beautiful bowl in the Arroyo Seco. Early in the game Frank Gilliam, Iowa end, gobbled up an OSC fumble to set up Iowa's first score. Moments later, Ploen rolled out to his right, faked a pass, slipped past two tacklers at the line of scrimmage and headed down the sidelines. All but hemmed in at one spot, he was bumped and appeared to be falling. But he somehow regained his stride and sprinted into the end zone to finish a dazzling

49-yard touchdown run.

In the same period, big Don Dobrino, Hawkeye halfback, raced 40 yards through the Beavers to set up a nine-yard scoring run by halfback Mike Hagler, and it was 14-0 at the first quarter.

Things turned gloomier for Iowa in the second quarter. Oregon State scored, making it 14-6. Then Ploen was hurt and carried off the field to the dressing room. But Iowa did not let down. Reserve quarterback Randy Duncan took charge of the team and marched it on another scoring drive which ended with a five-yard end run by halfback Bill Happel. Bob Prescott's third conversion made it 21-6 at the half.

The hard-hitting and deceptive Hawkeyes blew the game wide open early in the second



446 THE PALIMPSEST

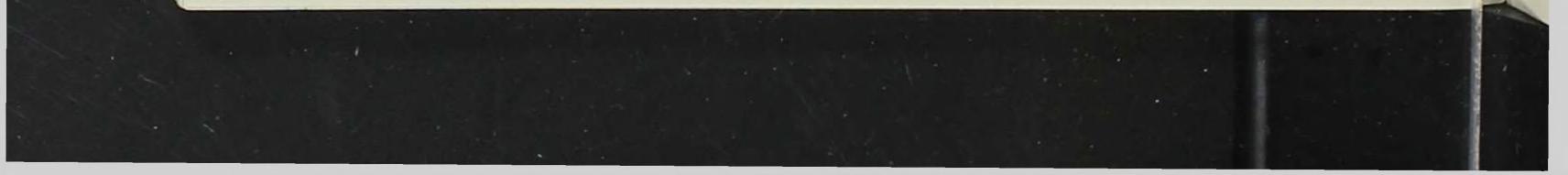
half, sending Hagler on a 66-yard touchdown scamper on a brilliantly executed double reverse play from their winged-T formation. Prescott's kick made it 28-6 and the Beavers were obviously out of contention, although they scored single touchdowns in both the third and fourth quarters while Iowa was finishing off with a final touchdown in the fourth quarter on a 16-yard pass from Ploen to Gibbons, making the final score 35-19.

At the game's end, hundreds of Iowans thronged the field, fighting for a shred of the goalposts and carrying several of the Hawkeyes off the field on their shoulders. Ploen was acclaimed as the game's Most Valuable Player after a sensational performance which saw him complete nine of ten passes for 83 yards, run for 59 more, and direct the team in flawless fashion, coming back to play most of the second half.

That's how it was the year Iowa went to the Rose Bowl. The team that wasn't going anywhere, went all the way. The mute evidence of conquest and of valor are the keepsakes Iowans brought home from California.

Just before the Ohio game the team was told: "You have 60 minutes to beat Ohio State, and a lifetime to remember it!" Thousands of Iowans now share those warm and wonderful memories with the team . . . grand memories of the Rose Bowl game of 1957.

AL GRADY



IOWA COACHING RECORDS

Year	Coach	Sea-		All Gar L	nes T	с w	Conf. Games W L T				
1889	None		0	1	0	-	-	_			
1890	None		1	1	0	-	-	_			
1891	None		3	2	0	-	-	-			
1892	None		3	2	1	-	-	-			
1893	None		3	4	0	-	-	-			
1894	None		4	4	T	-	-	-			
1895	None		2	5	0	-	-	-			
1896	A. E. Bull	Т	7	1	1	-	-	-			
1897	T. Wagonhurst .	1	4	4	0	-		-			
1898-01	A. A. Knipe	4	24	7	4	2	3	1			
1902	S. W. Hobbs	1	5	4	0	0	3	0			
1903-05	J. G. Chalmers	3	24	8	0	1	6	0			
1906-08	M. Catlin	3	7	10	0	• 1	3	0			
1909	J. G. Griffith	1	2	4	1	0	1	0			
1910-15	J. Hawley	6	24	18	0	8	П	0			
1916-23	H. H. Jones	8	42	17	0	21	12	0			
1924-31	B. A. Ingwersen	8	33	27	4	П	20	4			
1932-36	O. M. Solem	5	15	21	4	5	16	4			
1937-38	Irl Tubbs	2	2	13	Т	Т	8	1			
1939-42) 1946-49	E. N. Anderson.	8	35	33	2	21	24	2			
1943-44	E. P. Madigan	2	2	13	T	0	10	1			
1945	C. F. Crowe	1	2	7	0	- 1	5	0			
1950-51	L. Raffensperger	2	5	10	3	2	9	1			
1952-56	F. Evashevski	5	24	20	2	16	15	1			
			273	236	25	90	146	15			



