Victorian Crazy Quilts

by Carole A. Spencer

URING the last two decades of the nineteenth century, a new type of needlework emerged in the form of the crazy quilt. Its origin is unknown, as is the source of its name. Some surmise that crazy quilting may have been

inspired by the asymmetry and juxtaposition of color and texture in Oriental artwork, viewed by the public through the Japanese exhibit at the 1876 Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia. Some suggest that the term "crazy" might be explained by the fact that making crazy quilts did indeed become a "craze." Others note that the irregularly shaped pieces create a cracked or "crazed" look, like the hair-line cracks of a ceramic glaze.

Victorians adored the crazy quilt for its jewel-toned colors and lavish ornamentation. Scraps of rich fabrics — silks, satins, velvets, laces, and brocades — were carefully selected and purchased. Pieces of ribbons, sewing scraps, and men's ties were also used. American flags, political campaign ribbons, Civil War memorial ribbons, and other souvenirs were sometimes sewn into the patchwork as well. Each piece was basted to a foundation fabric in

a typical random pattern.

The quilts on the following pages, from the Des Moines museum collections of the State Historical Society of Iowa, represent the rich variety of Victorian crazy quilts in design and ornamentation. About half of these quilts were made in totally random patterns. Others are composed of equal-sized squares made up of random pieces. Although a few follow a pattern, the fabric choices and ornate stitching are typical of Victorian crazy quilts.

Once basted in place, the edges of the pieces

Right: Reflecting the Victorians' love of color, the crazy quilt was as likely to be found in a parlor as in a bedroom. In such an elegant setting it might be used as a piano cover or be draped over a couch, as it appears here in the reception room of Terrace Hill, the Governor's Mansion in Des Moines. Left: 1883 advertisement.



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were adorned with elaborate embroidery stitches such as the feather, herringbone, or chain stitch. The pieces were then lavishly decorated with fancywork in silk or metallic thread, fine ribbon, and beads. Fabric paintings, chenille work (made with a pile yarn), and appliqués were also favorite choices. Popular magazines such as *Godey's Lady's Book* advised readers that the more ornamentation and "the greater the diversity in stitches the better." The finished work was often bordered with a velvet band, scalloped edging, metallic braiding, or other ornamentation.

Pre-stamped fabric pieces and silk thread were available in do-it-yourself kits, and remnants of silk and ribbons could be ordered through the mail. Fancywork patterns were either drawn by the quilt maker or obtained from fabric or thread companies such as the Brainerd and Armstrong Silk Company in New London, Connecticut, or the E. M. Lemarie Company in Little Ferry, New Jersey. Patterns were also provided in women's magazines such as Godey's Lady's Book, Peterson's Magazine, Harper's Bazar, and Delineator. Popular needlework patterns for crazy quilts included birds (owls and peacocks were used most often), wild and domestic animals, butterflies, bugs, spiders, and spider webs. Japanese folding fans were also common motifs, as were Kate Greenaway figures, inspired by the English illustrator of children's books.

Flowers often adorn the Victorian crazy quilt. The sunflower, iris, cattail, and lily were fashionable choices of the 1880s. Some flowers, especially the rose, were made in three-dimensional form. By combining certain kinds of flowers, the quilt maker could convey a message through the Victorian symbolism ascribed to flowers. For example, the red rose symbolized love; the yellow rose, jealousy; and the weeping willow, mourning.

Like the album quilt, crazy quilts were often made as commemorative gifts for friends, family, and public figures (especially highly regarded men). Women often made crazy quilts as personal gifts for fiancés and husbands, and groups often made them for their ministers. A block-style crazy quilt that lacks a central theme often indicates this kind of group effort, in which the blocks were made sepa-

