he was a resident of Iowa he was frequently mentioned in connection with the positions of governor and United States senator, and was an influential factor in State politics. He collected a large library and many fine paintings, which he intended to donate to this State.

HENRY WARREN LATHROP was born in Hawley, Mass., Oct. 28, 1819; he died in Sioux Falls, S. D., Dec. 27, 1902. He was descended from Rev. John Lathrop, who came from England in 1634, landing at Plymouth. He first settled in Scituate, and afterwards removed to Barnstable. He had been educated at Queens college, England, becoming a preacher of the Established Church, from which he seceded and joined the Independents. He sometimes preached on the streets of London, for which he was arrested and imprisoned under Charles I. He remained in prison two years, when his wife was taken with a fatal illness, and soon died. He was permitted to see her, and after her death was given the alternative of returning to prison or leaving the kingdom. He chose the latter course and came to America. In the year 1821 the Lathrop family removed to Augusta, N. Y., where Henry W. was educated and grew to manhood. He spent a year in a classical school near Boston, after which he studied law and was admitted to the bar in Iowa City, in 1847. He afterwards resided near or in Iowa City until about a year ago, when he removed to South Dakota, to take up his residence with his daughter, his wife having died some years previously. Mr. Lathrop spent many years on his beautiful farm on the west bank of the Iowa river, opposite Iowa City. He was one of the official reporters of the Constitutional Convention of 1857, and had done a great deal of reporting in the legislature, and much editorial work aside from writing correspondence for leading newspapers in Chicago and Des Moines. He also contributed many articles to The Iowa Historical Record, and to the old Annals of Iowa. His chief work, however, was a "Life of Governor Kirkwood," which has found its way into many of the libraries of this State. Mr. Lathrop was deeply interested in Iowa history, to which he made valuable contributions. He was one of the most useful and distinguished members of the Iowa Horticultural Society, and the first treasurer of the State University, which office he held for seven years. His life was one of marked usefulness.

Francis Emerson Judd was born at Stansted, near Lake Memphremagog, Canada, April 19, 1827; he died in Portland, Oregon, Feb. 25, 1902. In his boyhood he attended Bishop Hopkins' school at Burlington, Vermont. He early chose the ministry of the Church of England as his profession, and was carefully educated therefor. He received the degree of M. A. from the University of Vermont in 1851; the same degree from Bishop's College, Lenoxville, P. Q., in 1855; and that of D. D. from Griswold College, Iowa, later. He was ordained deacon by the Bishop of Quebec in 1850, and priest by the Bishop of Montreal in 1852. His first parish and school were at St. Johns, Canada. Failing health compelled him to seek a change of climate, and he came to Iowa in 1856. His first charge in this State was at St. Michaels, Mt. Pleasant, where he began work in September, 1857. He was subsequently rector of Trinity Church, Davenport; principal of the Bishop Lee Seminary for young ladies at Dubuque; professor at Griswold College, Davenport; rector of Trinity Church, Iowa City; general missionary for the State; rector of St. Mark's Church, Brooklyn, and of St. Paul's Church, Marshalltown. His active work in Iowa extended over a period of more than forty years. Again failing health compelled him to seek a milder climate, and in the autumn of 1899 he went to Portland, Oregon. At the time of his death he was chaplain of the Bishop Scott Academy for boys, and of the Good Samaritan Hospital of that place. Many affectionate tributes were paid to his memory.

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