	Won	Lost	Tied	Pct.*
Michigan	176	69	9	.710
Ohio State	144	77	15	.642
Michigan State	15	9	0	.625
Minnesota	158	107	23	.585
Chicago	123	103	14	.542
Illinois	153	149	21	.506
Wisconsin	136	136	31	.500
Purdue	109	149	23	.428
Northwestern	115	174	18	.400
lowa	90	147	15	.387
Indiana	73	169	18	.315

ALL-TIME CONFERENCE STANDINGS

*Ties counted half-game won, half-game lost.

BIG TEN - PACIFIC COAST IN ROSE BOWL

1902-Michigan		49	
1921-California		28	
1947—Illinois		45	
1948-Michigan		49	
1949-Northwestern .		20	
1950-Ohio State		17	
1951—Michigan		14	
1952—Illinois		40	
1953—Southern Californ	ia	7	
1954—Michigan State .		28	
1955-Ohio State		20	
1956—Michigan State .		17	
1957—lowa		35	

Stanford .		•	•	0
Ohio State				0
UCLA				14
Southern Cali	ifor	nia		0
California .	•		•	14
California .		•	•	14
California .				6
Stanford .				7
Wisconsin .				0
UCLA				20
Southern Cali	for	nia		7
UCLA				14
Oregon State			•	19

178 Wc

145 WO



. . . .

6 Grinnell 14 91 Iowa Wesleyan 0 Won I Lost I I4 Tied 0

	1896
	Drake 0
0	Chicago 6
	Kansas 0
27	Wilton 0
12	Missouri 0
34	Des Moines YMCA 0
6	Nebraska 0
15	Grinnell 6
0	Nebraska 0
132	12
Won	7 Lost I Tied I

		1	9 ()	I						
11	Coe										0
16	lowa	Te	ach	er	s		 				0050
6	Drak	e					 				5
12	lowa	St	ate								0
0	Minn	eso	ta				 				16
23	Knox										6
0	Illing	ois					 				27
17	Grin	nell					 				
0	Mich	iga	n.								50
85										-	15
Wo	on 6		Los	t	3		1	L!	e	d	0

64 4 22 18	Cornell Minnesc Grinnel Nebras Kansas	ota . I ka			42
II2 Won	3	Lost	2	Tie	68 d 0
48 44 4 18 10	Coe Knox Kansas Missour Grinnel Nebras	·····			24 22 12

		18	39		7						
12	Northwa	est	er	n							6
0	P. and	S.									14
0	Kansas										56
0	lowa S	tat	е								6
16	Drake										0
16	Grinnel	1									12
0	Nebras	ka									6
22	Wilton										4
66 Wa	on 4	L	ost	+	4				T	ie	104

		10	*		
26	lowa Te	ache	rs .		. 5
12	Drake .				
10	Simpson				. 0
0	Minneso	ta .			. 34
12	lowa Sta				
0	Michigan				
61	Washing	ton	(St.	L.)	. 0
0	Missouri				
0					
121					238
Won	5 1	Lost	4	Tie	d 0

Cornell 0
Coe 0
lowa Teachers 0
Drake 6
Minnesota75
Grinnell 0
Nebraska 17
Missouri 0
Illinois 0
Simpson 2 Missouri 0 Illinois 0 Washington (St. L.) 2
102
9 Lost 2 Tied 0

Lost 2

Tied I

Won 3

					•											
56	Coe															0
0	Denver	A		C	>											58
32	Luther															0
24	Kansas										0		Ĵ			35
14	Grinnell															26
34	Missouri		-					-		9			1			12
18	Nebrask															20
-								9	P	-	9	9	1	1		
178																161
Won	3	La	2:	st		4	1					1	T	ie		0 6
							-								1	

8	lowa	Sta	te										16
60	Corne	II							 				0
34	Augu	star	a										0
	Chica						1	1			Ĵ		18
0	Wisco	onsi	n	2			0	Ĵ		C	Ĵ		44
14	Kansa	s		0		Ĵ		Ĵ		0	i	1	12
6	Grinn	ell											õ
6	Misso												-
0	Nebr	aska	3										36
146													158
Won	4	L	.ost		4				Î	T	ie	20	