REMNANTS FOR CRAZY PATCHWORK



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quilts, etc., and we can help you out now. We are going to dispose of this immense lot RIGHT OFF. Our packages contain from 99 to 168 pieces of the best quality assorted goods, and we want to get a lot introduced into every home; than you can order as you like for your friends, and MAKE MONEY. doing our work and helping yourself also. Remember these pieces are carefully trimmed, and especially adapted to all sorts of fancy, art, and needle work. Many ladies sell tidies, fancy pillows, etc., at a great price made from these remnants. Order one sample lot now for only 25c. It would cost many dollars bought at a store. Grand Offer: If you order our great assorted lot, at once, we will give you, absolutely FREM, five skeins of elegant embroidery silk, all different bright colors. This silk is worth nearly the price we ask for the remnants; but we know if you order ONE lot we will sell many in your locality, so make this liberal offer. Three lots for foc.; five for \$1.00. BEEST WAY. We send on sof the above complete assorted lots FREE to all who send 25 cents for 8 months subscription to "Comport," the best Home Monthly now published, or if you send for more than one lot as above, "Comport" goes for one year.

Above: Common ad in women's magazines. Right: This quilt, attributed to Emily Packard in 1888, is a virtual catalog of crazy-quilt motifs, from butterflies to American flags. Note also the embroidered comet in the upper left corner, and, in the bottom square, an embroidered penknife, spider web, insect, anchor, and fish. The musical staff may be based on a design published in *Ornamental Stitches for Embroidery* by T. E. Parker (1885).

COMFORT PUB. CO., Box 885, Augusta, Maine.

Elsewhere, the quilt proudly proclaims in embroidery that it contains 780 pieces. Each block, separated by a velvet band, has different embroidered initials, and there is some variance in the embroidery technique. The blocks may have been made by other women and assembled by Emily Packard.

(Silk, velvet, cotton, and felt; 1888, 821/4" x 581/2")

rately by individual women and then combined into a quilt. These quilts were embroidered with names, dates, biographical information about the person or family, poems, and perhaps the outline of a hand. The museum





recently acquired a presentation crazy quilt made in the sampler block style. In 1890 the Ladies Aid of the Evangelical Lutheran Bethanian Congregation of Burlington, Iowa, presented the quilt to their pastor, the Reverend Paul Bieger. The elaborate quilt is inscribed in German, bordered in velvet, and edged in metallic cording with corner tassels.

Crazy quilts were not typically used in the bedroom but rather in the parlor or music room, where they could be displayed. Small quilts, often thought to be children's quilts, were actually made to be used as table covers, antimacassars, and piano covers, or to drape

over a sofa or cover a footstool.

Although crazy quilts occupied only a brief period in the history of quilting, some consider them most significant as representations of women's "silent rebellion" against the restrictions of Victorian society. Because of the Industrial Revolution, many changes had taken place in the lives of middle- and upper-class women. Women's roles had changed from producer of goods to that of consumers and moral protectors, and to engage in fancy needlework symbolized their leisured status and reflected favorably on their husbands. Although Victorian women were governed by strict behavioral codes and limited both economically and politically, they were able to demonstrate some control through the domestic arts. Frances Lichten, in Hearts and Hands, suggests that crazy quilts were "restless textiles" and protests against the shackles of needlework discipline" imposed upon women to display their leisured status.

