

of his elder brothers who were engaged in the mercantile business in Cedar Rapids. He was employed by various merchants until the outbreak of the Civil War, when he entered the Union Army. He spent some time at the start in recruiting Co. A of the 5th Iowa Infantry, of which he was made first lieutenant. Some months later he was assigned to the staff of Gen. E. O. C. Ord, commanding the District of Corinth, as Acting Commissary of Subsistence. He served on the staff of Brig. Gen. T. J. McKean, as Quartermaster of the 6th Division of the Army of the Tennessee. Promoted to Commissary of Subsistence with the rank of Captain, he was assigned to the staff of Gen. J. B. McPherson, becoming Chief Commissary of Subsistence of the 17th Army Corps. He also served on the staffs of Generals J. M. Tuttle, C. C. Washburn and B. H. Grierson. He participated in the battle of Shiloh and the siege and battle of Corinth. After leaving the army he returned to Cedar Rapids, where he engaged in the hardware business with P. W. Zeigler. In 1885 he was elected president of the Merchants' National Bank of Cedar Rapids, and held the office till 1899, when he resigned on account of ill health. He was a most useful citizen of that city. Among other trusts, he served on the school board for twenty-one years. The Legislature elected him a member of the Board of Regents of the State University, where he became Chairman of the Building Committee, having in charge the construction of the Liberal Arts building which is now being completed at Iowa City. He was also prominent in Masonic circles. In his death the city and the State lost an upright man and a most useful citizen.

MRS. ELIZA W. MILLER, widow of the Honorable Samuel F. Miller, late Associate Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, died suddenly at her home in Washington, of heart disease, being found dead in her bed on the morning of December 1, 1900. Her remains were brought to Keokuk, where the funeral took place. Mrs. Miller had just returned to Washington from her old home in Keokuk, Iowa. Her maiden name was Elizabeth W. Winter. She was born in Sharon, Pennsylvania, in 1828. She was first married to Lewis R. Reeves, who became the partner of Samuel F. Miller in the practice of law. In 1856 Mr. Reeves died and some years later Mrs. Reeves became the wife of Mr. Miller. On the appointment of Mr. Miller to the federal bench by President Lincoln, Mr. and Mrs. Miller left Keokuk and made their home in Washington. *The Gate-City* of Keokuk thus describes Mrs. Miller's character: "She was always hearty and sincere, and while lacking in the veneering of diplomacy in some degree, she made and kept friends by the good cheer with which she was always surrounded. She liked to visit her old friends here, and her annual visits to Keokuk were always the occasions of pleasant, although quiet social affairs in the old families in which she was the life of the company. She was an excellent conversationalist, gentle in spirit, and strong in ideas. She had much force of character, but kept the strength veiled behind a constant gentleness." Mrs. Miller left surviving her two children, Mrs. A. E. Touzalin, of Colorado Springs, and Mr. Irvine Miller of Springfield, Ohio.

LEVI FULLER was born in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1824; he died at West Union, Iowa, December 8, 1900. He was a lineal descendant from Edward Fuller, of the Plymouth Rock Colony, who came over in the Mayflower in 1620. He was educated at the Academy at New Castle, Pennsylvania, after which he entered upon the study of medicine. Upon his admission to the practice of his profession, he first settled at Rock Grove, Stephenson county, Illinois, but removed to West Union, Fayette county, Iowa, in 1853, which was thenceforth his residence. He was chosen to the Iowa House of Representatives in 1861, serving in the regular session of 1862, and in the extra-session of the latter year. Gov. Kirkwood

commissioned Dr. Fuller as Surgeon of the 38th Iowa Infantry, but before he could join his regiment President Lincoln had appointed him Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Iowa. After the war he was appointed upon the commission to distribute the aid provided by the legislature for the people, who had been impoverished by the grasshoppers in Northwestern Iowa. He served on the school board of West Union for sixteen years, and for twenty years was President of the Board of Trustees of the Upper Iowa University at Fayette. A kind-hearted, excellent gentleman, a friend and promoter of education, awake to every public interest of his town and county, a progressive, but careful and judicious legislator, Dr. Levi Fuller will be long remembered as one of the foremost and most useful pioneer citizens of Northeastern Iowa.

EDWARD W. LUCAS was born in Pike county, Ohio, September 13, 1825; he died at Iowa City, December 17, 1900. He came to Iowa with his father, Gov. Robert Lucas, in 1838. Soon after the family reached this State he became a clerk in the store of Ezekiel Clark. Some time later he formed a partnership with Messrs. Clark and Crosthwaite and engaged in locating lands, paying taxes and general banking business. The firm afterwards consisted of Clark, Kirkwood and Lucas. Their business transactions were mainly at Des Moines, but for a time at Fort Dodge. At the outbreak of the Civil War he was commissioned Lieut.-Colonel of the 14th Iowa Infantry, with which command he served for something over a year. He was taken prisoner at Shiloh, April 6, 1862, and confined in Libby Prison until the following October. After he was exchanged he resigned to organize a cavalry regiment, which plan, however, he did not carry out, as orders were received from Washington that no more cavalry regiments were required. He was for something over two years postmaster at Iowa City under the Johnson administration. He served in the Nineteenth and Twentieth General Assemblies, where he was a leading and well-known member. He was one of the charter members of the Johnson County Agricultural Society and served as one of the directors for twenty-two years. He had filled many important places, always with credit to himself and to the satisfaction of his fellow citizens.

LUCRETIA MITCHELL TENBROECK was born in Portland, Maine, July 7, 1824; she died at the home of her son, Dr. E. L. Baker, at Indianola, Iowa, November 7, 1900. She was married May 10, 1843, to Nathaniel B. Baker, at Concord, New Hampshire, where her parents had settled some years before. Mr. Baker was then a rising young lawyer of that city. He soon entered upon a political career in which he was remarkably successful. His county sent him twice to the lower house of the State Legislature and at both sessions he was chosen speaker. In 1854 he received an almost unanimous vote for Governor of New Hampshire. In 1856 the family removed to Iowa and settled in Clinton. In 1859 he was chosen to the Iowa Legislature, where he was prominent and influential from the start. Upon the outbreak of the Civil War, Governor Kirkwood appointed him Adjutant General. In this position he won national fame. His death occurred in 1876. Throughout his life she was a quiet force assisting him in achieving name and renown. She was a devoted Christian mother, and the friend of the poor. Among the sincerest mourners who followed the saintly woman to the grave was an aged colored woman whom she had befriended in other days. She was buried in Greenwood Cemetery, Des Moines, by the side of her husband.

EBENEZER P. UPHAM died at his home in Jamestown, New York, December 31, 1900, at the age of seventy-three. The writer has no record of the date and place of his birth, though he had known him well nearly fifty

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