		89	7	5							
0	Doane					 					10
28	Parsons										0
0	lowa St	ate					ĺ.	2	į		24
0	Kansas										54
0	Missouri										34
14	Penn .										12
0	Nebrask										6
42 Wo	on 2	Los	+	5				т		-	140

0	Knox			 					0
0	Chicag								36
5	Drake								18
23	Upper	lowa							5
11	Rush			 					15
5	lowa T	each	ers						11
5	Grinnel	1		 					505
12	Simpso	n		 					0
6	Nebras	ka .		 	• •				5
67									95
Wo	on 3	Los	† 4			T	ie	d	2

22	lowa	Te	a	c	h	e	r	s										0
5	Chica	go																5
35	Penn																	0
17	Rush																	
5	lowa	St	at	e)													0
30	Nebra																	
16	Grinn																	
33	Knox .		• •			•			•			•						0
58	Illinoi	s	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
221 Won	8		L	0:	st	P	()					-	ri	ie			5

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5	Nor	thwe	ester	n		•••		•••		-
Won	hare	d W	Lost /este p w	rn	C	on in	fe	rei		e

17	Coe 0
	Coe 0 Augustana 2 Cornell 0
88	Cornell 0
17	Drake 0
	Chicago 39
10	Iowa State 6
11	lowa Teachers 5
12	Nebraska 17
69	Grinnell 0
0	Illinois 29
0	Minnesota II
257	109
Won	7 Lost 4 Tied 0

27	Coe 0
40	Monmouth 0
0	Chicago 42
0	Minnesota 39
41	lowa Teachers 5
46	Grinnell 0
72	Des Moines 0
44	Drake 0
8	lowa State 0
31	St. Louis 0
309	86
Won	8 Lost 2 Tied 0



1906

24	Missour	·i		 	4
15	Coe .				12
	Wiscon				18
4					2
0	lowa S				39
0	St. Lou	115		 	
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43					75
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		2031	-		
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21	Missou	ri		 	6
5	Wiscon	-			6
					12
25	Illinois				
14	lowa S	state		 	20
25	Drake			 	4
_					-
00					48
90		Last	2	Tiec	
W	on 3	Lost	4	1160	

1908

92	1700	
11	Coe 0	
5	Missouri 10	204
16	Morningside 0	Wo
8	Nebraska	
0	11111013 111111111111111111111111111111	
65	Drake	
5	Kalisas	33 17
32	65	9
Wor	2 Lost 5 Tied 0	13
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	1909	0
0	Minnesota 41	7
3	Cornell 0	-
6	Nebraska	92
12	Missouri 13 Drake 17	W
14	Diake	
16	Tond Plate terter	
7	Kansas 20	
58	97	31
w	on 2 Lost 4 Tied I	17
		24
	1910	0
12	Morningside 0	13
5	Northwestern 10	19 17
5	Missouri 5	17
16	Purdue 0	121
2	Iowa State 0	Wo
21	Iowa State 0 Drake 0 Washington (St. L.) 0	
38	Washington (St. L.) 0	
-	15	
94		22
VV C	on 5 Lost 2 Tied 0	
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11	1911	000
11	Morningside 5	000
0	Morningside 5 Cornell 3	0 0 14 35
06	Morningside	0 0 14 35 14
060	Morningside 5 Cornell 3 Minnesota 24 Wisconsin 12 Purdue 0	0 04 14 35 14 6
06	Morningside 5 Cornell 3 Minnesota 24 Wisconsin 12 Purdue 0 Iowa State 9	0043546
0601	Morningside 5 Cornell 3 Minnesota 24 Wisconsin 12 Purdue 0	0 14 35 14 6 91
0 00 1000	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern0	0043546
0 6 0 1 0 6 34	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern053	0 14 35 14 6 91
0 6 0 1 0 6 34	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern0	001435146
0 601 06 34	Morningside 5 Cornell 3 Minnesota 24 Wisconsin 12 Purdue 0 Iowa State 9 Northwestern 0 53 on 3 Lost 4 Tied 0	0043546 91 91
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0 6 0 1 0 6 1 4 W 35 31	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern05353on 3Lost 4Tied 01912Iowa Teachers7Cornell0	0 14 35 14 6 91 W 0 12 27
0 6 0 1 0 6 1 4 W 35 3 1 4	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern05353on 3Lost 4Tied 01912Iowa Teachers7Cornell0Chicago34	0 14 35 14 6 91 W 0 12 27 34
0 6 0 1 0 6 4 35 31 4 7	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern05353on 3Lost 4Tied 01912Iowa Teachers7Cornell0Chicago34Minnesota56	0 14 35 14 6 91 W 0 12 27
0 6 0 1 0 6 34 35 31 4 7 13	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern05353on 3Lost 4Tied 01912Iowa Teachers7Cornell0Chicago34Minnesota56	00143546 91 0012730621
0 6 0 1 0 6 34 35 31 4 7 13	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern0Iowa State9Northwestern0Iowa Lost 4Tied 0Iowa Teachers7Cornell0Chicago34Minnesota56Indiana6	00143546 91 001273406
0 6 0 1 0 6 34 35 31 4 7 13 20 10	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern05353on 3Lost 4Tied 01912Iowa Teachers7Cornell0Chicago34Minnesota56Indiana6Iowa State7Wisconsin28	00143546 91W 0122730621 23
0 6 0 1 0 6 34 35 31 4 7 13 20 1 30	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern05353on 3Lost 4Tied 01912Iowa Teachers7Cornell0Chicago34Minnesota56Indiana6Iowa State7Wisconsin28138	00143546 91W 012273062123 123
0 6 0 1 0 6 34 35 31 4 7 13 20 10	Morningside5Cornell3Minnesota24Wisconsin12Purdue0Iowa State9Northwestern05353on 3Lost 4Tied 01912Iowa Teachers7Cornell0Chicago34Minnesota56Indiana6Iowa State7Wisconsin28138	00143546 91W 0122730621 23