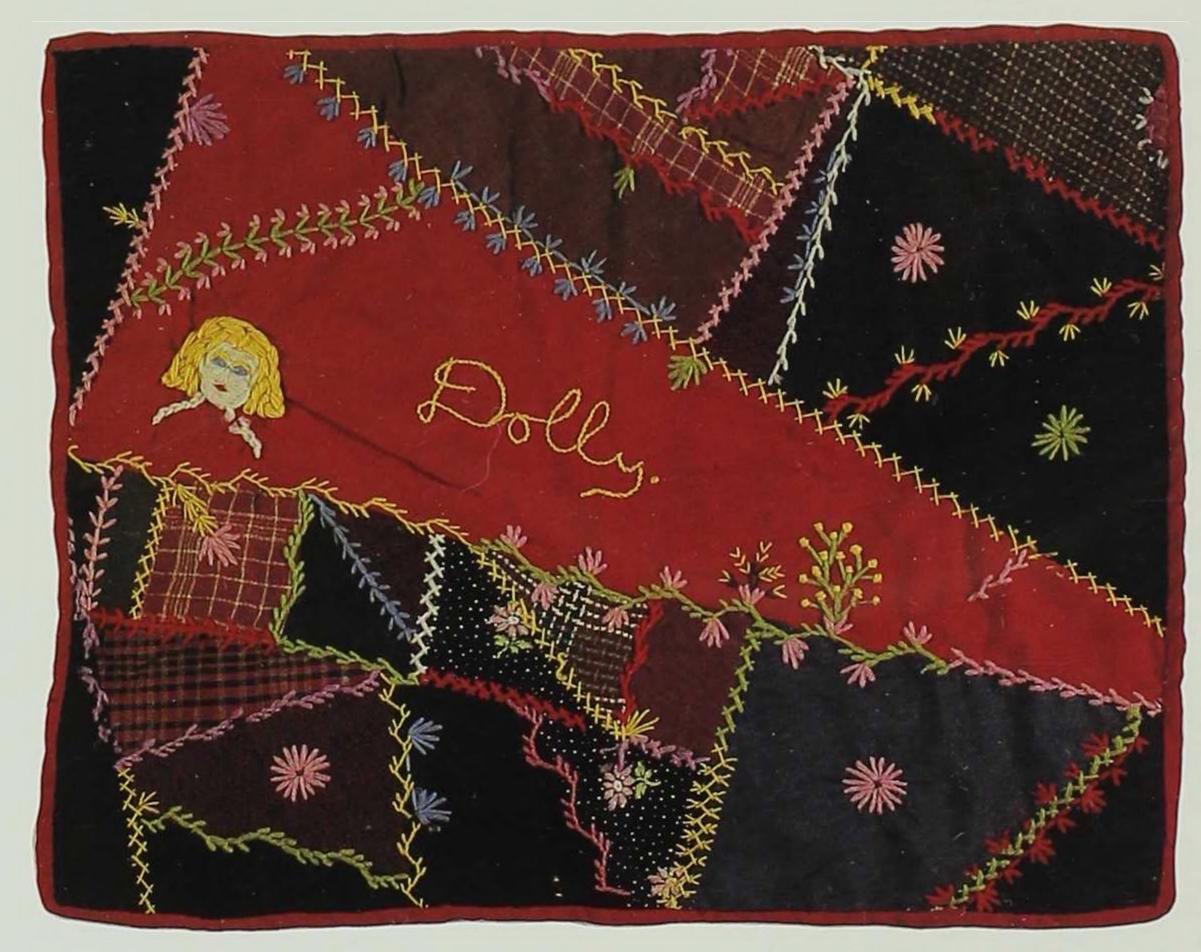
As the fad neared its end, crazy quilts were no longer made as decorative pieces but for functional purposes. Cotton thread and wool yarn replaced the silk and metallic thread. The quantity and quality of needlework lessened, and larger pieces of pastel cottons and wools replaced small pieces of jewel-toned fabrics.

While the popularity of crazy-quilt needlework lasted for a relatively short time, crazy quilts continue to be valued today for their beautiful combinations of vivid colors, rich fabrics, and intricate ornamentation. Furthermore, the crazy quilt serves to document changes taking place in women's lives during the nineteenth century.



Opposite: This small quilt or "throw" is not precisely a crazy quilt because of the material used and the method of construction. Along with the craze for "crazy patchwork" in the nineteenth century was the practice of constructing quilts of other "found" materials. One popular material was silk badges. The majority of badges used in this quilt are Knight Templar badges; others include an 1896 Wisconsin State Fair badge, an IOOF badge, and an 1887 badge honoring E. R. Clapp on the fiftieth anniversary of settlement in Iowa.

Above: On reverse side of the "badge" quilt, the central piece is a man's silk handkerchief. (Silk; 1895–1905; 44½" x 29")



