NOTABLE DEATHS.

James C. Savery was born at Wareham, Mass., Nov. 30, 1826; he died at Cable, a mining town in Montana, Aug. 21, 1905. He was descended from one of the Pilgrim Fathers, who came over in 1620. During his early life his family resided at Saratoga, N. Y. He came to Des Moines about the year 1855, where he made his home. Des Moines continued to be his home during the whole of his long life, though business interests compelled him to reside for long periods, at various times, in New York City and the Rocky mountains. He was a man possessed of great business capacity, always active and alert in whatever engaged his attention. In the later fifties and early sixties the capital of Iowa did not possess a more energetic citizen. His business enterprises, for the most part, were successful. It is understood, however, that he won and lost more than one handsome fortune. He seemed to acquire wealth easily, but his interest in its acquisition kept him ever seeking new fields for its investment. This led to many losses. He built two first-class hotels in Des Moines, the old "Savery," now the "Kirkwood," and the new "Savery," both of which have been favorites with the people who travel. He was also a member of the American Emigrant Company, a corporation organized to facilitate the settlement of lands it had acquired in northwestern Iowa. In this he was associated with F. C. D. McKay and Talmage E. Brown. This organization undoubtedly was instrumental in bringing many persons seeking homes into that section of the State. Latterly, Mr. Savery had been engaged in developing a gold mine at the place where he died. This enterprise had become one of considerable promise, and it has been understood that he had again become a millionaire. In the old days, say of the war period and earlier, the Savery home in Des Moines was a center of attraction. His first wife, a lady of English parentage, was well educated, sparkling and bright, a leader in the society at that time. The Saverys were distinguished for their generous hospitality and wide influence. Whatever contributed to the welfare of the young city was always certain to elicit their deep interest. In accordance with Mr. Savery's wishes his remains were brought back to his old home and laid to rest with those of his wife and three brothers.

WARREN BECKWITH was born in Henrietta, Monroe county, N. Y., in 1833; he died at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, July 17, 1905. He was educated at Monroe Academy, and at the Genesee Wesleyan Seminary, at Lima, N. Y. He left school at the age of 19, having adopted the profession of civil engineer. His first work was on the Genesee Valley Railroad. He followed this work in the east until 1854, when he migrated to Kansas, and at Ft. Riley helped to lay out Pawnee City, which was designed by Governor Reeder for the capital of the State. He assisted in erecting a building for the legislature, which, however, was occupied but one day. He became a friend and intimate associate of Nathaniel Lyon, who was then a Captain in the regular army, and was afterwards killed at Wilson's Creek. Mo., while heading a charge of the 1st Iowa Infantry. In 1856 he settled at Burlington, where he entered the employ of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad, with which he stayed until 1859, when he engaged in business in Texas. He was there when the civil war broke out and at once came-north and offered his services to the government. He enlisted as a private in Co. C, 4th Iowa Cavalry, in which he served until the close of the war. Four months later he was promoted to First Lieutenant, and on January 1, 1863, was made Captain of his Company. He served under Gen. Curtis in southwestern Missouri, and later joined Gen. Grant's army on the march to Vicksburg, where he participated in the siege of that stronghold. He was with Gen. Sherman on the Meridian expedition in 1864.

He was not mustered out until August 29, 1865, after a most creditable career in the army of four years, during which time he was constantly in active service. At this time he was offered a commission in the regular army, which he did not accept. He returned to Mt. Pleasant, where he was employed by the C., B. & Q. R. R. Co. In this field of effort he rose to a prominent and responsible position. He became a railroad contractor in 1879, and followed that business for several years. Upon his retirement he engaged in farming, stock-raising and manufacturing. He was one of the most prominent citizens in southern Iowa, a man of high character and great usefulness.

WILLIAM M. McFabland was born in Posey county, Ind., April 1, 1848; he died in St. Paul, Minn., July 15, 1905. He was graduated at the Wesleyan University, at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, in 1873. Shortly afterward he started The Brooklyn (Iowa) Chronicle, with which he continued until 1884. when he removed to Estherville, Emmet county, where he engaged in the publication of The Vindicator. He was elected to represent his county in the house of representatives of the 22d general assembly, and re-elected two years later. In 1890 he was elected Secretary of State. He held this office three terms. Mr. McFarland was a man of decided ability, and in whatever public position he occupied created a most favorable impression. He was able and versatile as an editor, active and influential in the legislature, growing constantly in the public esteem until he reached the second office in the gift of the people of the State. At one time it seemed not improbable that he would easily reach the governorship. He possessed many elements of popularity. He was a model of hearty cordiality in his address, a graceful and pleasing writer, and a ready and eloquent speaker. these qualities he added the wide and versatile information which distinguishes the born journalist. That he was three times elected to the high office of Secretary of State speaks volumes regarding the estimate placed upon his character and ability. Retiring from this last position, he settled in Indianola, where he resided at the time of his death. The last few years of his life had been devoted to editorial work, or to traveling in various business interests. He died very suddenly in St. Paul as he was entering a private car bound for Des Moines. His death was attributed to heart failure.

JOHN H. KEATLEY was born in Center county, Pa., Dec. 1, 1838; he died at Washington, D. C., June 20, 1905. Col. Keatley grew up on a farm and educated himself through his own exertions. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1860. Soon after commencing his legal practice he became editor of *The Blair County Whig*, a newspaper which supported the administration of Abraham Lincoln. When the call for 300,000 volunteers came, he enlisted in the 125th Pa. Infantry, which was soon after engaged in the second battle of Bull Run, at South Mountain, and Antie-He participated in the Gettysburg campaign, where he was assistant adjutant general on the staff of Gen. Higgins. Later, he was actively engaged in the campaigns with General Grant which resulted in the capture of Gen. Lee and his army. After the war he was connected for a time with the freedman's bureau for five counties in southeastern Virginia, and later became a judge in the military court at Norfolk. He removed to Iowa in 1867, locating at Cedar Falls. In 1868 he settled in Council Bluffs, where he became editor of The Nonpareil, serving until April, 1870. In the campaign of 1872 he supported Horace Greeley for President against Gen. Grant. He ran for attorney-general in 1874, and in 1878 for congress in the 8th district, but was both times defeated. In 1876 he was chosen Mayor of Council Bluffs. In 1892 he was appointed commandant of the Iowa Soldiers' Home at Marshalltown, which position he held for two

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