

was county physician several years and carried out several reforms in the treatment of the poor. He was elected to the Davenport City Council from his home ward in 1904 and in 1906 was elected councilman-at-large. In 1906 he was elected senator and served in the Thirty-second and Thirty-third general assemblies. He was a formidable candidate for the Democratic nomination for Congress from the Second District in 1910, when I. S. Pepper was first nominated.

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THOMAS E. FLEMING was born in Stranraer, Scotland, April 24, 1850, and died at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, April 20, 1917. Burial was at Manchester, Iowa. He came to America in 1868 and soon thereafter entered Lenox College at Hopkinton. He later attended Upper Iowa University at Fayette, receiving from it the degree of A. B. in 1879. In 1884 he received the degree of Ph. D. from Illinois Wesleyan University and in 1886 the honorary degree of D. D. from Iowa Wesleyan. He became an itinerant Methodist Episcopal minister in 1873 and remained in the active ministry until 1914. He served charges at Ridgeway, Lansing, Northwood, Nora Springs, Mitchell, Elkader, Waukon, Fayette, Davenport, Cedar Rapids, Eldora, and Maquoketa. He served nineteen years as presiding elder and district superintendent on the Davenport, Decorah, Dubuque, and Marshalltown districts. He was a delegate representing his conference in the general quadrennial conference of his church four different times and at Minneapolis in 1912 he was leader of his delegation and received a number of votes for bishop.

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WILLIAM C. BROWN was born at Waddington, St. Lawrence County, New York, April 21, 1859, and died at Des Moines, Iowa, May 12, 1917. The body was interred at Clarion, Iowa. He removed with his parents to Ogdensburg, New York, when an infant and his education was obtained in the public schools there. He removed to Eagle Grove, Iowa, in 1882 and entered the employ of the Northwestern Railway Company as a fireman. He became an engineer in 1884 and followed the vocation of engineer until 1892 when he resigned and moved to Clarion and engaged in real estate and insurance business. For five years he was secretary of the Wright County Agricultural Society. In 1898 he was elected a director in the State Agricultural Society. He served four years as vice president of that society. He was sheriff of Wright County from 1904 to 1909, and was president of the Iowa State Sheriffs' Association one year. In 1910 he was elected representative and served in the Thirty-fourth General Assembly. He was elected state treasurer in 1912 and was re-elected in 1914 and 1916, serving in that office until his death.

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C. S. LAKE was born at Mansfield, Ohio, February 14, 1840, and died at his home at Marion, Iowa, February 8, 1917. He came with his parents to Marion in 1853. At the opening of the Civil War he enlisted in Company B, First Iowa Volunteer Infantry, and when it was mustered out in August, 1861, re-enlisted in the Eighteenth Volunteer Infantry

but was soon transferred to the Twenty-second and later to the Twentieth Volunteer Infantry, becoming adjutant of the Twentieth. After the war he studied law with Rush Clark at Iowa City. In 1866 he removed to Marengo and engaged in the practice of law, being for a time in partnership with N. B. Holbrook. In 1870 he was elected county superintendent of schools for Iowa County. In 1872 he formed a partnership with J. N. W. Rumpel. In 1876 he removed to Des Moines. In 1884 he was appointed pension agent by President Cleveland for Iowa and Nebraska. In 1892 he removed to Burlington and became a partner of Judge Smyth. In 1894 he returned to Marengo, practicing law there until 1897, when he returned to Marion.

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ARCHIBALD C. WILSON was born at Warwick, Ontario, Canada, December 17, 1857, and died at Oelwein, Iowa, February 12, 1917. His education was obtained in common and high schools. He commenced clerking in a store at the age of sixteen and in a drug store at eighteen. In 1887 he removed to Oelwein and clerked in a drug store there. In 1890 he purchased an interest and in 1892 established a drug and book store of his own, which he continued to own and conduct through all his active life. He served as school director eight years. In 1903 he was elected senator from the Allamakee-Fayette district and served in the Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second and Thirty-second extra general assemblies. In 1913 he was appointed a member of the State Commission of Pharmacy and was reappointed in 1916, serving until the time of his death. In 1915 he was a member of the executive committee of the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy.

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WILLIAM H. TEDFORD was born in Blount County, Tennessee, November 8, 1844, and died at Corydon, Iowa, July 25, 1917. He came with his parents to Louisa County, Iowa, in 1851. In 1861 he enlisted in Company F, Eleventh Iowa Infantry, and served four years. After the war he attended Grand View Academy, at Grand View, Louisa County, for two years. He then spent two years at the State University of Iowa, and was graduated from the Law Department in 1869. That year he located at Corydon and engaged in the practice of law. From 1873 to 1879 he was the senior member of the firm of Tedford & Miles. For ten years, 1891 to 1901, he was a judge of the district court. From 1908 to 1911 he was the senior member of the firm of Tedford & Carter. As a lawyer he was successful, as a judge, able, and was a public speaker of power. He was a student of literature.

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WALLACE M. GREELEY was born in Orleans County, New York, March 15, 1840, and died at Ames, Iowa, February 15, 1917. He obtained a good education and taught school. He enlisted in the Union Army and became a captain. In 1866 he came to Iowa, locating on a farm one-half mile from Ames. In 1873 he removed to Ames and engaged in banking, which he followed the rest of his life. He helped to establish and build

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