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45	lowa	Te	ac	he	-								3
76	Grin	nell											0
6	Chic	ago)										23
60	India	ana											0
78	Nort	hwe	este	err	1								67
45	lowa	St	tate	9									7
0	Neb	rask	a										12
													-
310													51
Won	5		Lo	st	2	1			1	i	e	d	0

191495Iowa Teachers49Cornell0Chicago0Minnesota27Northwestern26Iowa State7Nebraska

36 Tied 0 Lost 3 on 4

191533Cornell017Morningside69Northwestern613Minnesota5113Purdue190Iowa State167Nebraska5192149921499214993Lost 4Tied 0	52Knox1410Notre Dame714Illinois2613Purdue641Minnesota741Indiana014Northwestern018536Won 7Lost 0Tied 0(Western Conference Champions)
1916 1 Cornell 6 7 Grinnell 7 24 Purdue 6 0 Minnesota 67 13 Northwestern 20 19 Iowa State 16 17 Nebraska 34 121 156 Won 4 Lost 3 Tied 0	192261Knox06Yale08Illinois708Illinois7056Purdue0428Minnesota1412Ohio State937Northwestern332083320833Won 7Lost 0Tied 0(Shared Western Conference championship with Michigan)
1917 22 Cornell 13 0 Nebraska 47 0 Grinnell 10 0 Wisconsin 20 14 Great Lakes 23 35 South Dakota 0 14 Northwestern 25 6 Iowa State 3 91 141 Won 3 Lost 5 Tied 0	192344Knox30Oklahoma A & M30Oklahoma A & M7Purdue30Ohio State6Illinois3Michigan7Minnesota7Northwestern12455Won 5Lost 312455Won 5Lost 312455
1918 0 Great Lakes 10 12 Nebraska 0 27 Coe 0 34 Cornell 0 0 Illinois 19 6 Minnesota 0 21 Iowa State 0 23 Northwestern 7 123 36 Won 6 Lost 2 Tied 0	192443 SE Okla. Teachers.00 Ohio State013 Lawrence513 Minnesota00 Illinois367 Butler021 Wisconsin79 Michigan210650Won 6Lost 1Tied 1

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8	Nebra	ska								0
7	Illinoi	s								9
9	Minne									6
26	South	Dak	tot	a						13
4	North	weste	ern							7
6	Chicad	go								9
0	lowa S	State			• •		•			0
70		1.		2					LA	44
AA C	on 5	LC	st	4				e	C	0

1920

14	Indian	а												7
63	Corne	11												0
3	Illinois	s												
0	Chicad	go							•					10
20	North													0
28	Minne	sot	a								•			7
14	lowa	Sta	te	1						•	•	•		10
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142											_			54
Won	5	L	os	t	2	2				1	ľ	e	d	0

