
MINERAL PRODUCTION OF IOWA

IN 1898.

BY SAMUEL W. BEYER.

VALUE OF MINERAL PRODUCTION.

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| COAL..... | \$5,123,187 |
| CLAY..... | 2,057,022 |
| STONE..... | 563,586 |
| LEAD AND ZINC..... | 43,784 |
| TOTAL VALUE..... | <u>\$7,787,579</u> |

MINERAL PRODUCTION OF IOWA IN 1898

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The kindly reception accorded the mineral statistics of Iowa for 1897 lead the Iowa Geological Survey to undertake their collection for 1898. It was the extreme good fortune of this department to secure the co-operation of the division of mineral statistics of the United States Geological Survey. All blanks, with return envelopes, were sent from Washington, and duplicates of all returns were forwarded promptly to the local office, thus saving the State a large amount of routine work, and the operators the annoyance of a confusing multiplicity of requests from two offices. The state organization assumed the responsibility of looking up the delinquents.

The very prompt and hearty co-operation shown by the producers deserves, and has, the fullest thanks of the Survey. They have, with almost no important exceptions, responded promptly and willingly. Many have asked for copies of the report when completed, thus expressing their appreciation of the work. Not a single important coal operator has failed to report, and it is believed that the coal output is correct within 3 per cent. The same is essentially true for clay and stone. One estimate is included with the totals for clay, but this plant was visited by the writer and the figures submitted are believed to be reliable.

The figures for the production of gypsum could not be obtained. The output for 1896 was \$34,020. The steady improvement of trade conditions and great increase in build-

ing during the past two years has, probably more than doubled the output.

The increased production of lead and zinc, stimulated by the recent advance in the prices of those metals, is most gratifying.

Total Production.

Eighty-nine counties and nearly seven hundred producers were engaged in developing the mineral resources of the state in 1898.

The value of the total mineral production in 1898 was \$7,787,579; distributed as follows:

| | VALUE. | NO. OF PRO- DUCERS. |
|--------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Coal | \$ 5,123,187 | 188 |
| Clay | 2,057,022 | 349 |
| Stone | 563,586 | 161 |
| Lead and zinc..... | 43,784 | 10 |
| Total | \$ 7,787,579 | 708 |

According to the United States Geological Survey the output of the above products for 1897 were:

| | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Coal | \$ 5,219,503 |
| Clay | 1,821,247 |
| Stone..... | 495,343 |
| Lead and zinc*..... | 5,866 |
| Total | \$ 7,541,959 |

The production is shown by counties in Table I.

*Iowa Geological Survey.

TABLE I.
Total Value of Mineral Production by Counties.

| COUNTIES. | Total clay. | Total coal. | Total stone. | Miscellaneous. | Total. |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------|
| Adair | \$ 2,220 | | | | \$ 2,220 |
| Adams | 6,700 | \$ 18,108 | | | 24,808 |
| Allamakee | | | \$ 160 | | 160 |
| Appanoose | 14,725 | 726,932 | 84 | | 741,741 |
| Audubon* | | | | | |
| Benton | 14,040 | | 3,556 | | 17,596 |
| Black Hawk | 16,142 | | 3,980 | | 20,122 |
| Boone | 26,620 | 473,342 | | | 499,962 |
| Bremer | 1,596 | | | | 1,596 |
| Buchanan | 1,988 | | 118 | | 2,106 |
| Buena Vista | 6,800 | | | | 6,800 |
| Calhoun | 5,933 | | | | 5,933 |
| Carroll | 9,100 | | | | 9,100 |
| Cass | 11,800 | | | | 11,800 |
| Cedar | 6,210 | | 113,502 | | 119,712 |
| Cerro Gordo* | | | | | |
| Cherokee | 10,560 | | | | 10,560 |
| Clarke* | | | | | |
| Clay* | | | | | |
| Clayton | 8,391 | | 4,820 | | 13,211 |
| Clinton | 20,790 | | 1,628 | | 22,418 |
| Crawford | 12,500 | | | | 12,500 |
| Dallas | 28,703 | 13,052 | | | 41,755 |
| Davis* | | 490 | | | 490 |
| Decatur | 6,700 | | 3,275 | | 9,975 |
| Delaware | 6,175 | | | | 6,175 |
| Des Moines | 26,912 | | 12,135 | | 39,047 |
| Dubuque | 35,110 | | 23,183 | \$43,784 | 102,077 |
| Fayette* | | | | | |
| Floyd* | | | | | |
| Franklin | 1,656 | | | | 1,656 |
| Fremont | 10,075 | | | | 10,075 |
| Greene* | | 21,318 | | | 21,318 |
| Grundy | 5,550 | | 300 | | 5,850 |
| Guthrie | 56,039 | 3,020 | | | 59,059 |
| Hamilton | 59,800 | | | | 59,800 |
| Hardin | 16,875 | | 7,400 | | 24,275 |
| Harrison | 11,285 | | | | 11,285 |
| Henry | 17,575 | | 6,400 | | 23,975 |
| Howard | 7,575 | | 773 | | 8,348 |
| Humboldt* | | | | | |
| Ida* | | | | | |
| Iowa | 38,600 | | | | 38,600 |
| Jackson | 4,950 | | 64,030 | | 68,980 |
| Jasper | 22,700 | 219,481 | | | 242,181 |
| Jefferson | 11,832 | 1,386 | 1,000 | | 14,218 |
| Johnson | 16,880 | | 3,738 | | 20,618 |
| Jones | 9,799 | | 95,359 | | 105,158 |
| Keokuk | 21,910 | 265,886 | 3,263 | | 291,059 |

