1843; he died at Clarinda, Iowa, on or about the 23d of January, 1902. The family moved to Palmyra, Wisconsin, in his boyhood. In 1862 he joined the 24th Wisconsin Infantry as a private, but was soon mustered out to accept a commission in the 37th Infantry of that State. He saw hard service, participating in many battles. He was wounded at Stone Transferred to the eastern army he was present at the blowing up of the mine at Petersburgh, where he was made a prisoner. He was confined some eight months in southern prisons. After his muster-out he attended college and later studied law at Ann Arbor, Michigan. He settled in Boone, Iowa, in 1867, where he remained until his last illness during which he was taken to the hospital at Clarinda. He was elected to the Iowa House of Representatives in 1881, serving in that body the next winter. He was nominated for Congress, to succeed Ex-Gov. Carpenter in 1882. He served three terms in the House of Representatives, after which he held the position of sergeant-at-arms of that body during one or two terms. He was also elected city attorney of Boone. Maj. Holmes made an excellent record as a soldier, citizen, state legislator, and congressman. His death called forth many tributes of respect from the Ĭowa press.

Daniel Campbell was born in Ashland Co., O., April 13, 1823; he died in Chelan, Washington, February 3, 1902. His boyhood was passed on a farm, where he received only a limited education, but his natural force and ability made him a leader wherever he lived. He early took an interest in politics, and in 1856 was a candidate for sheriff in Ashland county. In 1861 he moved to Illinois, and became an ardent supporter of Stephen A. Douglas. In 1863 he removed from Illinois to Iowa and settled near Mt. Pleasant. In 1879 he was a candidate for governor on the greenback ticket; in 1880 he ran for Congress, in the Second District, on the same ticket. He then moved to Blencoe, Monroe county, where he continued to take an active part in politics and was elected to the House of Representatives of the 20th General Assembly, where he served with distinction. In 1883 he was a candidate for State treasurer on the greenback ticket. He was again elected to the legislature and took a prominent part as a democratic member in the 24th General Assembly. He ran again for Congress in the Eleventh District, but was defeated. This closed his political career and he soon removed to Washington, where a son was living. There were few better known politicians at one time in Iowa than "Honest Dan," as he was familiarly called.

Selim B. Rosenkrans was born in Steuben county, N. Y., April 27, 1824; he died at Perry, Iowa, January 7, 1902. Mr. Rosenkrans came to Iowa in 1856 and settled in Webster City, where he resided until two or three years before his death, when he removed to Perry. In 1857 he was chosen clerk of the courts of Webster county, which then embraced the present territory of Webster and Hamilton counties. He was elected to the House of Representatives of the State Legislature in 1859, serving in the regular session of 1860 and the extra war session of 1861. Sometime after the breaking out of the war he was appointed drafting commissioner by Gov. Kirkwood, holding the position until the close of hostilities. He was once elected mayor of Webster City and served several terms as councilman. He was one of the original members of the Congregational church of Webster City and was widely known throughout that organization. As a citizen he was active, enterprising, and public spirited, always enthusiastic in promoting the interests of his town and county.

DE. EPHEAIM M. REYNOLDS was born in Wayne county, Ind., in 1843; he died in Centerville, Iowa, January 8, 1902. He came to Appanoose

county with his parents in 1849. He attended the district schools of the county and the academy at Troy, in Davis county, then the leading school in that part of the State. He enlisted in Co. I, 3d Iowa Cavalry, from which he was discharged some time in 1862, for disability. He was elected to the House of Representatives of the 19th and 21st General Assemblies. In 1891 he was elected state senator, serving in the sessions of 1892 and 1894. As a legislator Dr. Reynolds was active and influential, especially in the matter of securing such laws as would promote the health of the people. As a physician he was widely recognized as learned and skillful. He actively supported the bill providing for the founding of the Historical Department, in which he always took a deep interest and to which he was a liberal contributor.

MAJOR ADAM KRAMER was born in Germany, Oct, 15, 1837; he died in Iowa City, Nov. 10, 1901, thus closing the brilliant record of a soldier's life. Maj. Kramer came to this country at an early age and received his education in Philadelphia. When 20 years old he joined a Pennsylvania Cavalry troop, and for forty years thereafter continued in active service in the U. S. army. He participated in the siege of Yorktown and the battles of Antietam, Murfreesboro and Chickamauga. A summary of his distinguished career, as found in the Official Register, shows a wide and varied service, including five months with the German army during the Franco-Prussian war. His last command was at Fort Leavenworth with a cavalry battalion. Although a man of splendid physique, his hard life had its natural effect, and in 1897 he retired in broken health. He has since resided in Iowa City. He was buried with military honors at Arlington Heights, Washington, D. C.

ERASTUS SNOW was born on a farm near Winchester, N. H., September 19, 1819; He died at his home in Grinnell, Iowa, March 2, 1902. Early in life he developed marked business ability. For eight years, including the financial crisis of 1857, he had charge of a bank in Winchester, N. H., attending to every department of business himself. In 1859 he removed west, remaining for two years in Davenport, Iowa. In 1861 he purchased 80 acres of land near the town of Grinnell, and has since resided there. He has had charge of many important matters relating to the town and county. He was a member and chairman of the Board of Supervisors; first president of the national bank; president of the savings bank, and at one time in charge of the finances of the school district. He served as a member of the House of Representatives of the 13th General Assembly. He was prominently identified with the Granger movement, and conducted successfully a Granger store for years. When the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company was organized he was made president.

George T. Williams was born in Nauvoo county, Ill., in 1854; he died at his home in Ida Grove, March 7, 1902. When a small boy he removed with his family in a wagon across the country to Tabor, Fremont county, Iowa. He attended school during the winter terms only. In 1872 a physical injury caused him to abandon farm life, and he came to Ida Grove, where he taught one term of school. He then entered the office of The Pioneer, and after two years of work upon a small salary, acquired a half-interest in the paper, of which he was editor at the time of his death. Much of his time in later years was spent in traveling through the United States preparing and publishing special advertising editions for newspapers, the work for which was usually done at The Pioneer office. He had written up about 3,000 towns in this way and was widely known in Iowa and elsewhere. Mr. Williams was a favorite with the journalists of this State and his early death called forth many tributes of respect.

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