1915 Cornell 0 Morningside 6 Northwestern 6 Minnesota 51 Purdue 19 Iowa State 16 Nebraska 51	52 Knox 14 10 Notre Dame 7 14 Illinois 26 13 Purdue 6 41 Minnesota 7 41 Indiana 0 14 Northwestern 0 185 36 Won 7 Lost 0 Tied 0 (Western Conference Champions)
1916 Cornell 6 Grinnell 7 Purdue 6 Minnesota 67 Northwestern 20 Iowa State 16 Nebraska 34	192261Knox06Yale08Illinois756Purdue028Minnesota1412Ohio State937Northwestern320833Won 7Lost 0Tied 0(Shared Western Conference championship with Michigan)
1917Cornell13Nebraska47Grinnell10Wisconsin20Great Lakes23South Dakota0Northwestern25Iowa State3141on 3Lost 5Tied 0	1923 44 Knox 3 20 Oklahoma A & M. 0 7 Purdue 0 20 Ohio State 0 20 Ohio State 0 6 Illinois 9 3 Michigan 9 7 Minnesota 20 17 Northwestern 14 124 55 Won 5 Lost 3 Tied 0
1918Great Lakes10Nebraska0Coe0Cornell0Illinois19Minnesota0Iowa State0Northwestern736n 6Lost 2Tied 0	192443 SE Okla. Teachers.00 Ohio State013 Lawrence513 Minnesota00 Illinois367 Butler021 Wisconsin79 Michigan210650Won 6Lost 1Tied 1



Arkansas 0 St. Louis 0 Illinois 10 Ohio State 0 Wabash 7 Won 5 Tied 0 Lost 3

24	Colorado Teachers 0	j.
40	North Dakota 7	
6	Illinois 13	
6	Ohio State 23	
21	Carroll 0	Ĵ.
0	Minnesota 41	
10	Wisconsin 20	
6	Northwestern 13	
113	7 117	
Won	3 Lost 5 Tied 0	

32	Monmouth								6
6	Ohio State								13
38	Wabash								0
0	Minnesota								38
15	Denver								0
0	Illinois								14
16	Wisconsin								0
0	Northwester	11	٦						12

0	Pittsburgh 20
0	Texas A & M 29
0	Indiana 0
0	Minnesota 34
7	Geo. Washington 0
0	Nebraska 7
0	Purdue
0	Northwestern 19
7	on I Lost 6 Tied I
**	on I Lost 6 Tied I

 31 Bradley Tech 0 Wisconsin 0 Indiana 6 Minnesota 6 Geo. Washington 	
0 Wisconsin 0 Indiana 6 Minnesota 6 Geo. Washington	7
0 Indiana 6 Minnesota 6 Geo. Washington	34
6 Minnesota 6 Geo. Washington	
6 Geo. Washington	21
	21
13 Nebraska	14
0 Purdue	
6 Northwestern	44
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62	171
Won I Lost 7 Tied	0 1

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Bradley	/ Tec	h							0
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Minnes									19
									7
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Nebras									67
				1	1	9			-
									56
15	Lost	3				1	Tie	90	0
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Won 4

Indiana

Won 2

South Dakota 0 Northwestern 7

Nebraska 14

Iowa State 31

Indiana 0

Tied 2

Tied I

12 Minnesota 48

Lost 5

26 Bradley Tech 47 South Dakota

Colgate

0	Washin	gto	n	(50	a	H	1	e).		14
14	Bradley	Te	ach	1								0
6	Wiscon	sin										13
6	Michiga	n						Ĵ				7
0	Purdue							Ĵ	Ĵ			13
10	Minnes	ota			C			Ĵ				35
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36											•	120
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3	U.C.L.A														27
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27	Chicago)								10	-	-	-	-	14
0	Colgate												Î	1	14
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03	Minneso	ota													
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46															135
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1	South Dakota	a						0
2	Indiana		• •					29
7	Michigan							27

Won	4	Los	† 4	\$					T	ie	90	83
		19	2 8	3								
26	Monm	outh										0
13	Chica	ao .				0	ĵ,					
61	Ripon					Ĵ	Ì.					i
7	Minne	sota			1	•	•	•		1	•	1
19	South	Dako	+-	•	• •	•	•	•	• •	•	•	0000
14	Ohio	State										
0	Wisco				• •							1000
7	Wisco	nsin	• •	•	• •	•		•	• •		٠	13
/	Michi	gan	• •		• •	•	•	•	• •	• •	•	10
147												-
147												47
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46	Carroll														0	
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7	Illinois														7	
14	Wiscons	in													Ó	
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28															28	
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38	Bradley	Te	ich	۱.	0	•	÷	ż	•	•	•	•	•	12
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12	Nebrask													7
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Lost 2