*Single producers of certain articles.

TABLE I—CONTINUED.

| COUNTIES. | Total clay. | Total coal. | Total stone. | Miscellaneous. | Total. |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Kossuth* | | | | | |
| Lee | 20,425 | | 28,724 | | 49,149 |
| Linn | 32,359 | | 18,560 | | 20,919 |
| Louisa | 7,100 | | 1,626 | | 8,726 |
| Lucas | 2,000 | 12,000 | | | 14,000 |
| Madison | 3,850 | | 11,647 | | 15,497 |
| Mahaska | 56,580 | 1,304,727 | 503 | | 1,361,810 |
| Marion | 16,275 | 113,329 | 2,481 | | 132,085 |
| Marshall | 31,355 | | 51,393 | | 82,748 |
| Mills | 8,785 | | | | 8,785 |
| Mitchell | | | 3,268 | | 3,268 |
| Monona* | | | | | |
| Monroe | 1,476 | 594,980 | 130 | | 596,586 |
| Montgomery | 27,307 | | 1,830 | | 29,227 |
| Muscatine | 25,811 | | | | 25,811 |
| Page | 21,220 | 14,333 | | | 35,553 |
| Plymouth* | | | | | |
| Pocahontas* | | | | | |
| Polk | 347,257 | 787,940 | | | 1,135,197 |
| Pottawattamie | 52,837 | | | | 52,837 |
| Poweshiek | 9,915 | | | | 9,915 |
| Ringgold | 8,350 | | | | 8,350 |
| Sac* | | | | | |
| Scott | 43,456 | | 31,131 | | 74,587 |
| Shelby* | | | | | |
| Sioux | 1,800 | | | | 1,800 |
| Story | 16,220 | 11,554 | 1,125 | | 28,899 |
| Tama | 41,195 | | 350 | | 41,545 |
| Taylor | 10,600 | 12,485 | | | 23,085 |
| Union | 8,050 | | | | 8,050 |
| Van Buren | 8,800 | 9,610 | 9,541 | | 27,951 |
| Wapello | 55,221 | 258,561 | 16,150 | | 329,932 |
| Warren | 1,225 | 11,070 | | | 12,295 |
| Washington | 21,672 | | 6,405 | | 28,077 |
| Wayne | 7,505 | 68,633 | | | 76,138 |
| Webster | 78,158 | 180,750 | 3,487 | | 262,395 |
| Winnebago | 2,874 | | | | 2,874 |
| Winneshiek | 5,100 | | 630 | | 5,730 |
| Woodbury | 128,200 | | | | 128,200 |
| Wright | 8,618 | | | | 8,618 |
| Single producers | 97,981 | | | | 97,981 |
| Burnt clay ballast and unspecified | 221,712 | | | | 221,712 |
| Total | \$2,057,022 | \$5,123,187 | \$563,586 | \$43,784 | \$7,787,579 |

*Single producers of certain articles.

COAL.

The output of coal for 1898 shows a slight falling off as compared with the production for 1897, both in tonnage and

in cash value. The open winter of 1897 and 1898, greatly affected the local demand and the opening of new fields in the southwest deprived Iowa of a portion of her railway clientage in that quarter. While the average price per ton ruled slightly higher, the total shrinkage in production was almost a hundred thousand tons. Of the great coal producing counties, Appanoose, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Marion and Webster, show a decrease, while Boone, Monroe, Polk and Wapello show a handsome increase. Of the total output 11 per cent was sold locally or consumed at the mine while 89 per cent was loaded on the cars and shipped to various points in and out of the state, chiefly to the west and south of the producing areas. Table II gives the total tonnage, average value, total value, number of mines producing, average number of days worked and number of men employed, arranged by counties.

