sugar industries, but frequently returned to Cedar Rapids continuing his interest as did his father during his life in the extension of religious education and the establishment of churches to which he contributed substantial sums.

ALICE SARAH TYLER, librarian, born in Decatur, Ill., April 27. 1859; died in Cleveland, Ohio, April 18, 1944. Though a resident of Iowa for only thirteen of her 85 years, she holds high place as promoter of the public library system and organizer of the state traveling libraries in the state, and placed the whole library movement American presidents, James Monroe and John Tyler, and she carried into her work in Iowa and Ohio a fine zeal born of best American traditions. She entered library work in her home town and graduated from the library course in Armour Institute in 1894. She became head of the catalogue division of the Cleveland Public library as its first trained library worker. In 1900 Iowa sent for her to become secretary of the newly formed State Library commission. She devoted herself to the encouragement and organizing libraries in the state, and placed the whole library movement on a high plane. Before the close of her service in Iowa she had started and greatly expanded the traveling library system. She was editor of the Iowa Library Quarterly and made it an effective instrument for library advancement. In 1913 she was appointed as dean of the Western Reserve library school, which position she held for sixteen years, retiring to be dean emeritus. She had been honored as president of the Cleveland Library club, of the League of Library Commissions, the Ohio Library association, and of the American Association of Library schools.

BYRON W. NEWBERRY, attorney and legislator, died March 17, 1944, at his home in Strawberry Point, Iowa; born September 1. 1853, in Brownhelm, Lorain county, Ohio, the son of Mr. and Mrs. James Newberry; coming to Iowa in 1855 with his parents who settled upon a farm near Strawberry Point in Clayton county and he has since been a citizen of that community; educated in the common schools, the Upper Iowa university and the University of Iowa, graduating from the law school of the latter in 1876, the following year opening a law office in Strawberry Point; married in 1905 at Ripon, Wisconsin, to Eva M. Buckley, who survives him; taught in rural schools of Clayton county; was a former mayor of his town, a member of the Clayton county board of education and a trustee of the Upper Iowa university for twenty-four years; served as state senator during seven regular and two extra sessions from 1904 to 1908 and 1917 to 1924; introduced the first pure food bill in 1906, the first pure paint bill in 1907 and the first pure seed and stock food measure; from 1907 to 1915 was a member of the Better Iowa Schools commission; and in 1927 was appointed a member of Copyright of Annals of Iowa is the property of State of Iowa, by & through the State Historical Society of Iowa and its content may not be copied or emailed to multiple sites or posted to a listsery without the copyright holder's express written permission. However, users may print, download, or email articles for individual use.