14	Carleton	1												0
7	Northwe													18
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0	Illinois													0
6	Indiana													13
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25	Temple													0
85											-			103
W/ C	on 3	L	0	S	T		9				1	16	30	11

Wisconsin Purdue Notre Dame Minnesota Northwestern Won 6 Lost 1 Tied I

46	South	Dako	ta		 				0
30	Wiscon	nsin			 				12
6	Indian	a			 				10
6	Minnes	sota			 				34
6	Purdue								
6	Nebra								
7	Notre								
18	Illinois								
125									98
Won	4	Lost	1 4	ł		-	TI	ec	0 1

25	Drake .													8
0	Michiga	n												6
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6	Purdue													7
13	Indiana									1	18	-	1.5	7
21	Illinois													0
13	Minneso													
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26	Washin	gton	U	 		7
27	Nebras	ka .		 		0
0	Great	Lake	s.	 		.25
	Camp					16
	Illinois					12
14	Indiana			 		.13
	Purdue					7
6	Wiscon					0
7	Minnes	ota		 		27
14	Michig	an		 		28
147						135
Won	6	Lost	4		Tiec	0

59 North Dakota State... 0 7 U.C.L.A. 22 12 Illinois 35 27 Indiana 14 13 Ohio State 13 0 Notre Dame 21 0 Purdue 21 14 Wisconsin 46 13 Minnesota 7

14	Pittsbu	rah										21
13	Indian											
14	Purdue											
13	Wisco											4
8	Ohio	State	e									(
7	Minnes											Ľ
13	Illinois											
39	North		-		 -	-		-	-	-	-	
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Won 4

Won 3

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on	4	Lost 5	142 Tied 0	187 Won	5	Lost 3	Tied	91

Tied I

7	Great I	Lakes			. 21
5	Wiscons	sin .			. 7
0	lowa Pr	reflig	ht .		. 25
7	Indiana				. 7
7	Purdue				. 28
10	Illinois				. 19
14	Minneso	ota .			. 33
33	Nebrask	(a			. 13
-					153
33					TRACTO
Wo	on I	Lost	6	Tie	dI

.34 0 Ohio State ..

25 UCLA 21 Purdue

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14	Mich. State	 10
48	Montana	6
13	Michigan	14
14	Ohio State	20
27	Indiana	14

Tied 0

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53												-	240
6	lowa	Pre	e-†1	Ig	h	t		• •	•	•	• •	•	30
0	Minne		a			:		• •	•	•	• •	•	46
7	Wisco												
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6	Illinoi			_								-	40

14	Illingia		20	13	Michie	gan	
35	Indian	a	9		and the second se		
28	Northy	vestern	21				
				13	Wisco	nsin	
34	Orego	n					
7	Minnos	sota	55				
12				20	Minne	sota	
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7	Notre	Dame	28	18	Notre	Dame	
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184			247	172			
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Wor	4	Lost 5	Tied 0	44.011	3	LUSI	i neu

14	Bergstrom	A	A	F					13
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0	Purdue								40
20	Indiana .								52
0	Notre Dar	ne							56
777	Wisconsin								27
7	Illinois		• •						.48
20	Minnesota								19
6	Nebraska								13
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74								-	310
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20	So. Ca				
7	Indiana			 	20
0	Wiscon	sin .		 	14
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13	Minnes				
7	Illinois				
14	Notre				
6	Miami	(Fla.)) .	 	14
121				-	201
Won	3	Lost	5	Tied	11

28	Kansas	State	e	 	7
14	Wiscon				
20	Indiana			 	6
20	Purdue				20
13	UCLA				
21	Michig	an .			
26	Minnes				0
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166				17	3
Won	3	Lost	5	Tied	1

39	North	Dako	ota	Stat	te	0
	Purdue	and the second second second	and a second second second second			0
	Michig					14
21	Nebras	ka				7
13	Indiana					0
6	Notre					41
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21	Wiscon	sin				7
6	Minnes	ota				16
29						92
Non	5	Lost	4		Tied	0