TABLE II.
Coal Output by Counties.

| COUNTIES. | Mines report- ing | Tons. | Price per ton. | Value. | Average No. days worked. | Men employed. |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Adams..... | 11 | 9,822 | \$ 1.84 | \$ 18,108 | 169 | 83 |
| Appanoose..... | 41 | 608,165 | 1.19 | 726,932 | 175 | 2,008 |
| Boone..... | 14 | 331,543 | 1.43 | 473,342 | 209 | 1,110 |
| Dallas..... | 3 | 8,859 | 1.46 | 13,052 | 224 | 36 |
| Davis..... | 1 | 391 | 1.25 | 490 | 130 | 3 |
| Greene..... | 5 | 12,920 | 1.65 | 21,318 | 194 | 54 |
| Guthrie..... | 2 | 1,510 | 2.00 | 3,020 | 120 | 7 |
| Jasper..... | 6 | 151,816 | 1.45 | 219,481 | 238 | 267 |
| Jefferson..... | 2 | 1,025 | 1.35 | 1,386 | 120 | 7 |
| Keokuk..... | 7 | 251,145 | 1.06 | 265,886 | 186 | 558 |
| Lucas..... | 1 | 6,600 | 1.82 | 12,000 | 200 | 22 |
| Mahaska..... | 17 | 1,292,787 | 1.01 | 1,304,727 | 229 | 2,239 |
| Marion..... | 14 | 127,293 | .89 | 113,329 | 217 | 487 |
| Monroe..... | 7 | 584,578 | 1.02 | 594,980 | 224 | 1,040 |
| Page..... | 2 | 6,370 | 2.25 | 14,333 | 200 | 23 |
| Polk..... | 15 | 635,606 | 1.22 | 787,940 | 219 | 1,340 |
| Story..... | 1 | 7,885 | 1.46 | 11,554 | 180 | 31 |
| Taylor..... | 2 | 6,555 | 1.91 | 12,485 | 193 | 27 |
| Van Buren..... | 2 | 6,605 | 1.45 | 9,610 | 258 | 14 |
| Wapello..... | 10 | 252,484 | 1.02 | 258,561 | 212 | 478 |
| Warren..... | 5 | 7,514 | 1.47 | 11,070 | 78 | 48 |
| Wayne..... | 7 | 51,550 | 1.33 | 68,633 | 164 | 253 |
| Webster..... | 13 | 137,787 | 1.31 | 180,750 | 212 | 379 |
| Total..... | 188 | 4,500,810 | \$ 1.14 | \$5,123,187 | 218 | 10,514 |

In the above table no attempt was made to keep separately the various sizes of coal put upon the market. Nut and slack are included and would tend to make the price per ton lower than for lump coal alone. This would not affect the results for the Centerville district, for the very persistent parting which is everywhere present in the principal vein worked, is mined with the coal, passes through the screen and renders the slack unmarketable.

Table III compares the output for 1898 with the most reliable figures for the preceding six years:

TABLE III.

| YEARS. | SHORT TONS. | Price | VALUE. | AUTHORITY. |
|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 1892..... | 3,918,491 | \$1.32 | \$5,175,060 | United States Geological Survey. |
| 1893..... | 3,972,229 | 1.30 | 5,110,460 | United States Geological Survey. |
| 1894..... | 3,967,253 | 1.26 | 4,999,939 | United States Geological Survey. |
| 1895..... | 4,156,074 | 1.20 | 4,982,102 | United States Geological Survey. |
| 1896..... | 3,954,028 | 1.17 | 4,628,022 | United States Geological Survey. |
| 1897..... | 4,611,865 | 1.13 | 5,219,503 | United States Geological Survey. |
| 1898..... | 4,500,810 | 1.14 | 5,123,187 | Iowa Survey. |

The number of men employed in the mines of Iowa for 1898 shows a falling off of nearly 200, while the average number of days worked was greater than for any year since 1892. The number of men employed and the average number of days worked during the past six years, according to the best information available, was as follows:

| YEAR. | Av. number of active days. | Number of men employed. |
|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1893..... | 204 | 8,863 |
| 1894..... | 170 | 9,995 |
| 1895..... | 189 | 10,066 |
| 1896..... | 178 | 9,672 |
| 1897..... | 201 | 10,703 |
| 1898..... | 218 | 10,514 |