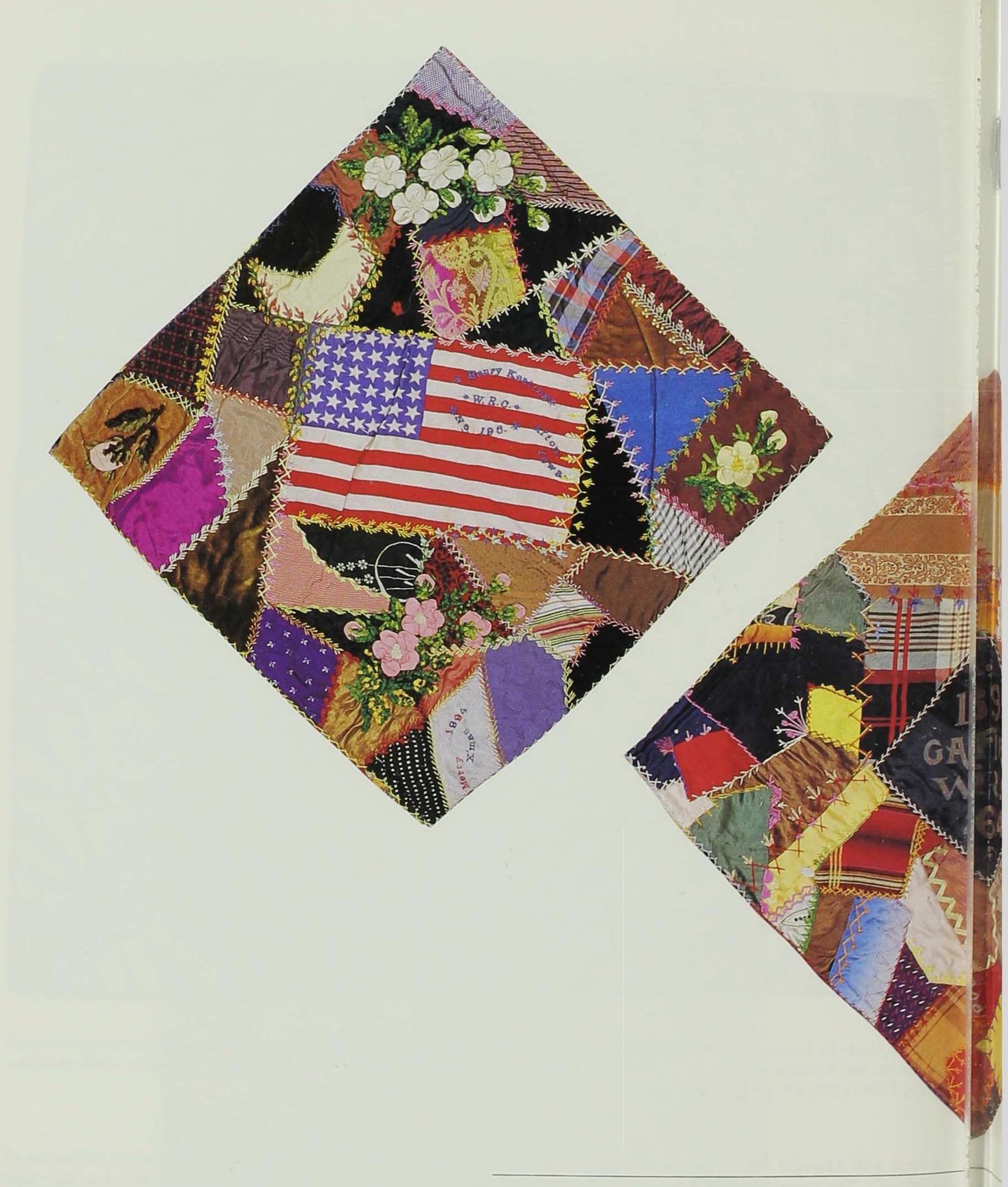
Above: Crazy piecework was used for many different items, including doll furnishings often made by little girls. This quilt was probably not made by a child because the embroidery is fairly sophisticated. (Wool and cotton; 1900–1920; $20\frac{1}{2}$ " x $16\frac{1}{2}$ ")