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30	Purdue	. 34	13	Wi
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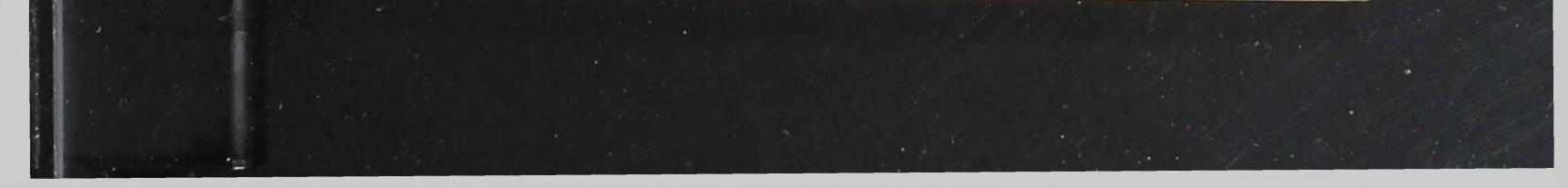


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Northwestern	5	1	0	.833	97	65	Michigan State	5	1	0	.833	131	50
Minnesota	5	2	0	.714	144	81	Wisconsin	4	1	1	.750	146	86
Ohio State	3	3	0	.500	102	87	Ohio State	4	3	0	.571	137	139
Indiana	2	4	0	.333	49	147	Minnesota	3	3	1	.500	108	129
Iowa	2	4	0	.333	67	89	Iowa	3	3	0	.500	98	58
Purdue	2	4	0	.333	72	118	Michigan	3	3	0	.500	63	80
Illinois	2	5	0	.286	74	114	Purdue	2	4	0	.333	61	96
Wisconsin	1	5	0	.167	79	136	Indiana	1	5	0	.167	77	166
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SUPERINTENDENT STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF IOWA IOWA CITY, IOWA

I want to become a member of the State Historical Society of Iowa. I understand I will receive a monthly magazine (*The Palimpsest*), a quarterly magazine (*Iowa Journal of History*), and at least one bound volume a year, and that from time to time there will be issues on sports

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 Pittsburgh 26 Indiana 20 Purdue 41 Visconsin 42 Visconsin 42 Visconsin 42 Minnesota 17 Minnesota 17 Minnesota 27 Northwestern 14 Northwestern 27 Northwestern 27 Notre Dame 27 17 173 Tied 1 IOWA CITY, IÓWA Sec. 34.9, P. L. & R. PERMIT NO. 176 FIRST CLASS . . 14 Notre Dame 166 Won 3 Lost 5 1953 1952 27 Ind 29 Non 9 219 Von 9 219 Von 9