According to the United States Geological Survey Iowa, in 1897, ranked sixth in bituminous coal tonnage, and fifth according to the market value of the product, and first in both tonnage and value of the states west of the Mississippi. The production of the ten leading states was as follows:

| STATE. | TONS. | VALUE. |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------|
| 1. Pennsylvania | 54,597,891 | \$37,636,347 |
| 2. Illinois..... | 20,072,758 | 14,472,529 |
| 3. West Virginia..... | 14,246,159 | 8,987,393 |
| 4. Ohio..... | 12,196,942 | 9,535,409 |
| 5. Alabama..... | 5,893,770 | 5,192,085 |
| 6. Iowa..... | 4,611,865 | 5,219,503 |
| 7. Maryland..... | 4,442,128 | 3,363,996 |
| 8. Indiana..... | 4,151,169 | 3,472,348 |
| 9. Kentucky..... | 3,602,097 | 2,828,326 |
| 10. Colorado..... | 3,361,703 | 3,947,186 |

Clay.

The value of the clay products marketed during 1898, exceeded that of 1897 by nearly a quarter of a million dollars, and was the greatest since 1894. There was a sharp falling off in the output and sale of paving brick and draintile, but a marked increase in common brick. The greatest gain, however, was in the production of a burnt clay, which has gained great favor in the southern half of the state as a ballast. More than \$200,000 worth of burnt clay, alone, was sold during the past year.

In 1896, nearly 35 per cent of the firms reporting were idle, in 1897 slightly more than 20 per cent, while in 1898 the percentage of firms not in operation was still less.

Of the great clay producing centers, Polk county alone shows a falling off, and that scarcely more than 3 per cent. The chief gain comes, however, from the large number of small firms which have been revived or brought into existence by the betterment of general trade conditions, especially in the building trade.

Fancy work and pottery show a slight decrease and it seems improbable that Iowa will ever become a dangerous competitor

of the eastern Mississippi valley states in that line, unless new deposits of clay are discovered or new methods of working introduced.

The returns show 349 plants in active operation, a gain of 19 over 1897, and give the total value of brick produced at \$1,415,165, and of all clay products, \$2,057,022, showing a gain of \$83,405 and \$238,138, respectively. These amounts were distributed as follows:

| | Thousa d.s. | Price per thousand. | Value. |
|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Common brick..... | 181,331 | \$5 90 | \$ 1,069,947 |
| Pressed brick..... | 6,722 | 8 14 | 54,752 |
| Vitrified brick..... | 35,357 | 8 24 | 290,463 |
| Fancy brick..... | | | 993 |
| Fire brick..... | | | 5,525 |
| Drain tile..... | | | 343,265 |
| Sewer pipe..... | | | 33,000 |
| Terra cotta..... | | | 350 |
| Fire proofing..... | | | 2,161 |
| Floor tile, etc..... | | | 429 |
| Burnt clay..... | | | 203,639 |
| Pottery..... | | | 34,425 |
| Hollow brick, etc..... | | | 18,073 |
| Total..... | | | \$ 2,057,022 |

According to the United States Geological Survey, the totals for 1895 to 1897, were as follows:

| | 1895. | 1896. | 1897. |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Common brick..... | \$1,095,074 | \$1,003,624 | \$ 850,834 |
| Pressed brick..... | 87,130 | 47,386 | 57,230 |
| Vitrified brick..... | 243,928 | 112,985 | 426,056 |
| Fancy and ornamental brick..... | 2,300 | | 2,800 |
| Fire brick..... | 5,920 | 5,198 | 8,706 |
| Drain tile..... | 290,55 | 225,650 | 372,070 |
| Sewer pipe..... | 55,31 | 73,039 | 44,300 |
| Ornamental terra cotta..... | 2,800 | 800 | 500 |
| Fire proofing..... | 400 | 7,685 | 7,540 |
| Tile—not drain..... | 16,094 | 2,000 | 6,700 |
| Pottery..... | 25,600 | 42,710 | 38,640 |
| Unclassified..... | 45,400 | 173,000 | 5,501 |
| Total..... | \$1,870,292 | \$1,694,402 | \$1,821,247 |

Works in active operation reporting: 1896, 339; 1897, 330.
The production by counties is given in Table IV. Counties

in which but one plant is reported as active in 1898, are mentioned in their proper order, but their production is not given separately.

