it for several years. He was appointed by Governor Cummins a member of his military staff in 1909, and was reappointed by each succeeding governor, including Governor Herring, remaining on the staff until his death. Both in the Spanish American War and in the World War he did patriotic duty on home committees. Politically he was Republican but his friends were of all parties. He loved the beauties of nature, loved his fellow men, and was loved by them in return.

Horace M. Rebok was born at Chippensburg, Pennslyvania, April 2, 1864, and died in Santa Monica, California, April 10, 1936. Burial was in Woodlawn Cemetery, Santa Monica. When he was in his teens his father, the Reverend Henry Rebok, a clergyman of the United Brethren Church, removed with his family to Toledo, Iowa, where Horace entered Western College, then located at Toledo. He went to Otterbein University, Westerville, Ohio, for the last two years of his liberal arts and was graduated from there. He taught school one year at Dysart, Iowa, then for five years was principal of the schools at Tama. President Cleveland appointed him agent of the Sac and Fox Indians located near Tama which position he had from October 1, 1894, to January 28, 1899. He won the friendship of the Indians and was successful in teaching them farming as practiced by modern methods, and interested them in schools and education. In addition to his work as Indian agent he edited the Tama County Democrat, published at Toledo. On finishing his work as Indian agent he removed to California, and took postgraduate work at Leland Stanford University. This he followed by becoming editor and publisher of The World Review, Chicago, an enterprise not proving profitable. After two years he returned to California and took a position as head of the oral expression department in Los Angeles High Schools, remaining there until 1907 when he became superintendent of schools at Santa While filling that position he was chosen president of the Southern California Schoolmasters' Club, president of the southern section of the California Teachers' Association, and was made a member of the State Council of Education. He led the campaign that brought a branch of the State University to Southern California. He won a high place in the educational field of the state.

George McCulloch was born at Benton, Holmes County, Ohio, October 24, 1848, and died in Humeston, Iowa, April 12, 1936. His parents were Joseph and Nancy (Miller) McCulloch. He was reared on his father's farm and acquired his early education in the schools near his place of birth. He removed to Iowa in 1870 and began the study of medicine with Dr. C. E. Rayburn of Brooklyn. In the fall of 1871 he entered Rush Medical College, Chicago, but soon thereafter the great Chicago fire destroyed the building of that college, and he left Chicago and entered the Medical Department of Michigan State

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