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ALL TIME RECORDALL TIME RECORD1942194326Washington U.194427Nebraska194428Washington U.527Nebraska1928Washington U.529North Dakota State20Great Lakes2527Nebraska2728Webraska2729North Dakota State29Ohio State29Norte Dame29Norte Dame29Norte Dame29Norte Dame20Norte Dame21Minnesota22Non 323Non 324Non 325Non 326Non 327Non 328Non 329Non 320Norte Dame21Non 321Non 322Non 323Non 324Non 325Non 326Non 327Non 328Non 329Non 320Non 320Non 320Non 320Non 320		BUSINESS REPLY CARD No Postage Stamp Necessary If Mailed in United States STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF IOW.	Box 871 DOWA CITY, IOWA	6 Nebraska 13 6 Miami (Fla.) 14 74 310 121 501 201 Won 2 Lost 7 Tied 0 Won 3 Lost 5 Tied 1	1946 1951 39. North Dakota State 0 16. Purdue 0 7. Michigan 0 7. Nichigan 0 7. Nichigan 0 13. Indiana 0 13. Indiana 0 14. Pakota State 0 15. Purdue 0 16. Purdue 0 13. Indiana 0 14. Pakota 0 15. Notre Dame 14 16. Notre Dame 21 0. Nitconsin 22 13. Ininois 23 13. Ininois 20 13. Ininois 20 13. Ininois 20 14. Iso 20 15. Von 5 10 16. Von 2 10 17. Von 2 10 27. Von 2 10 28. Von 2 10 29. Von 2 10 <
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	1948	w.	L.	т.	Pct.	Pts.	O. Pts.	1953	W.	L.	Т.	Pct.	Pts.	O.Pts.
	Michigan	6	0	0	1.000	190	37	Illinois	5	1	0	.833	154	78
I	Northwestern	5	1	Ő	.833	97	65	Michigan State	5	1	0	.833	131	50
	Minnesota	5	2	0	.714	144	81	Wisconsin	4	1	1	.750	146	86
	Ohio State	3	3	0	.500	102	87	Ohio State	4	3	0	.571	137	139
_	Indiana	2	4	0	.333	49	147	Minnesota	3		1	.500	108	129
	lowa	2	4	0	.333	67	89	Iowa	3	333	0	.500	98	58
	Purdue	2	4	0	.333	72	118	Michigan	3	3	0	.500	63	80
1	Illinois	2	5	0	.286	74	114	Purdue	2	4	0	.333	61	96
	Wisconsin	1	5	0	.167	79	136	Indiana	1	5	0	.167	77	166
								Northwestern	0	6	0	.000	71	164
	10/0							1954						
	1949							Ohio State	7	0	0	1.000	184	55
(Ohio State	4	1	1	.750	128	65	Wisconsin	5	2	0	.714	135	55 77
]	Michigan	4	i	1	.750	94	05 54	Michigan	5	2	õ	.714	118	61
1	Minnesota	4	2	Ô	.667	131	47	Minnesota	4	2	õ	.667	86	107
1	Wisconsin	3	2	1	.583	98	81	Iowa	4	3	Ő	.571	126	101
	Illinois	3	23	1	.500	109	93	Purdue	3	3	Ő	.500	94	107
1	Iowa	3	3	ō	.500	118	147	Indiana	2	4	0	.333	62	111
	Northwestern	3	4	0	.429	91	120	Mich. State	1	5	0	.167	64	113
	Purdue	2	4	0	.333	52	93	Northwestern	1	5	0	.167	60	102
1	Indiana	0	6	0	.000	57	178	Illinois	0	6	0	.000	55	148
								1955						
								Ohio State	1	0	0	1 000	150	
	1950								6	0	0	1.000	159	51
								Michigan State Michigan	5	1	0	.833	144	48
1	Michigan	4	1	1	.750	96	60	Purdue	3	22	0	.714	111	85
	Ohio State	5	2	0	.714	218	72	Illinois	2	2	1	.643	92	74
	Wisconsin	5	2	0	.714	109	71	Wisconsin	5	3	1	.500	89	101

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Onio State	>	2	0	.714	218	72
Wisconsin	5	2	0	.714	109	71
Illinois	4	2	0	.667	75	35
Northwestern	3	3	0	.500	82	107
Iowa	2	4	0	.333	81	159
Minnesota	1	4	1	.250	40	109
Purdue	1	4	0	.200	69	112
Indiana	1	4	0	.200	41	86
Michigan State	-		-	-	_	_

Ohio State	6	0	0	1.000	159	51
Michigan State		1	0	.833	144	48
Michigan	5 5 4 3 3 2 2		0	.714	111	85
Purdue	4	2	1	.643	92	74
Illinois	3	2 2 3	1	.500	89	101
Wisconsin	3	4	Õ	.429	123	119
Iowa	2	4355	1	.417	111	116
Minnesota	2	5	Õ	.286	85	123
Indiana	ĩ	5	Ő	.167	56	110
Northwestern	ô	6	1	.071	52	195
1956						
Iowa	5	1	0	.833	88	44
Michigan	554	2	0	.714	143	96
Minnesota	4	1	2	.714	84	67
Michigan State	4	2 1 2 2 3	0	.667	133	49
Ohio State	4	2	0	.667	88	47
Northwestern	3	3	1	.500	80	79
Purdue	1	4	2	.286	95	101
Illinois	1	4	2	.286	79	106
Wisconsin	0	4	3	.214	46	116
Indiana	1	5	0	.167	85	216

Illinois	6	0		017	05	
	2	0	1	.917	85	23
Purdue	4	1	0	.800	116	101
Wisconsin	5	1	1	.786	158	40
Michigan	4	2	0	.667	115	54
Ohio State	2	2	2	.500	66	66
Northwestern	2	4	0	.333	41	89
Minnesota	1	4	1	.250	89	158
Indiana	1	5	0	.167	73	107
Iowa	0	5	1	.083	91	196
Michigan State	-	-	-	_	-	-

Wisconsin	4	1	1	.750	158	97
Purdue	4	1	1	.750	147	91
Ohio State	5	2	0	.714	148	91
Michigan	4	2	0	.667	138	86
Minnesota	3	1	2	.667	92	96
Illinois	2	5	0	.286	113	154
Northwestern	2	5	0	.286	146	201
Iowa	2	5	0	.286	107	167
Indiana	1	5	0	.167	89	155
Michigan State	-	-	-	-	_	-