TABLE IV.
Clay Production by Counties.

| COUNTY. | Number of producers | THOUSANDS. | | VALUE. | | |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | Common brick. | Total brick. | Common brick. | Total brick. | Total clay. |
| Adair..... | 2 | 370 | 370 | \$ 2,220 | \$ 2,220 | \$ 2,220 |
| Adams..... | 3 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 6,200 | 6,200 | 6,700 |
| Appanoose..... | 3 | 1,650 | 2,750 | 8,125 | 15,725 | 15,725 |
| Audubon..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Benton..... | 6 | 1,155 | 1,655 | 6,930 | 10,430 | 14,040 |
| Black Hawk..... | 3 | 2,432 | 2,432 | 14,992 | 14,992 | 16,142 |
| Boone..... | 10 | 1,615 | 2,465 | 9,600 | 15,600 | 26,620 |
| Bremer..... | 2 | 240 | 240 | 1,596 | 1,596 | 1,596 |
| Buchanan..... | 2 | 325 | 325 | 1,988 | 1,988 | 1,988 |
| Buena Vista..... | 2 | 300 | 300 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 6,800 |
| Calhoun..... | 3 | 55 | 55 | 405 | 405 | 5,933 |
| Cass..... | 3 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 11,800 | 11,800 | 11,800 |
| Carroll..... | 3 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 9,100 | 9,100 | 9,100 |
| Cedar..... | 2 | 487 | 487 | 3,310 | 3,310 | 6,210 |
| Cerro Gordo..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Cherokee..... | 2 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 10,400 | 10,400 | 10,560 |
| Clarke..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Clay..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Clayton..... | 4 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 7,550 | 7,550 | 8,391 |
| Clinton..... | 4 | 3,795 | 3,795 | 16,740 | 16,740 | 20,790 |
| Crawford..... | 4 | 1,900 | 1,900 | 12,500 | 12,500 | 12,500 |
| Dallas..... | 9 | 1,912 | 2,086 | 11,351 | 13,189 | 28,703 |
| Davis..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Decatur..... | 3 | 1,000 | 1,025 | 6,100 | 6,400 | 6,700 |
| Delaware..... | 3 | 800 | 875 | 4,450 | 4,975 | 6,175 |
| Des Moines..... | 6 | 900 | 2,485 | 4,900 | 18,612 | 26,912 |
| Dubuque..... | 7 | 7,045 | 7,045 | 35,110 | 35,110 | 35,110 |
| Fayette..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Floyd..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Franklin..... | 2 | 254 | 254 | 1,522 | 1,522 | 1,656 |
| Fremont..... | 5 | 1,870 | 1,870 | 10,075 | 10,075 | 10,075 |
| Greene..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Grundy..... | 3 | 625 | 625 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 5,550 |
| Guthrie..... | 6 | 2,740 | 3,240 | 17,038 | 20,538 | 56,039 |
| Hamilton..... | 2 | 5,200 | 5,200 | 31,200 | 31,200 | 59,800 |
| Hardin..... | 3 | 280 | 280 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 16,875 |
| Harrison..... | 6 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 10,785 | 10,785 | 11,285 |
| Henry..... | 5 | 825 | 825 | 4,775 | 4,775 | 17,575 |
| Howard..... | 2 | 750 | 1,055 | 4,000 | 6,775 | 7,575 |
| Humboldt..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Ida..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Iowa..... | 6 | 3,700 | 3,700 | 21,200 | 21,200 | 38,600 |
| Jackson..... | 2 | 575 | 575 | 3,450 | 3,450 | 4,950 |
| Jasper..... | 7 | 3,500 | 3,500 | 19,850 | 19,850 | 22,700 |
| Jefferson..... | 2 | 580 | 580 | 4,740 | 4,740 | 11,832 |