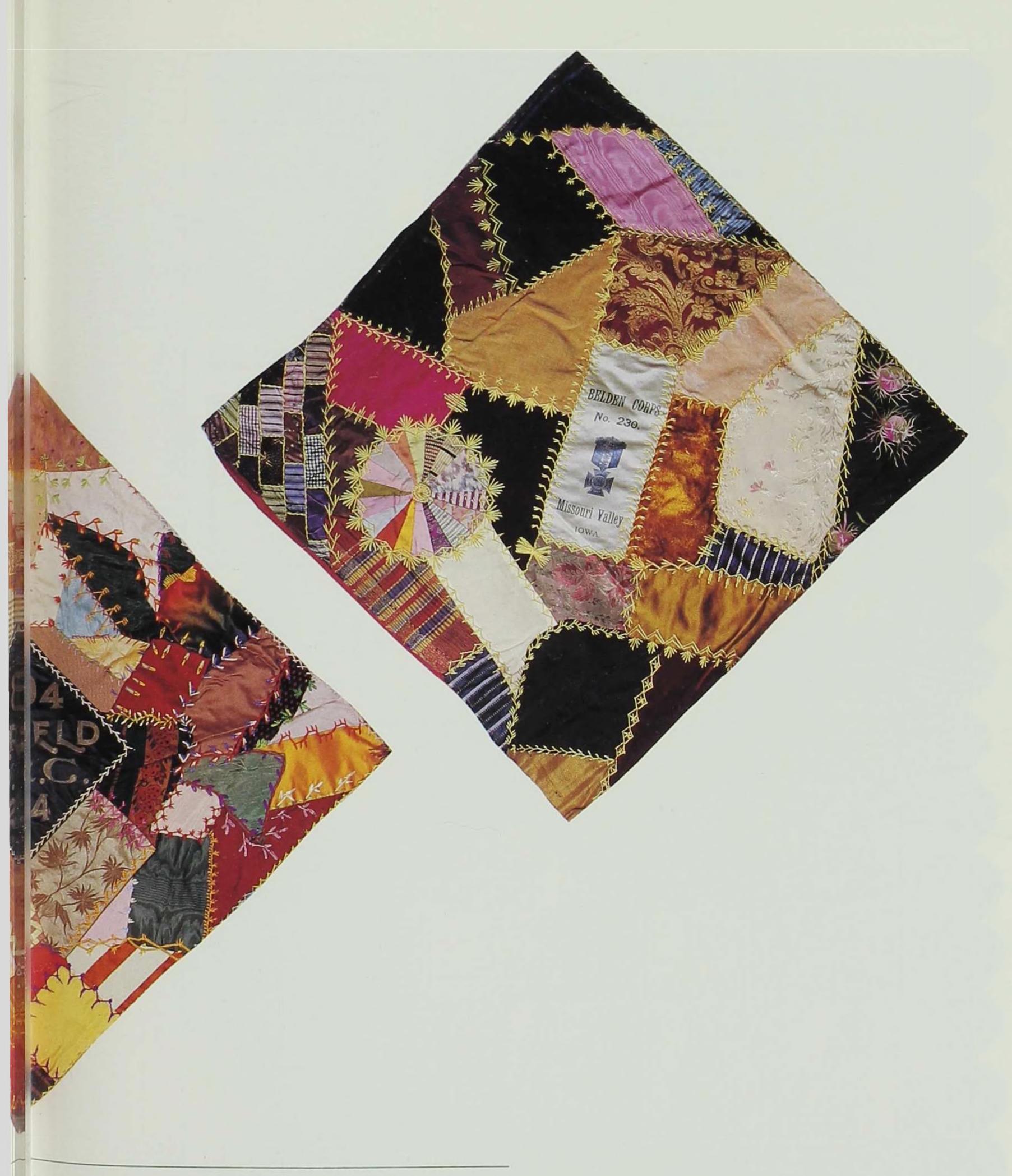


Above: Made by Laura Henegan of Ottumwa, Iowa, this small quilt or "throw" was probably intended for use on a couch in the parlor. According to family tradition, the quilt and a companion throw were made from remnants of silk neckties. (Silk; 1900-1920; $49'' \times 48''$)

Lower left: Thought for many years to be a doll quilt, this small quilt was probably a small throw or pillow cover originally. The embroidered "E" indicates this probably was made by Emily Burch of Baxter, Iowa, after her marriage to Dr. H. W. Canfield in 1903. (Silk; after 1902; $26'' \times 24\%$)



Three details from an 1894 quilt, composed of squares made by various Iowa chapters of the Women's Relief Corps. W.R.C. was the women's auxiliary of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Civil War veterans group. The quilt is attributed to the Aunt Becky Young Tent 6.



