then studied in Grand Seminary, Montreal, Canada, and was ordained a priest in 1901. Then for two years he served as curate to churches at Rockwell and at Monti, Buchanan County. Entering the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., in less than a year he was called to New York for mission work and from there to the Dubuque diocese for mission work. For twelve years he conducted missions and gave lectures. In 1915 he became pastor of St. Patrick's church in Cedar Rapids, and in 1919 was consecrated bishop of Des Moines. He was president of the Board of Trustees of Des Moines Catholic College, a fourth degree Knight of Columbus and a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters. During the time he was bishop of Des Moines he made extensive improvements on the cathedral property, erected a new rectory, developed new parishes and cultivated and made better understanding between Catholics and non-Catholics. The Passionist order located their monastery on the Merle Hay road near Des Moines during his tenure of office. He was noted for his interest in relief and social work, and combined a missionary spirit with good administrative ability.

JOSEPH SCHUYLER LONG was born in Marshalltown, Iowa, January 1, 1869, and died at his home at the Iowa School for the Deaf, Council Bluffs, October 30, 1933. Burial was in Riverside Cemetery, Marshalltown. His parents were William and Lucy Catherine Perry Long. His early education was obtained in the public schools of Marshalltown. Childhood injuries and meningitis deprived him of his hearing when he was about twelve years old, but he retained his speech perfectly throughout his life. As a student he entered the Iowa School for the Deaf and was graduated in 1883 in the first graduating class of that institution. The fall of the same year he entered Gallaudet College, Washington, D. C., completed the course with honors and received the degree of B. A. 1889 he became an instructor in the Wisconsin School for the Deaf and boys' athletic director, remaining there eleven years, and in 1901 accepted the position of a teacher in the Iowa School for the Deaf, the following year was made active principal, and in 1908 principal, and remained so to be until his death. From 1901 to 1923 he edited The Iowa Hawkeye, a small paper published by the school. He contributed many professional papers, especially to the American Annals of the Deaf. For ten years or more he was on the staff of the Council Bluffs Nonpareil as a proof reader, as a writer of special articles, and sometimes as an editorial writer. In 1909 he published Out of the Silence, a book of verse, and in 1910 The Sign Language.

AUGUST HENRY BERGMAN was born on a farm eight miles north of Newton, Iowa, and died in Newton November 2, 1933. Burial was at Newton Union Cemetery. His parents were William and Louisa Bergman. He was graduated from rural public school and in 1890 from Capital City Commercial College, Des Moines. The same year he engaged in the implement business in Newton. In 1893 he became a partner in

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