TABLE IV—CONTINUED

| COUNTY. | Number of producers. | THOUSANDS. | | VALUE. | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Common brick. | Total brick. | Common brick. | Total brick. | Total clay. |
| Johnson | 5 | 2,180 | 2,190 | \$ 10,900 | \$ 10,980 | \$ 16,880 |
| Jones | 4 | 605 | 680 | 3,847 | 4,447 | 9,799 |
| Keokuk | 8 | 1,955 | 1,955 | 12,230 | 12,230 | 21,910 |
| Kossuth | 1 | | | | | |
| Lee | 6 | 3,310 | 3,410 | 19,525 | 20,425 | 20,425 |
| Linn | 11 | 5,029 | 5,069 | 27,287 | 27,607 | 32,359 |
| Louisa | 3 | 825 | 825 | 5,100 | 5,100 | 7,100 |
| Lucas | 2 | 340 | 340 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Madison | 3 | 625 | 625 | 3,850 | 3,850 | 3,850 |
| Mahaska | 5 | 2,070 | 6,070 | 13,230 | 51,230 | 56,580 |
| Marion | 2 | 940 | 950 | 6,050 | 6,125 | 16,275 |
| Marshall | 6 | 2,535 | 3,535 | 16,145 | 23,645 | 31,355 |
| Mills | 6 | 1,324 | 1,324 | 8,785 | 8,785 | 8,785 |
| Monona | 1 | | | | | |
| Monroe | 3 | 286 | 286 | 1,476 | 1,476 | 1,476 |
| Montgomery | 3 | 3,694 | 3,719 | 20,571 | 20,759 | 27,397 |
| Muscatine | 10 | 3,089 | 3,089 | 16,211 | 16,211 | 25,811 |
| Page | 5 | 3,370 | 3,370 | 20,720 | 20,720 | 21,220 |
| Pocahontas | 1 | | | | | |
| Plymouth | 1 | | | | | |
| Polk | 20 | 24,087 | 21,621 | 147,116 | 288,857 | 347,257 |
| Pottawattamie | 9 | 7,890 | 8,390 | 48,837 | 52,837 | 52,837 |
| Poweshiek | 3 | 820 | 820 | 5,240 | 5,240 | 9,915 |
| Ringgold | 6 | 1,050 | 1,250 | 7,150 | 8,350 | 8,350 |
| Sac | 1 | | | | | |
| Scott | 7 | 3,610 | 5,893 | 21,270 | 39,996 | 43,456 |
| Shelby | 1 | | | | | |
| Sioux | 2 | 270 | 270 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,800 |
| Story | 5 | 1,090 | 1,140 | 7,920 | 8,320 | 16,220 |
| Tama | 8 | 4,417 | 5,343 | 25,037 | 32,995 | 41,195 |
| Taylor | 5 | 1,590 | 1,590 | 10,600 | 10,600 | 10,600 |
| Union | 2 | 1,180 | 1,180 | 7,360 | 7,360 | 8,050 |
| Van Buren | 4 | 900 | 900 | 5,400 | 5,400 | 8,800 |
| Wapello | 4 | 4,499 | 7,675 | 28,764 | 55,221 | 55,221 |
| Warren | 3 | | 50 | | 300 | 1,225 |
| Washington | 6 | 2,728 | 2,728 | 15,254 | 15,254 | 21,672 |
| Wayne | 3 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 7,505 | 7,505 | 7,505 |
| Webster | 8 | 7,583 | 8,454 | 40,534 | 50,095 | 78,158 |
| Winnebago | 2 | 410 | 412 | 2,700 | 2,724 | 2,874 |
| Winneshiek | 2 | 850 | 850 | 5,100 | 5,100 | 5,100 |
| Woodbury | 7 | 21,976 | 22,783 | 121,709 | 128,181 | 128,200 |
| Wright | 3 | 280 | 280 | 1,855 | 1,855 | 8,618 |
| Single producers | 16 | 6,883 | 7,412 | 42,417 | 46,180 | 97,981 |
| Burnt clay ballast | 4 | | | | | 203,639 |
| Estimates. No. 2,455 | 1 | 100 | 100 | 700 | 700 | 6,700 |
| Total | 349 | 181,331 | 223,410 | \$1,069,947 | \$1,415,165 | \$2,057,022 |

The average prices ruled higher for all kinds of brick than since 1895 for common and 1894 for pavers. The total brick produced in thousands, their total values and their average selling price per thousand, are given in Table V.

TABLE V.

| YEAR. | THOUSANDS. | | | VALUES. | | | AVERAGE PRICE PER M. | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------|----------|----------|
| | COMMON. | PRESS'D. | VITRI-FIED. | COMMON. | PRESS'D. | VITRI-FIED. | Com. | Pressed. | Vitrif'd |
| 1894..... | 208,195 | | 45,488 | \$ 1,317,473 | | \$ 376,951 | \$ 6.23 | | \$ 8.29 |
| 1895..... | 183,664 | 11,159 | 31,704 | 1,095,074 | \$ 87,130 | 243,928 | 6.06 | \$ 7.81 | 7.69 |
| 1896..... | 172,195 | 6,088 | 14,383 | 1,003,634 | 47,386 | 112,985 | 5.83 | 7.78 | 7.85 |
| 1897..... | 152,446 | 7,823 | 56,315 | 850,834 | 57,330 | 426,056 | 5.58 | 7.31 | 7.50 |
| 1898..... | 181,331 | 7,222 | 35,357 | 1,062,917 | 57,252 | 290,463 | 5.90 | 8.14 | 8.24 |

In 1897 Iowa ranked ninth in the total value of its clay goods, and third in the value of its paving brick. In 1896 it stood ninth and seventh in the value of total clay products and paving brick respectively. Table VI gives the ten leading clay producing states for 1897 according to rank, and is taken from the reports of the United States Geological Survey.