Far left: The American flag square is from a W.R.C. chapter in Afton, Iowa. Note the three-dimensional flowers around it. Far right: One square incorporates a silk meeting badge from Missouri Valley, Iowa. (Silk, wool, and cotton; 1894; $74\frac{1}{4}$ " x 71")

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1 bunch of Strawberries 1 Alphabet, 1% in. high, with Sprig of Ferns 1 vine of Forget-me-nots and Daisles single Dalsy and Forget-me-not, 2x2 in. 1 boquet of Dalsies and Forget-me-nots, 5x6 inches 1 sprig of Batchelor's Button, 3% in. high 1 Scallop with sprigs of Lily of the Valley

1 vine of Daisles and Ferns, 51/2 inches wide 1 growing design of Violets, for Lambrequins, &c., 6 in. high. 1 sprig of Daisies, 4 in. high 1 sprig of Barberries, 3 in. high 1 single Rose and Bud, 2x2 in. 1 vine with Scallop, 21/2 in. wide 1 design, Two Owls on branch 1 sprig of Golden Rod, 4 in. high 1 bunch of Roses and Buds, 3x5 in. 1 cluster of Strawberries, 21/4x3in.

1 sprig of Forget-me-nots, 13/2 in. 1 Peacock Feather 1 Cat 1 Fish 1 Girl for Tidy 1 Sprig Wheat 1 large Anchor 1 Daisy 1 small Anchor 2 Stars 1 bunch Violets 1 Pansy 1 Staff of Music 1 Arrow 1 Bird, .x5 inches 8 Sparrows 1 Owl on branch Buttercup 1 flying Swallow 1 little Butterfly 1 Tulip, 5 in. 1 little Bird

1 Boy and Girl for Tidy, 7x6 in. 1 Kitten, 31/2 in. high 1 Full-blown Daisies 1 little Girl, 5 in, high 1 large bunch Daisies 1 Batchelor's Button 1 large bunch Pansies 1 Sprig Pink
1 Golden Rod
2 Owls on a branch
1 large spray of Wheat
1 sprig Violets
1 Flying Bird, 5 in.
8 Sprigs Forget-me-not
1 Pretty Girl's Face
1 braiding Vine, 1% in. wide
5 Snowflake designs
1 sprig of Smilax, 5 in. high
8 Sprigs Forget-me-not
1 Odd Fellow design
1 Girl with Hoop, for Tidy

1 Braiding Pattern, wide 1 boquet Daisles and buds 1 spray Lilies of the Valley, 31/2 in. 1 spray of Autumn Leaves 1 vine of Leaves, 1½ in. wide 2 sprigs Batchelor's Button 1 plain scallop for Flannel Skirts 1 Boy holding Sunflower, 7 in.

> 1 Wide Braiding Pattern for Tinsel 1 large Butterfly 1.Spray of Leaves 1 Spray of Dalsies 1 Full-blown Rose 2 small Butterflies 1 Star and Anchor

Complete Design of Crying Child for Tidy, in outline 1 strip of Scallops for Skirts, Infant's Blanket, &c. 1 sprig Daisles and Buds. 1 new vine of Roses, 2 inches wide 2 Braiding Patterns, narrow design 1 little Butterfly with closed wings 1 new scallop with Forget-me-nots 1 vine of Roses and Buds, 5 inches 1 Butterfly on spray of Rosebuds 1 Butterfly with wide open wings 1 bunch of Forget-me-nots, 4% in. 8 or 10 Crazy Patchwork designs

1 outline design, Boy and Girl Skating, 7 inches high

2 beautiful Scallop designs with Vine, 2% inches wide Elegant Snowflake designs for Crazy Patchwork

1 superb vine of Point Russe Stitches, 11/4 inches wide

One Stem of Strawberries 1 design of Child's Face 1 Sprig of Daisies, 4x5in. 1 Bunch Forget-me-nots 1 Vine of Roses, 2 in. wide 1 vine of Roses, 21 in. wide 1 Wild Rose and Buds
1 Vine of Flowers, 8 in.
1 Bird on Branch, 4 in.
1 Half Moon with Face
1 Hand holding Hat
1 braiding Vine, 2 in. wide

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Work, Feather Work, Point Russe, Cross Stitch, Indian Work, and Turkish Drapery, &c.



