

District member of the Republican State Central Committee. In January, 1894, the General Assembly elected him warden of the State Penitentiary at Fort Madison. He was re-elected by the assemblies of 1896 and 1898 after which the Board of Control reappointed him, so that he served until March 31, 1908, in all fourteen years. He then retired to Griswold where his son, Charles Rutgar Jones, was engaged in the practice of medicine, and near where his son, Jesse N., was farming. Mr. Jones had a faculty for making friendships and retaining them. He was regarded as one of the leaders of the Republican party in his part of the state. He was an efficient sheriff, and he successfully administered the difficult duties of warden, exhibiting qualities of integrity, ability, firmness and good judgment.

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ROBERT BONSON was born in Dubuque County, Iowa, January 5, 1868, and died in Dubuque December 13, 1933. His parents were Richard and Harriet (Watts) Bonson. He attended public school, was graduated from Dubuque High School, from the Law Department of the State University of Iowa in 1890, and from the Law School of Columbia University, New York City, in 1892. He began practice in Dubuque, first in partnership with Robert Stewart. Later he had partnerships with H. C. Kenline and R. P. Roedell, and after retiring from the judgeship, with John P. Frantzen. In 1895 he was elected senator to fill the unexpired term of Isaac W. Baldwin and served in the Twenty-sixth General Assembly, 1896, and also in the Twenty-sixth Extra, 1897, the code revision session. He was not a candidate again, and gave his attention to his practice, but in 1906 was elected judge of the Nineteenth Judicial District and served for ten years when he resigned and re-entered private practice. He acted with the Democratic party so far as party matters were concerned. He took much interest in community affairs. He gave unstintingly of his time and talent in the establishment and later in the operation of the Sunnycrest Sanitarium, the county tuberculosis hospital. He stood high in his profession as a lawyer, and made an enviable record as a judge, while his admirable personal and social qualities made him a general favorite of the public.

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JAMES ELLIOTT HARLAN was born in Muskingum County, Ohio, June 25, 1845, and died in Mount Vernon, Iowa, December 13, 1933. His parents were Samuel and Sarah Ann (Elliott) Harlan. The family removed to southeastern Iowa in 1857. James spent his boyhood principally on his father's farm. In October, 1863, he entered Cornell College as a freshman student. On May 15, 1864, he enlisted from Mahaska County in Company D, Forty-fourth Iowa Infantry, and was mustered out September 15, 1864, at the expiration of his service. He was graduated from Cornell College with the degree of A. B. in 1869. From 1869 to 1872 he was superintendent of the public schools of Cedar Rapids. He received his A. M. degree from Cornell College in 1872, and for the year 1872-73 was principal of a ward school in Sterling, Illinois. In

1873 he returned to Cornell as alumni professor of mathematics, which a few years later was made mathematics and astronomy. In 1883 he became chairman of the Executive Committee, and financial secretary in 1893, and retained both positions until 1927. He became vice president in 1881, and was president from 1908 to 1914. For many years he carried much of the burden of the financial management of the institution, as well as its government. The success of the campaigns of those years for endowment were largely because of his wise management. In 1904 he received the degree of LL. D. from three institutions, Northwestern University, Upper Iowa University, and Cornell College.

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HARRY D. RAWSON was born in Des Moines, Iowa, September 1, 1872, and died in that city February 14, 1934. Burial was in Woodland Cemetery. His parents were A. Y. and Mary (Scott) Rawson. He was graduated from West Des Moines High School, attended Grinnell College two years, but transferred to Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Cambridge from which he was graduated. Following that he toured Europe studying styles of architecture. In 1910 he began work in Des Moines in the firm of Hallett & Rawson. Later Mr. Hallett removed to California and Mr. Rawson joined with the firm of Proudfoot, Bird & Rawson, from which was organized the present firm of Proudfoot, Rawson, Brooks & Borg. He designed some of the outstanding buildings in Des Moines and Iowa. Among the more noted ones that he or his firm have designed in recent years are the Iowa-Des Moines National Bank and Trust Company Building, the Memorial Union Building at Ames, the University Hospital Building at Iowa City and the Equitable Life Insurance Building at Des Moines. During the World War Mr. Rawson served with the rank of colonel at Washington, D. C., planning the construction of army cantonements and munitions buildings. He was a brother of former United States Senator Charles A. Rawson.

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HERBERT VERGIL SCARBOROUGH was born at Pulaski, Davis County, Iowa, February 5, 1876, and died in Norton, Kansas, January 1, 1934. Burial was at Grand Junction, Iowa. His parents were Dr. Dallas and Katherine Scarborough. The family removed to Grand Junction in 1879. Herbert was graduated from Grand Junction High School, attended Simpson College, Indianola, and was graduated from the College of Medicine of the State University of Iowa in 1902. For the following five years he practiced medicine in connection with his father at Grand Junction. Because of failing health he became in 1908 a patient in the State Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis at Oakdale. During his convalescence he worked in the laboratory, also became an assistant physician, later acting superintendent, and in 1911 was appointed superintendent. He continued in that position nineteen years, until July 1, 1930, when he went to Sunnyside Sanatorium near Indianapolis, Indiana, as its superintendent. Two years later he went in the same capacity to a sanatorium at Lyons, Kansas. He rendered valuable work to his native

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