TABLE VI.

Total Clay 1897.

| Rank. | STATE. | No of active firms re- porting. | VALUE. | Per cent of total product. |
|-------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. | Ohio..... | 842 | \$ 10,617,684 | 17.43 |
| 2. | Pennsylvania..... | 435 | 7,874,695 | 12.93 |
| 3. | New York..... | 231 | 5,615,504 | 9.22 |
| 4. | Illinois..... | 570 | 5,398,574 | 8.86 |
| 5. | New Jersey..... | 115 | 5,322,447 | 8.74 |
| 6. | Indiana..... | 580 | 2,812,309 | 4.62 |
| 7. | Missouri..... | 202 | 2,396,524 | 3.93 |
| 8. | Massachusetts..... | 109 | 2,179,396 | 3.58 |
| 9. | Iowa..... | 330 | 1,821,247 | 2.99 |
| 10. | Connecticut and Rhode Island..... | 48 | 1,336,670 | 2.19 |

The ten leading states in the production of paving brick for 1897 are listed below:

TABLE VII.
Paving Brick in 1897.

| STATES. | Thousands. | Value. | Price per thousand. |
|--------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Illinois | 87,169 | \$719,371 | \$8.25 |
| Ohio..... | 85,665 | 597,905 | 6.98 |
| Iowa..... | 56,315 | 426,056 | 7.57 |
| Pennsylvania..... | 41,620 | 336,413 | 8.08 |
| New York..... | 28,145 | 309,564 | 11.00 |
| West Virginia..... | 38,271 | 289,886 | 7.57 |
| Indiana..... | 27,239 | 266,638 | 9.78 |
| Missouri | 19,620 | 182,625 | 9.31 |
| Kansas | 17,463 | 127,600 | 7.31 |

Stone.

The stone trade for 1898 was indeed encouraging. The producers reported almost without exception the demand for stone to run from 10 to 20 and even in a few instances, 50 per cent better than 1897. The demand for lime shows very little improvement over the preceding year. The stone quarried includes limestone, dolomite and a small quantity of sandstone. Most of the quarries are small and improved machinery is to be found in but few. Returns have been received from 161 producers and show that a total of \$563,586 worth of quarry products were marketed during the year. The production was distributed as follows:

| | |
|---|------------|
| Limestone—building and road making..... | \$ 447,424 |
| Lime..... | 109,600 |
| Sandstone..... | 6,562 |
| Total..... | \$ 563,586 |

The production by counties is given in table VIII.

In 1898 the state ranked nineteenth among the stone producers and ninth in the value of its limestone.

TABLE VIII.

Value of Stone Produced in Iowa for 1898.