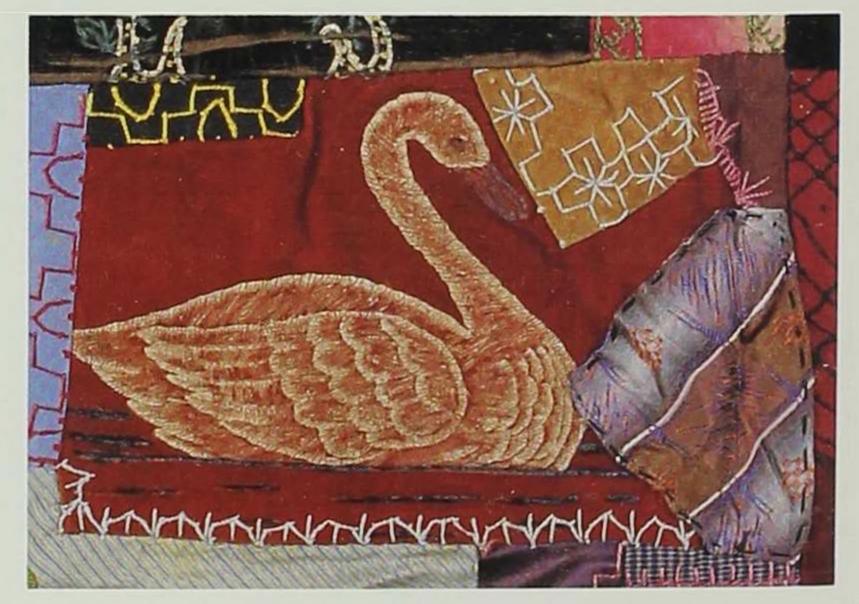
This quilt was probably used on a child's bed. The scalloped border runs on three sides. The quilt descended through the Redhead family of Des Moines. (Silk and velvet; 1880-1900; $57'' \times 52\frac{1}{2}$ "). Left: typicals ads from 1880s-90s women's magazines.



