

his death. He was an active member of the Presbyterian church. Coming up from poverty by his own efforts he responded through life to generous support of the needy. He did much for the welfare of his city in the more than half century of his activity.

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TOM DEAN LONG was born at Sun Prairie, Wisconsin, December 4, 1861, and died in a hospital in Fort Dodge, Iowa, October 31, 1936. Burial was at Manson. His parents were Alonzo and Mary Dean Long. His father died in 1862, the mother remarried a few years later and the family removed to Calhoun County, Iowa, settling two miles south of Twin Lake. Tom received a common school education and in 1882 joined his brother, George I. Long, who owned an interest in the *Manson Journal*. Shortly after that the two brothers became sole owners and continued their partnership until the death of George I. in 1914. Since then Tom D. associated his daughter, Merian L., with him as Long & Long in the publication of the paper. When only twenty-seven years old he was elected a member of the Town Council, and served two terms. In 1894 he was elected mayor. In 1898 he was appointed postmaster, and was reappointed four years later, serving thirteen years. He was a member of the school board several years. In December, 1932, Governor Turner appointed him a member of the State Board of Conservation and he served from January 1, 1933, until in May, 1935, when that board was superseded by the Conservation Commission created a few weeks before by the Forty-sixth General Assembly. In 1933 Governor Herring appointed him relief director for his township. He was a member of the Methodist church and a trustee of the local church, past master of the local Masonic lodge, an active Republican, and a member of the Iowa Press Association. He was successful as a newspaper man. His editorial opinions partook of his positive personality, and were widely quoted. He was a lover of nature and an ardent conservationist.

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OLYNTUS B. CLARK was born near Bloomington, Illinois, January 30, 1864, and died in Kalamazoo, Michigan, September 8, 1936. Burial was at Eureka, Illinois. His parents were Abia and Ann (Joder) Clark. He received the degree of S. B. in 1896 and of A. M. in 1900 from Eureka College, Eureka, Illinois. He was a teacher in public schools of McLean County, Illinois, in 1896-97, and was professor of education and history in Eureka College in 1899-1904, was a student in Chicago University in 1900 and in 1903, and was professor of history in Drake University from 1904 to 1933. He received the degree of Ph. D. from Columbia University, New York, in 1911, and from Eureka College in 1926. He belonged to several historical associations, was the author of *Outlines of Civil Government of the United States*, 1907, of *The Politics of Iowa During the Civil War and Reconstruction*, 1911, and various historical monographs. He was the founder of the Iowa branch of the League of Nations Association, and was its president

from 1927 to 1929. He retired from active work in 1933 because of failing health and was living with a daughter in Kalamazoo. He was a member of the Church of Christ (Disciples), was popular with students and associates, and a success in his chosen profession.

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FRANCIS MARION HUNTER was born in a log cabin on a farm between Keosauqua and Mount Zion, Van Buren County, Iowa, March 25, 1858, and died in Ottumwa, Iowa, October 18, 1936. Burial was in the Ottumwa Cemetery. His parents were Joe and Mary (Trebilcock) Hunter. He attended country school near his home, and later public school in Keosauqua, also the Bloomfield Academy, and was graduated from the Law Department of the State University of Iowa in 1882. He went the same year to the law office of Leslie M. Shaw at Denison, but later in 1882 he located in Council Bluffs as a clerk of the Federal Court, and as United States Commissioner. He also served on the school board while living in Council Bluffs. In 1892 he removed to Ottumwa and engaged in the practice of law, being for several years in partnership with H. C. Jaques. In 1910 he was elected judge of the Second Judicial District and was three times re-elected, serving sixteen years. After leaving the bench he returned to private practice. Judge Hunter was noted for his interest in juvenile matters in the courts. He sought out many crippled children and had them sent to the State University Hospital for treatment. He was a man of admirable personal qualities.

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D. HARVEY SNOKE was born at Mowersville, Pennsylvania, November 5, 1863, and died in Davenport, Iowa, April 26, 1936. Burial was in the Wilton Cemetery. He received his early education at the place of his birth and later attended the Illinois Wesleyan University at Bloomington, the Lebanon Valley College at Annville, Pennsylvania, and the State University of Iowa. He was awarded a Ph. B. degree by Illinois Wesleyan University. He lived in the southern part of Cedar County several years, served as mayor of Durant, Cedar County, was elected as representative from Cedar County in 1893 and served in the Twenty-fifth General Assembly. In 1910 he removed to Davenport. He was an officer in the former People's Trust and Savings Bank of Davenport, and was affiliated with banks at Durant, Bennett, and Walcott, Iowa, and Vero Beach, Florida. He was active in Liberty Loan drives during the World War. He was a member of the Scott County Bar Association, Modern Woodmen, and Knights of Pythias.

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JOHN M. BIXLER was born on a farm near Brooks, Adams County, Iowa, December 23, 1867, and died at his home in Douglas Township, Adams County, May 26, 1936. Burial was at Nodaway, Adams County. His parents were John and Savilla Markley Bixler. He grew up at the farm home, attended public country school and began teaching in country schools when quite young. He attended Western Normal School

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