| COUNTIES. | No. of quarries represented. | Dimension. | Rough, rubble and concrete. | Lime. | Miscellaneous. | Total. |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------|
| 1 Allamakee..... | 1 | | | | | |
| 2 Appanoose..... | 3 | \$ 65 | \$ 19 | | | \$ 84 |
| 3 Benton..... | 4 | 1,145 | 11 | \$ 2,400 | | 3,556 |
| 4 Black Hawk..... | 9 | 3,730 | 250 | | | 3,980 |
| 5 Buchanan..... | 2 | 100 | 18 | | | 118 |
| 6 Cedar..... | 3 | 73,030 | 25,292 | 15,250 | | 113,502 |
| 7 Cerro Gordo..... | 4 | 2,186 | 100 | 2,880 | | 5,166 |
| 8 Clarke..... | 3 | 1,583 | 755 | | | 2,338 |
| 9 Clayton..... | 8 | 2,231 | 1,019 | 1,570 | | 4,820 |
| 10 Clinton..... | 5 | 750 | 578 | 300 | \$ 300 | 1,628 |
| 11 Decatur..... | 10 | 2,958 | 257 | | | 3,215 |
| 12 Des Moines..... | 8 | 8,100 | 3,785 | 250 | | 12,135 |
| 13 Dubuque..... | 8 | 11,185 | 2,398 | 9,600 | | 24,183 |
| 14 Fayette..... | 4 | 11,799 | 10 | 2,765 | | 14,574 |
| 15 Floyd..... | 4 | 1,118 | 125 | 300 | | 1,543 |
| 16 Grundy..... | 1 | | | | | |
| 17 Hardin..... | 2 | 6,500 | 900 | | | 7,400 |
| 18 Henry..... | 2 | 4,900 | 500 | 1,000 | | 6,400 |
| 19 Howard..... | 2 | 750 | 23 | | | 773 |
| 20 Humboldt..... | 2 | 2,240 | 100 | | | 2,340 |
| 21 Jackson..... | 5 | 1,480 | 600 | 61,950 | | 64,030 |
| 22 Jefferson..... | 1 | | | | | |
| 23 Jones..... | 7 | 91,393 | 3,966 | | | 95,359 |
| 24 Johnson..... | 5 | 1,947 | 1,491 | 300 | | 3,738 |
| 25 Keokuk..... | 12 | 3,162 | 101 | | | 3,263 |
| 26 Lee..... | 7 | 13,294 | 14,430 | 1,000 | | 28,724 |
| 27 Linn..... | 5 | 2,840 | 8,720 | 7,000 | | 18,560 |
| 28 Louisa..... | 3 | 80 | 826 | | | 1,626 |
| 29 Madison..... | 7 | 6,471 | 5,176 | | | 11,647 |
| 30 Mahaska..... | 2 | 503 | | | | 503 |
| 31 Marion..... | 4 | 2,230 | 251 | | | 2,481 |
| 32 Marshall..... | 1 | | | | | |
| 33 Mitchell..... | 4 | 845 | 260 | 1,850 | 313 | 3,268 |
| 34 Montgomery..... | 3 | 1,130 | 600 | 100 | | 1,830 |
| 35 Monroe..... | 1 | | | | | |
| 36 Scott..... | 8 | 9,591 | 21,365 | 175 | | 31,131 |
| 37 Story..... | 4 | 1,100 | 25 | | | 1,125 |
| 38 Tama..... | 2 | 270 | 80 | | | 350 |
| 39 Van Buren..... | 5 | 5,091 | 3,650 | 800 | | 9,541 |
| 40 Wapello..... | 4 | 11,800 | 4,100 | 250 | | 16,150 |
| 41 Washington..... | 4 | 6,080 | 325 | | | 6,405 |
| 42 Webster..... | 1 | | | | | |
| 43 Winneshiek..... | 1 | | | | | |
| Single producers..... | 7 | 25,169 | 31,771 | 160 | | 57,100 |
| Total..... | 161 | \$319,566 | \$133,807 | \$109,600 | 613 | \$ 563,586 |

The value of the stone produced in Iowa during the five years preceding 1898, according to the United States Geological Survey, was as follows:

| | |
|-----------|------------|
| 1893..... | \$ 565,374 |
| 1894..... | 673,269 |
| 1895..... | 468,826 |
| 1896..... | 462,128 |
| 1897..... | 495,343 |

The decline in sandstone is more fanciful than real and was largely due to an erroneous classification. The Mason City and Iowa Falls dolomites were listed as sandstones in former reports.

Lead and Zinc.

The year 1898 was marked by more lead mining in Iowa than for some time past. The Halpin mine was a large producer, yielding nearly a million pounds of ore. Aside from this a considerable amount was taken out of the Kane Bros. mine and smaller sales were made from other diggings. In all 1,856,427 pounds of ore were sold for \$37,128.54. The Allamakee and Clayton county mines were not producing in 1898 and all of the ore came from the Dubuque region. It was all reduced by the Watters Smelter, at which plant a certain amount of Illinois and Wisconsin ore were also run. There were no big ore discoveries during the year though a number of small bodies were located, and early in 1899 several promising prospects were being explored.

The zinc mines were not active in the early part of the season. Small amounts of the carbonate, or bone, were taken out at Buena Vista, Durango and Dubuque. Late in the summer some of the larger Dubuque mines which had lain idle for some years were opened up, and as prices advanced during the winter, mining became quite active. In all about 750 tons of the carbonate ore were sold at prices running from \$5 to \$9 per ton. The total value was \$5,005.47. The year was marked by the first shipments of the sulphide, jack, made from this region in recent years. The ore was sold by the Alpine Mining Co., and brought from \$18 to \$22 per ton. The total shipments were 76.5 tons, which brought \$1,550.40. Recapitulating, the output of the district was as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Lead, 1,856,427 pounds..... | \$ 37,128.54 |
| Zinc carbonate, 750 tons..... | 5,005.47 |
| Zinc sulphide, 76 tons..... | 1,550.40 |
| Total..... | \$ 43,784.41 |