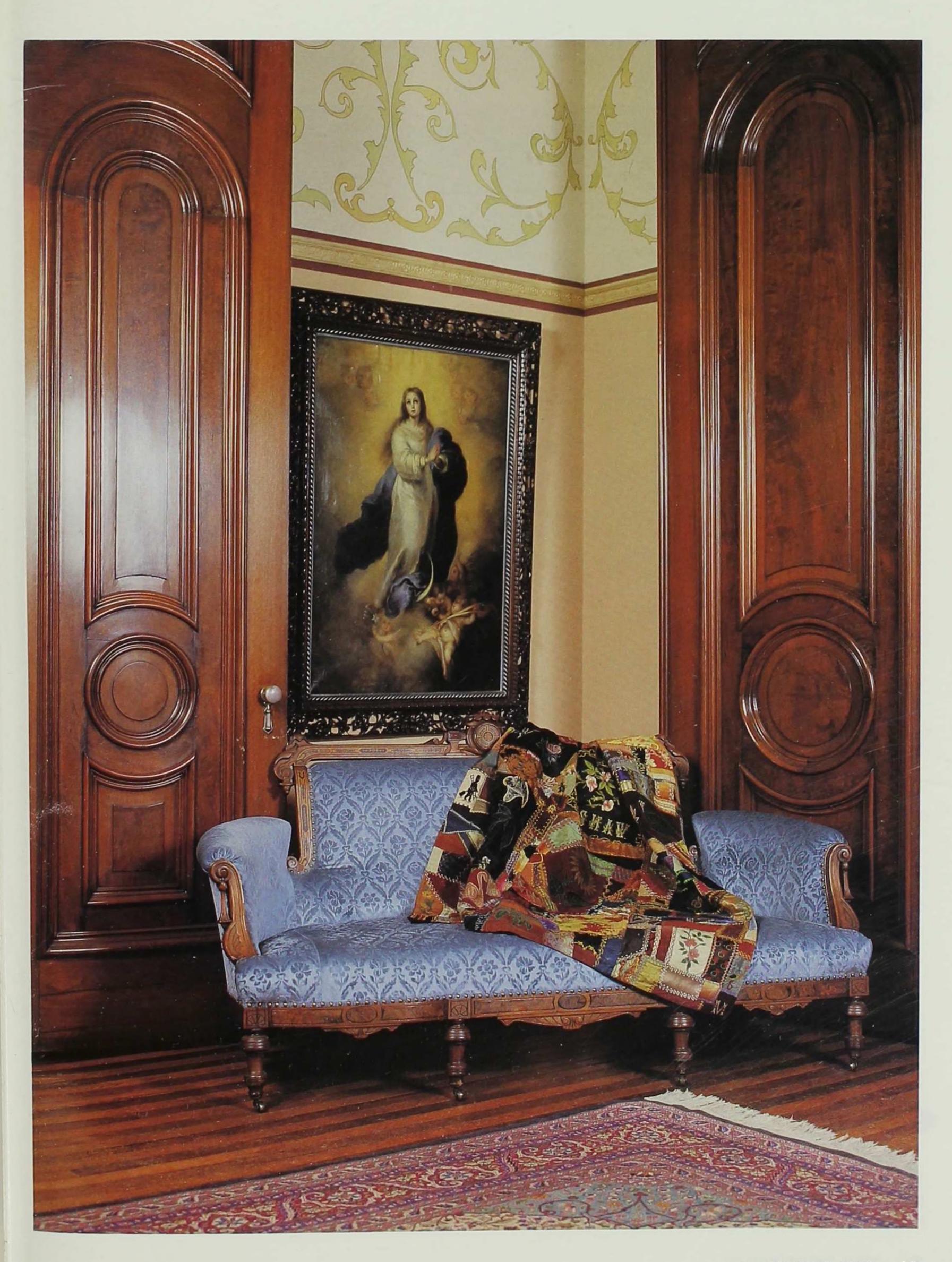
The year after Lydia E. Henderson of Greene County, Iowa, married Samuel E. Shaw, she made an elaborate crazy quilt, details of which appear on this page. The quilt incorporates most of the popular embroidery patterns for crazy quilts in the 1880s. Note, for example, the hummingbirds, swan, and flowers.

Opposite: Lydia Henderson Shaw's quilt graces a couch in the reception room at Terrace Hill. Shaw may well have intended her quilt to be displayed in an elegant parlor rather than to be used in a bedroom as extra bedding.

(Silk and velvet; 1884; 65¾" x 57½")









This presentation quilt was made by the Ladies Aid of the Evangelical Lutheran Bethanian Congregation, Burlington, Iowa. In 1890 they presented it to their pastor, Paul Bieger. Each square was created by an individual; the squares were then joined and quilted by the group. Note the six signature squares on the top and bottom panels.



Details of presentation quilt: Two center panels are embroidered in German text. The name "Louise" is embroidered by one of the fans beside the text. The presentation quilt features several typical crazy-quilt motifs, including an American flag, anchor, fans, and flowers (both painted and embroidered). There are also Trinity circles and a Star of David.

(Silk, velvet, and cotton; 1890; 75½" x 645%")





Though made in the style of crazy patchwork, this quilt is much more practical than those made of silks and velvets and embroidered designs. The use of wool and large scrap pieces and the lack of fancy embroidery stitches place its construction towards the end of the era of crazy quilts.

(Wool and cotton; 1900–1920; 73¾" x 67½")

NOTE ON SOURCES AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Major secondary sources used were the following: Pat Ferrero, Hearts and Hands: The Influence of Women and Quilts on American Society (1987); Sandi Fox, Small Endearments: Nineteenth Century Quilts for Children (1985); Rosemary Connolly Gately, "Crazy Quilts in the Collection of the Maryland Historical Society," The Magazine Antiques (Sept. 1988), pp. 558-73; Jonathan Holstein, The Pieced Quilt: An American Design Tradition (1973); Sue Barker McCarter, North Carolina Quilts (1988); Penny McMorris, Crazy Quilts (1984); and Pamela Tubby, Patchwork and Applique (1977).

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—The Editor